

NEW ISSUE

**Federal Tax Exemption**

*In the opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation, under existing statutes and court decisions and assuming continuing compliance with certain tax covenants described herein, (i) interest on the 2005 Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), except that no opinion is expressed as to such exclusion of interest on any 2005 Bond for any period during which such 2005 Bond is held by a person who, within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code, is a "substantial user" of the facilities financed with the proceeds of the 2005 Bonds or a "related person," and (ii) interest on the 2005 Bonds is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals and corporations under the Code; such interest, however, is included in the adjusted current earnings of certain corporations for purposes of calculating the alternative minimum tax imposed on such corporations.*

**State Tax Exemption**

*In the opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation, under existing statutes, interest on the 2005 Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York). See "TAX MATTERS" herein.*

**\$74,800,000**

**NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION  
Multi-Family Rental Housing Revenue Bonds (90 Washington Street), 2005 Series A**

**Dated: Date of Delivery**

**Price 100%**

**Due: February 15, 2035**

The 2005 Bonds will be issued in book-entry form only, in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). The 2005 Bonds will be issued as fully registered bonds in the initial denomination of \$25,000 and any integral multiple thereof. Interest on and principal of the 2005 Bonds will be payable by the Trustee to Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC. Purchasers of the 2005 Bonds will not receive physical delivery of bond certificates. The 2005 Bonds will not be transferable or exchangeable, except for transfer to another nominee of DTC or otherwise as described herein. The Bank of New York, located in New York, New York is the Trustee with respect to the 2005 Bonds.

The 2005 Bonds relate to a project located at 90 Washington Street in the Borough of Manhattan, New York (the "Project"). The Project is owned by JDM Washington Street LLC, a New York limited liability company (the "Mortgagor") and was originally financed with bonds issued by the New York City Housing Development Corporation. The 2005 Bonds are being issued to finance a Mortgage Loan to the Mortgagor in order to refinance the Project.

Payment of principal of and interest on the 2005 Bonds will be secured, to the extent described herein, by certain revenues and assets pledged under the Resolution pursuant to which the 2005 Bonds are being issued, all as described herein. The principal of, interest on and Purchase Price of the 2005 Bonds are payable from funds advanced under a Direct Pay Credit Enhancement Instrument issued by



The Credit Enhancement Instrument will terminate on February 20, 2035, unless earlier terminated. Fannie Mae's obligations to make advances to the Trustee upon the proper presentation of documents which conform to the terms and conditions of the Credit Enhancement Instrument are absolute, unconditional and irrevocable.

The 2005 Bonds are subject to optional and mandatory redemption at the times and in the events set forth in the Resolution and described herein.

The 2005 Bonds will bear interest from their date of issue for the initial period set forth on the inside cover of this Official Statement at the rate set forth in a certificate of the Corporation delivered on the date of issuance of the 2005 Bonds and thereafter at the ARS Rate determined pursuant to the Auction Procedures (as hereinafter defined), unless the method for determining the interest rate on the 2005 Bonds is changed to a different method or the interest rate is converted to a fixed rate to maturity. Interest on the 2005 Bonds bearing interest at the ARS Rate will be payable on the fifteenth day of each month, commencing on the fifteenth day of February, 2005.

The 2005 Bonds will be subject to mandatory tender for purchase upon a change in the method of determining the interest rate for the 2005 Bonds or upon provision of an Alternate Security for the then-existing Credit Facility. The 2005 Bonds will also be subject to mandatory tender for purchase in other circumstances (as well as redemption prior to maturity) as described herein.

This Official Statement in general describes the 2005 Bonds only while the 2005 Bonds bear interest at the ARS Rate.

**The 2005 Bonds are special obligations of the New York City Housing Development Corporation, a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York. The 2005 Bonds are not a debt of the State of New York or The City of New York and neither the State nor the City shall be liable thereon, nor shall the 2005 Bonds be payable out of any funds of the Corporation other than those of the Corporation pledged therefor. The Corporation has no taxing power.**

FANNIE MAE'S OBLIGATIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE 2005 BONDS ARE SOLELY AS PROVIDED IN THE CREDIT ENHANCEMENT INSTRUMENT. THE OBLIGATIONS OF FANNIE MAE UNDER THE CREDIT ENHANCEMENT INSTRUMENT WILL BE OBLIGATIONS SOLELY OF FANNIE MAE, A FEDERALLY CHARTERED STOCKHOLDER-OWNED CORPORATION, AND WILL NOT BE BACKED BY THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. THE 2005 BONDS ARE NOT A DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA OR ANY OTHER AGENCY OR INSTRUMENTALITY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA OR OF FANNIE MAE. THE 2005 BONDS ARE NOT GUARANTEED BY THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

*The 2005 Bonds are offered when, as and if issued and received by the Underwriter and subject to the unqualified approval of legality by Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, New York, New York, Bond Counsel to the Corporation. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Corporation by its General Counsel. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Fannie Mae by its Office of General Counsel and by its Special Counsel, O'Melveny & Myers LLP, New York, New York. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Mortgagor by its Counsel, Swidler Berlin LLP, New York, New York. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Underwriter by its Counsel, Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, New York, New York. It is expected that the 2005 Bonds will be available for delivery in New York, New York on or about January 31, 2005.*

**Merrill Lynch & Co.**

Dated: January 21, 2005

**\$74,800,000**

**NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION  
Multi-Family Rental Housing Revenue Bonds (90 Washington Street), 2005 Series A**

**Initially Issued as Auction Rate Securities**

Maturity Date:	February 15, 2035
Last Day of Initial Period:	February 14, 2005
First Auction Date:	February 14, 2005
First Interest Payment Date:	February 15, 2005
Initial Auction Period:	Monthly
Auction Day:	The last Business Day immediately preceding each 15th calendar day of the month

A Holder who desires to sell the 2005 Bonds on an Auction Date may be required to continue to hold such 2005 Bonds after such Auction Date if sufficient Bids to purchase such 2005 Bonds are not received, in which case the Auction Rate will be the Maximum ARS Rate, as defined in Appendix D. Furthermore, there may be circumstances where the Auction Procedures are discontinued or the Broker-Dealer may suspend its participation in an auction, increasing the risk that a Holder may be required to continue to hold the 2005 Bonds. None of the Corporation, Fannie Mae, the Broker-Dealer or the Auction Agent has any obligation (i) to purchase the 2005 Bonds that a Holder wishes to sell on an Auction Date or (ii) to purchase any 2005 Bond the Holder has tendered for purchase on a mandatory tender date in connection with a change in Mode. The Bank of New York will initially be the Auction Agent and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated will initially be the Broker-Dealer. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS – Determination of Interest Rates on 2005 Bonds – *Special Considerations Relating to the 2005 Bonds Bearing Interest at ARS Rates.*"

This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the 2005 Bonds to any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized by the New York City Housing Development Corporation or the Underwriter to give any information or to make any representations other than as contained in this Official Statement. If given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing.

The information set forth herein has been obtained from the New York City Housing Development Corporation, Fannie Mae, the Mortgagor (in the case of information contained herein relating to the Mortgagor, the Mortgage Loan and the Project), and other sources which are believed to be reliable. Such information herein is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness, and is not to be construed as a representation by any of such sources as to information from any other source. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall under any circumstances create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the New York City Housing Development Corporation, Fannie Mae or the Mortgagor, since the date hereof.

**Fannie Mae has not provided or approved any information in this Official Statement except with respect to the description under the heading "FANNIE MAE," takes no responsibility for any other information contained in this Official Statement, and makes no representation as to the contents of this Official Statement. Without limiting the foregoing, Fannie Mae makes no representation as to the suitability of the 2005 Bonds for any investor, the feasibility or performance of the Project, or compliance with any securities, tax or other laws or regulations. Fannie Mae's role with respect to the 2005 Bonds is limited to delivering the Credit Enhancement Instrument described herein to the Trustee.**

IN CONNECTION WITH THIS OFFERING, THE UNDERWRITER MAY OVER-ALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS WHICH STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICE OF THE 2005 BONDS AT A LEVEL ABOVE THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME. THE UNDERWRITER MAY OFFER AND SELL THE 2005 BONDS TO CERTAIN DEALERS AND DEALER BANKS AND OTHERS AT A PRICE LOWER THAN THE PUBLIC OFFERING PRICE STATED ON THE COVER PAGE HEREOF AND SAID PUBLIC OFFERING PRICE MAY BE CHANGED FROM TIME TO TIME BY THE UNDERWRITER.

THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION, NOR HAS THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

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## **NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION**

**\$74,800,000**

### **Multi-Family Rental Housing Revenue Bonds (90 Washington Street), 2005 Series A**

This Official Statement (including the cover page and appendices) provides certain information concerning the New York City Housing Development Corporation (the "Corporation") in connection with the sale of \$74,800,000 aggregate principal amount of Multi-Family Rental Housing Revenue Bonds (90 Washington Street), 2005 Series A (the "2005 Bonds").

The 2005 Bonds are to be issued in accordance with the New York City Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law, constituting Chapter 44-b of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York, as amended (the "Act"), and pursuant to a resolution entitled "Multi-Family Rental Housing Revenue Bonds (90 Washington Street) Bond Resolution" adopted by the Members of the Corporation on January 21, 2005. Such resolution, as amended and supplemented from time to time, is herein referred to as the "Resolution." Pursuant to the Resolution, bonds issued thereunder are equally and ratably secured by the pledges and covenants contained therein and all such bonds, including the 2005 Bonds, are herein referred to as the "Bonds." The Bank of New York located in New York, New York, will act as trustee for the 2005 Bonds (with its successors, the "Trustee"). Certain defined terms used herein are set forth in Appendix A hereto.

## **INTRODUCTION**

The Corporation, which commenced operations in 1972, is a corporate governmental agency constituting a public benefit corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York (the "State"). The Corporation was created by the Act for the purpose of providing and encouraging the investment of private capital in safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations in the City of New York either within the financial reach of families and persons of low income, which includes families and persons whose need for housing accommodations cannot be provided by the ordinary operations of private enterprise, or in areas designated as blighted through the provision of low interest mortgage loans. The Act provides that the Corporation and its corporate existence shall continue at least so long as bonds, notes or other obligations of the Corporation shall be outstanding.

The Bonds relate to a project located on 90 Washington Street in the Borough of Manhattan, New York (the "Project") which was originally financed with bonds of the Corporation. The Project is owned by JDM Washington Street LLC, a New York limited liability company (the "Mortgagor"). See "THE PROJECT AND THE MORTGAGOR." The 2005 Bonds are being issued to finance a mortgage loan (the "Mortgage Loan") to the Mortgagor to refinance the Project. See "ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS" herein.

Concurrently with, and as a condition precedent to, the issuance of the 2005 Bonds, the Corporation will cause to be delivered to the Trustee an irrevocable, direct-pay credit enhancement instrument, dated the date of issuance of the 2005 Bonds, executed and delivered by Fannie Mae (the "Credit Enhancement Instrument"). Fannie Mae will advance funds under the Credit Enhancement Instrument to the Trustee with respect to the payment of: (i) the principal of the 2005 Bonds when due by reason of acceleration, redemption, defeasance or stated maturity and (ii) up to 35 days' interest thereon (computed at the Maximum Rate) to pay the interest on the 2005 Bonds when due on or prior to their stated maturity date. Fannie Mae will also advance funds under the Credit Enhancement Instrument to the Trustee up to the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds and interest thereon (computed at the Maximum Rate) for up to 35 days in order to pay the Purchase Price of 2005 Bonds tendered following an Event of Termination. The Credit Enhancement Instrument will expire on February 20, 2035, unless terminated earlier in accordance with its terms, as described herein. The Credit Enhancement Instrument constitutes a "Credit Facility" and the "Initial Credit Facility" under the Resolution and Fannie Mae constitutes a "Credit Facility Provider" and the "Initial Credit Facility Provider" under the Resolution.

The Mortgage Loan is to be evidenced by a mortgage note (as the same may be amended and supplemented, "the Mortgage Note") and secured by a mortgage on the Project (as the same may be amended and supplemented, the "Mortgage"). The Mortgage Note and Mortgage are to be assigned by the Corporation to the

Trustee and Fannie Mae, as their interests may appear, subject to the reservation by the Corporation of certain rights. The Trustee will assign the mortgage rights assigned to it to Fannie Mae but will retain the right to receive payments relating to the Principal Reserve Fund deposits subject to Fannie Mae's right to direct the Trustee to assign its entire interest in the Mortgage Loan to Fannie Mae. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS."

The 2005 Bonds are special obligations of the Corporation payable solely from payments under the Mortgage Loan and other Revenues pledged therefor under the Resolution, including any investment earnings thereon, all as provided in accordance with the terms of the Resolution. In addition the 2005 Bonds are payable from advances under the Credit Enhancement Instrument or any Alternate Security. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS."

The Mortgagor will enter into a Reimbursement Agreement (the "Reimbursement Agreement") with Fannie Mae pursuant to which the Mortgagor will agree to reimburse Fannie Mae for any payments made by Fannie Mae under the Credit Enhancement Instrument. The Reimbursement Agreement includes as an event of default thereunder a default under any Borrower Document. Upon an event of default under the Reimbursement Agreement, Fannie Mae, at its option, may direct the mandatory tender or mandatory redemption of all or a portion of the 2005 Bonds. See "SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE REIMBURSEMENT AGREEMENT – Events of Default" and "– Remedies," "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS – Redemption of 2005 Bonds - Mandatory – Mandatory Redemption Following an Event of Termination" and "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS – Mandatory Tender of the 2005 Bonds – Credit Facility Provider's Right To Cause a Mandatory Tender for Purchase of 2005 Bonds Upon an Event of Termination."

The 2005 Bonds are being issued as variable rate obligations which will bear interest from their date of issue for the initial period set forth on the inside cover of this Official Statement at the rate set forth in a certificate of the Corporation delivered on the date of issuance of the 2005 Bonds and thereafter at the applicable ARS Rate determined pursuant to the Auction Procedures (as hereinafter defined). The 2005 Bonds may be converted at the option of the Mortgagor with the consent of the Credit Facility Provider, subject to certain restrictions, to bonds that bear interest at different rates including Weekly Rates, Term Rates or Fixed Rates. The 2005 Bonds are subject to a maximum interest rate of twelve percent (12%) per annum, subject to adjustment in accordance with the Resolution.

The 2005 Bonds are also subject to mandatory tender for purchase and are subject to optional and mandatory redemption as set forth in the Resolution and described herein. Payment of the Purchase Price of tendered 2005 Bonds following an Event of Termination shall be paid with amounts provided pursuant to the Credit Enhancement Instrument. As more fully described herein, the loss of exclusion of interest on the 2005 Bonds from gross income for Federal income tax purposes would not, in and of itself, result in a mandatory tender or redemption of the 2005 Bonds.

This Official Statement in general describes the 2005 Bonds only while the 2005 Bonds bear interest at the ARS Rate.

**The 2005 Bonds are not a debt of the State of New York or The City of New York and neither the State nor the City shall be liable thereon, nor shall the 2005 Bonds be payable out of any funds of the Corporation other than those of the Corporation pledged therefor. The Corporation has no taxing power.**

FANNIE MAE'S OBLIGATIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE 2005 BONDS ARE SOLELY AS PROVIDED IN THE CREDIT ENHANCEMENT INSTRUMENT. THE OBLIGATIONS OF FANNIE MAE UNDER THE CREDIT ENHANCEMENT INSTRUMENT WILL BE OBLIGATIONS SOLELY OF FANNIE MAE, A FEDERALLY CHARTERED STOCKHOLDER-OWNED CORPORATION, AND WILL NOT BE BACKED BY THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. THE 2005 BONDS ARE NOT A DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA OR ANY OTHER AGENCY OR INSTRUMENTALITY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA OR OF FANNIE MAE. THE 2005 BONDS ARE NOT GUARANTEED BY THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Descriptions of the 2005 Bonds and sources of payment, the Corporation, Fannie Mae, the Mortgagor, the Project, the Mortgage Loan, the Credit Enhancement Instrument, the Resolution, the Reimbursement Agreement and certain related agreements are included in this Official Statement. All summaries or descriptions herein of

documents and agreements are qualified in their entirety by reference to such documents and agreements and all summaries herein of the 2005 Bonds are qualified in their entirety by reference to the Resolution and the provisions with respect thereto included in the aforesaid documents and agreements. Copies of the Resolution are available for inspection at the office of the Corporation. The Corporation has covenanted in the Resolution to provide a copy of each annual report of the Corporation (and certain special reports, if any) and any Accountant's Certificate relating thereto to each Bond owner who shall have filed such owner's name and address with the Corporation for such purposes. See "SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE RESOLUTION – Accounts and Reports" herein. Other than as so covenanted in the Resolution, the Corporation has not committed to provide any information on an ongoing basis to any repository or other entity or person. The Mortgagor is expected to execute a continuing disclosure agreement satisfactory to the Corporation and the Underwriter in connection with the issuance of the 2005 Bonds.

## **THE CORPORATION**

### **Purposes and Powers**

The Corporation, which commenced operations in 1972, is a corporate governmental agency constituting a public benefit corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State, created for the purposes of providing, and encouraging the investment of private capital in, safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations in New York City for families and persons of low income, which include families and persons whose need for housing accommodations cannot be provided by the ordinary operations of private enterprise, or in areas designated as blighted through the provision of low interest mortgage loans. Powers granted the Corporation under the Act include the power to issue bonds, notes and other obligations to obtain funds to carry out its corporate purposes, and to refund the same; to acquire, hold and dispose of real and personal property; to make mortgage loans to specified private entities; to purchase loans from lending institutions; to make loans insured or co-insured by the Federal government for new construction and rehabilitation of multiple dwellings; to make and to contract for the making of loans for the purpose of financing the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of multi-family housing accommodations; to acquire and to contract to acquire any Federally-guaranteed security evidencing indebtedness on a mortgage securing a loan; to acquire mortgages from The City of New York (the "City"), obtain Federal insurance thereon and either sell such insured mortgages or issue its obligations secured by said insured mortgages and to pay the net proceeds of such sale of mortgages or issuance of obligations to the City; and to do any and all things necessary or convenient to carry out its purposes. The Act further provides that the Corporation and its corporate existence shall continue at least so long as its bonds, including the 2005 Bonds, notes, or other obligations are outstanding.

The sale of the 2005 Bonds and the terms of such sale are subject to the approval of the Comptroller of the City. The Corporation is a "covered organization" as such term is defined in the New York State Financial Emergency Act for The City of New York, as amended, and the issuance of the 2005 Bonds is subject to the review of the New York State Financial Control Board for The City of New York.

For a description of the bond, mortgage loan, loan and servicing activities of the Corporation, see "Appendix B - Activities of the Corporation."

### **Organization and Membership**

The Corporation, pursuant to the Act, consists of the Commissioner of The City of New York Department of Housing Preservation and Development ("HPD") (who is designated as Chairperson of the Corporation pursuant to the Act), the Commissioner of Finance of the City and the Director of Management and Budget of the City (such officials to serve ex-officio), and four (4) public members, two (2) appointed by the Mayor of the City (the "Mayor") and two (2) appointed by the Governor of the State. The Act provides that the powers of the Corporation shall be vested in and exercised by not less than four (4) members. The Corporation may delegate to one or more of its members, officers, agents or employees such powers and duties as it deems proper.

## Members

**SHAUN DONOVAN**, Chairperson and Member ex-officio. Mr. Donovan was appointed Commissioner of HPD by Mayor Michael R. Bloomberg, effective March 29, 2004. Prior to becoming Commissioner, Mr. Donovan was a Managing Director at Prudential Mortgage Capital Company. Before Prudential, Commissioner Donovan was a visiting scholar at New York University where he studied Federally-assisted and Mitchell-Lama housing in New York City. He has held several positions at the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development including Acting Federal Housing Commissioner and Deputy Assistant Secretary for Multifamily Housing. Mr. Donovan received his Bachelor of Arts degree from Harvard University and has a Master in Public Administration degree from Harvard's John F. Kennedy School of Government and a Master in Architecture degree from Harvard Graduate School of Design.

**PETER J. MADONIA**, Vice-Chairperson and Member, term expires December 31, 2005. Mr. Madonia was appointed Chief of Staff to Mayor Michael R. Bloomberg on January 1, 2002. Prior to his appointment as the Mayor's Chief of Staff, Mr. Madonia served as First Deputy Commissioner of the New York City Fire Department, Deputy Commissioner for Budget and Operations at the New York City Department of Buildings, and Executive Assistant to the New York City Deputy Mayor for Operations. Mr. Madonia received a Bachelor of Arts degree from Fordham University, where he taught as an Adjunct Professor for Urban Studies, and a Master in Urban Studies degree from the University of Chicago.

**MARK PAGE**, Member ex-officio. Mr. Page was appointed New York City Budget Director in January, 2002. Mr. Page was previously employed in the New York City Office of Management and Budget from 1978 to 2001, where he served as Deputy Director/General Counsel since 1982. Mr. Page is a graduate of Harvard University and the New York University School of Law.

**MARTHA E. STARK**, Member ex-officio. Ms. Stark was appointed New York City Commissioner of Finance by Mayor Michael R. Bloomberg on February 11, 2002. From 1990 to 1993, Ms. Stark held several senior management positions in the Department of Finance, including Acting Director of the Conciliations Bureau and Assistant Commissioner. She served as a White House Fellow in the U.S. Department of State in 1993 to 1994, and later became Director and Deputy Counsel for Policy and Development in the Manhattan Borough President's Office. Ms. Stark consulted on a Brookings Institution report on the District of Columbia's fiscal health and co-authored a study for the New York University School of Law that analyzed the high cost of building and renovating housing in New York City. Prior to her appointment, Ms. Stark was a Portfolio Manager at the Edna McConnell Clark Foundation. She also taught budget and finance courses at Hunter College and business law at Baruch College. Born in the Brownsville section of Brooklyn, Ms. Stark attended Brooklyn Technical High School, earned an A.A.S. degree from New York City Community College, a B.A. degree from New York University, where she captained the varsity basketball team, and a law degree from New York University School of Law.

**HARRY E. GOULD, JR.**, Member, serving pursuant to law. Mr. Gould is Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of Gould Paper Corporation, the largest privately owned independent distributor of printing paper in the United States. He was Chairman and President of Cinema Group, Inc., a major independent film financing and production company, from 1982 to May 1986, and is currently Chairman and President of Signature Communications Ltd., a new company that is active in the same field. He is a Life Member of the Executive Branch of the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences. He was a member of the Board of Directors of Domtar, Inc., the largest Canadian manufacturer of packaging and fine paper from 1995 to 2003. He is a member of the Board of Directors of the USO of Metropolitan New York. He was a member of the Board of Trustees of the American Management Association from 1996 to 1999. He was a member of Colgate University's Board of Trustees from 1976 to 1982. He was Vice Chairman of the President's Export Council, was a member of the Executive Committee and was Chairman of the Export Expansion Subcommittee from 1977 to 1980. He was a National Trustee of the National Symphony Orchestra, Washington, D.C., also serving as a member of its Executive Committee from 1977 to 1999. He was a member of the Board of United Cerebral Palsy Research and Educational Foundation, and the National Multiple Sclerosis Society of New York from 1972 to 1999. He was a Trustee of the Riverdale Country School from 1990 to 1999.

**CHARLES G. MOERDLER**, Member, serving pursuant to law. Mr. Moerdler is a partner in the law firm of Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP. Prior to joining his law firm in 1967, Mr. Moerdler was Commissioner of Buildings for The City of New York from 1966 to 1967, and previously worked with the law firm of Cravath, Swaine & Moore. Mr. Moerdler has served as a member of the Committee on Character and Fitness of Applicants to the Bar of the State of New York, Appellate Division, First Department since 1977 and as a member of the Mayor's Committee on Judiciary since 1994. He has also served on the Editorial Board of the New York Law Journal since 1986. Mr. Moerdler held a number of public service positions, including Chairman of The New York State Insurance Fund from 1995 to March 1997, Commissioner and Vice Chairman of The New York State Insurance Fund from 1978 to 1994, Consultant to the Mayor of The City of New York on Housing, Urban Development and Real Estate from 1967 to 1973, Member of the Advisory Board on Fair Campaign Practices, New York State Board of Elections in 1974, Member of the New York City Air Pollution Control Board from 1966 to 1967 and Special Counsel to the New York State Assembly, Committee on Judiciary in 1961 and Committee on The City of New York in 1960. Mr. Moerdler also serves as a Trustee of St. Barnabas Hospital and served on the Board of Overseers of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America. He served as a Trustee of Long Island University from 1985 to 1991 and on the Advisory Board of the School of International Affairs, Columbia University from 1976 to 1979. Mr. Moerdler is a graduate of Long Island University and Fordham Law School, where he was an Associate Editor of the Fordham Law Review.

**MICHAEL W. KELLY**, Member, serving pursuant to law. Mr. Kelly is the managing partner of the Flying Point Group LLC which is a structured financial products and asset management company. Prior to that, Mr. Kelly was Managing Director of Ambac Capital Corporation and oversaw all of the non-insurance businesses. Prior to his employment at Ambac Capital Corporation, Mr. Kelly was a Managing Director in charge of the municipal derivatives business at Smith Barney. He began his career in 1979 as an attorney at Seward & Kissel. He received his Bachelor of Arts degree from Georgetown University and J.D. from Fordham University Law School.

#### Principal Officers

**SHAUN DONOVAN**, Chairperson.

**PETER J. MADONIA**, Vice Chairperson.

**EMILY A. YOUSSEUF**, President. Ms. Yousseuf was appointed President of the Corporation on November 3, 2003. Prior to joining the Corporation, Ms. Yousseuf was the President of Natlis Settlements, LLC, a specialty finance company. Before joining Natlis Settlements, LLC, Ms. Yousseuf held various senior positions at Credit Suisse First Boston, Prudential Securities and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith, Incorporated. During her tenure at Merrill Lynch, Ms. Yousseuf was a Managing Director in the Housing Finance Department responsible for securing and syndicating mortgage-and asset-backed securities. Ms. Yousseuf was also Vice President of Tax-Exempt Housing Finance for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, where she specialized in tax-exempt bond finance in both multi- and single-family housing. She also developed Standard & Poor's rating criteria for Section 8 Housing Bonds and for single-family Mortgage Revenue Bonds. Ms. Yousseuf is a graduate of Wagner College and holds an M.A. degree in Urban Affairs and Policy Analysis from the New School for Social Research.

**CAROL S. KOSTIK**, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. Ms. Kostik was appointed Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation effective February 17, 2004 and Senior Vice President on April 15, 2004. Prior to joining the Corporation, Ms. Kostik was Chief Financial Officer of the Nassau County Interim Finance Authority ("NIFA"), a State authority created in June 2000 in response to Nassau County's fiscal distress. At NIFA, she was responsible for initiating and overseeing all aspects of financial management, including internal and external reporting, investments, and internal controls. Ms. Kostik also managed development of NIFA's bond structure and issuance of over \$2.0 billion of bonds and notes. Previously, she was a Vice President in Merrill Lynch & Company's public finance department. She began her career at New York City's Department of Housing Preservation and Development in the leveraged loan area. Ms. Kostik holds a B.A. in Political Economy from Williams College, a Diploma in Real Estate

Analysis and Appraisal from New York University's Real Estate Institute, and an M.B.A. degree from Stanford University's Graduate School of Business.

**JOHN A. CROTTY**, Executive Vice President and Chief of Staff. Mr. Crotty was appointed Executive Vice President and Chief of Staff of the Corporation on April 15, 2004. Prior to joining the Corporation, Mr. Crotty was Director of City Legislative Affairs for the Mayor of New York City where he directed a staff responsible for preparing the Mayor's legislative agenda in the City Council. Prior to joining the Mayor's Office, Mr. Crotty was a Manager of Corporate Development at Verizon. Mr. Crotty has also held several positions at PaineWebber. Mr. Crotty is a graduate of the University of Rochester and has his M.B.A. from Columbia Business School.

**RICHARD M. FROEHLICH**, Senior Vice President and General Counsel. Mr. Froehlich, an attorney and member of the New York State Bar, was appointed Senior Vice President and General Counsel of the Corporation effective November 17, 2003. Prior to joining the Corporation, he was Counsel at the law firm of O'Melveny & Myers LLP in its New York City office, where Mr. Froehlich's practice focused on real estate and public finance with a particular emphasis on affordable housing. From 1993 to 1998, Mr. Froehlich was an Assistant Counsel at the New York State Housing Finance Agency. Upon graduation from law school, he practiced law at the New York City office of Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom. Mr. Froehlich received his B.A. degree from Columbia College, Columbia University and his J.D. from Columbia University School of Law. Mr. Froehlich is on the board of directors of New Destiny Housing Corp., a New York non-profit corporation.

**TERESA GIGLIELLO**, Senior Vice President-Portfolio Management. Ms. Gigliello was appointed a Senior Vice President of the Corporation on August 3, 1998. Prior to such appointment, Ms. Gigliello held the position of Director of Audit. She began her career with the Corporation in 1985 as an accountant and served as the Corporation's Internal Auditor from 1986 until her appointment as Director of Audit in 1995. Ms. Gigliello received a Bachelor of Science from St. John's University.

**JOY F. WILLIG**, Deputy General Counsel and Secretary. Ms. Willig, an attorney and member of the New York Bar, joined the Corporation in August 1998, and was appointed as Deputy General Counsel and Assistant Secretary in September 1998. She was designated to serve as Secretary in May 2000. Prior to joining the Corporation, she was Associate Counsel at the New York State Housing Finance Agency, was associated with a law firm in New York City and clerked in the United States District Court, Southern District of New York. Ms. Willig received a Bachelor of Science degree from Cornell University and her J.D. from Cardozo School of Law.

#### Recent Developments

The United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York (the "U.S. Attorney") and The City of New York Department of Investigation ("DOI") have been jointly investigating, among other things, alleged misuse of corporate funds by certain former officers of the Corporation (the "Investigation"). As a result of the Investigation, on March 13, 2003, Russell A. Harding, President of the Corporation from June 1998 to February 2002, was indicted on Federal felony charges for participating with others in a scheme to defraud the Corporation of hundreds of thousand of dollars. Mr. Harding has entered a plea of not guilty to the charges against him. On May 5, 2003, Luke Cusack, Senior Vice President for Administration of the Corporation from June 1998 to March 2002, pled guilty to participating in a scheme to defraud the Corporation of hundreds of thousands of dollars, a Federal felony.

During the course of the Investigation, the Corporation retained a private law firm to review the controls and financial procedures in place at the Corporation, and recommend enhancements to those procedures to safeguard the Corporation's assets. As a result of the recommendations, on March 18, 2003, the Corporation adopted certain policy and procedural changes designed to assure oversight of the expenditures of the Corporation which have been implemented. In addition, the Corporation entered into a memorandum of understanding with DOI dated March 6, 2003, which was ratified by the Board on March 18, 2003, pursuant to which any allegation of corruption must be referred to DOI.

While the Corporation can give no assurance as to the future course or the ultimate outcome of the Investigation, the Corporation does not believe that the aforementioned indictment or plea, or the results of the Investigation will adversely affect the operations of the Corporation, or the pledge, collection or application of any moneys or security provided for the payment of the Bonds (including the 2005 Bonds).

## **THE MORTGAGE LOAN AND OTHER FINANCING**

The Resolution authorizes the Corporation to issue the 2005 Bonds to provide moneys to finance the Mortgage Loan for the purpose of refinancing the Project. The Corporation and the Mortgagor will enter into a financing agreement (as the same may be amended or supplemented, the "Loan Agreement"), simultaneously with the issuance of the 2005 Bonds. The Mortgage Loan is to be evidenced by the Mortgage Note, which will be (i) in an amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of the 2005 Bonds, (ii) executed by the Mortgagor in favor of the Corporation and (iii) secured by the Mortgage on the Project. Pursuant to the terms of the Resolution and the Assignment and Agreement by and among the Corporation, the Trustee and Fannie Mae and acknowledged by the Mortgagor (the "Assignment"), the Corporation will assign and deliver to Fannie Mae and the Trustee, as their interests may appear, subject to the reservation of certain rights by the Corporation, all of its right, title and interest in and to the Mortgage Loan and the Mortgage Documents. Fannie Mae has the right under the Assignment to direct the Trustee to assign the Mortgage Note and the Mortgage to Fannie Mae in certain events.

The ability of the Mortgagor to pay its Mortgage Loan is dependent on the revenues derived from the Project. Due to the inherent uncertainty of future events and conditions, including, without limitation, general interest rate levels, no assurance can be given that revenues generated by the Project will be sufficient to pay debt service on the Mortgage Loan, operating expenses of the Project, fees due to Fannie Mae, Broker-Dealer fees, Trustee, Auction Agent and Tender Agent fees, and fees owed to the Corporation. The ability of the Mortgagor to generate sufficient revenues will be affected by a variety of factors including, but not limited to, the maintenance of a sufficient level of occupancy, the level of rents prevailing in the market, the ability to achieve increases in rents to cover increases in debt service and operating expenses, the level of operating expenses, Project management, adverse changes in applicable laws and regulations, and general economic conditions and other factors in the metropolitan area surrounding the Project. In addition to these factors, other adverse events may occur from time to time which may have a negative impact on the occupancy level and rental income of the Project.

Failure of the Mortgagor to make payments when due under the Mortgage Loan will result in an event of default under the Mortgage Loan and the Reimbursement Agreement and may, at the option of the Credit Facility Provider, result in a mandatory tender or redemption of all or a portion of the 2005 Bonds. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS – Mandatory Tender of the 2005 Bonds – Credit Facility Provider's Right to Cause a Mandatory Tender for Purchase of 2005 Bonds Upon an Event of Termination" and "– Redemption of 2005 Bonds - Mandatory – Mandatory Redemption Following an Event of Termination" herein. See also "SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE REIMBURSEMENT AGREEMENT" herein.

The Mortgage Loan is a non-recourse obligation of the Mortgagor with respect to which its members have no personal liability and as to which its members have not pledged for the benefit of the Bondholders any of their respective assets, other than the Project and its rents, profits and proceeds.

Simultaneously with the issuance of the 2005 Bonds, Fannie Mae is expected to finance a subordinate loan to the Mortgagor in an amount not expected to exceed \$7,700,000 (the "Taxable Loan"), the proceeds of which will be used to redeem all of the Corporation's Outstanding Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds (90 Washington Street), 2003 Series B (Federally Taxable) and pay certain other costs. The Taxable Loan will be secured by a mortgage on the Project which is subordinate to the Mortgage. No bonds are being issued by the Corporation to finance the Taxable Loan and neither the Corporation, the Trustee nor the Bondholders will have any interest in the Taxable Loan. In addition, the Mortgagor, with the consent of Fannie Mae and the Corporation, may incur other subordinate indebtedness secured by a mortgage on the Project subordinate to the Mortgage. An event of default under the documents relating to the Taxable Loan and an event of default under the documents relating to such additional subordinate indebtedness is an event of default under the Reimbursement Agreement. An event of default under the Reimbursement Agreement may, at the option of the Credit Facility Provider, result in a mandatory tender or redemption of all of the 2005 Bonds. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS - Mandatory Tender of the

2005 Bonds - Credit Facility Provider's Right to Cause a Mandatory Tender for Purchase of 2005 Bonds Upon an Event of Termination” and “- Redemption of 2005 Bonds - Mandatory - Mandatory Redemption Following an Event of Termination” in the Official Statement.

## **THE PROJECT AND THE MORTGAGOR**

The following information has been provided by the Mortgagor for use herein. While the information is believed to be reliable, neither the Corporation, Fannie Mae, the Underwriter nor any of their respective counsel, members, directors, officers or employees makes any representations as to the accuracy or sufficiency of such information.

### The Project

The 2005 Bonds are being issued to finance a Mortgage Loan to the Mortgagor for the purposes of refinancing the Project and paying certain other costs related thereto. The Project consists of a 27-story building containing a total of 398 residential units (30 one-bedroom units (13 of which contain home offices) and 368 studios (81 of which contain home offices), including one studio occupied by the superintendent of the building) located on a ground leasehold estate located at 90 Washington Street, New York, New York. In addition to the residential units, the Project contains approximately 900 square feet of retail space, a 9,039 square foot accessory parking garage, laundry facilities on every floor, and a 2,700 square foot fitness center and recreation room with an outdoor terrace for exclusive use of all the residents. The Mortgagor obtained a twelve-year phased exemption and a fourteen-year phased abatement from real estate taxes for the Project in accordance with Section 421-g of the Real Property Tax Law of the State of New York, which provides a tax exemption and a tax abatement benefit for the conversion of non-residential buildings located in the area of the Project, to residential buildings. Pursuant to Section 421-g, all residential units in the Project are required to be subject to rent regulation for the duration of the benefit period in accordance with the New York City Rent Stabilization Code. The Project is currently managed by Residential Management Group, LLC d/b/a Douglas Elliman Property Management (the “Management Agent”). The Management Agent is located in New York City where it provides marketing, maintenance, administrative, asset management and accounting services for over 50,000 apartment units in and around the New York City metropolitan area.

Construction of the Project was completed and initial occupancy of the Project commenced in October, 2003. Since June, 2004, the date on which full occupancy was achieved for the residential portion of the Project, approximately 98% of the apartments of the Project have been occupied. Since March, 2004, the operating income from the Project has been sufficient to pay the operating expenses of the Project and debt service on the bonds issued to finance the Project. No assurance can be given, however, that the Project will continue to generate sufficient revenues to pay debt service and operating expenses of the Project. The ability of the Mortgagor to pay its Mortgage Loan is dependent on the revenues derived from the Project. See “THE MORTGAGE LOAN AND OTHER FINANCING” herein.

In April, 2003, during the course of construction of the Project, an explosion occurred that resulted in the fatality of a workman and injuries to others working at the site. Lawsuits instituted to date against the Mortgagor and/or the Project arising out of the explosion are being defended by the Mortgagor’s insurance carrier and to date the carrier has not disclaimed liability. The Mortgagor believes that any suits, claims, actions or proceedings previously instituted or which may hereafter be instituted against the Mortgagor or the Project arising out of, or in connection with, the explosion should be covered by insurance.

## The Mortgagor

The Mortgagor is a single purpose New York limited liability company formed in 2002 for the purposes of acquiring, renovating, and operating the Project. The Mortgagor is not engaged in any business operations and has no material assets other than its interest in the Project. Accordingly, it is expected that the Mortgagor will not have any sources of funds to make payments on the Mortgage Loan other than revenues generated by the Project. The managing member of the Mortgagor is Joseph Moinian. The other member of the Mortgagor is David Moinian. Mr. Joseph Moinian is the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer of The Moinian Group. Mr. Joseph Moinian has more than twenty years of real estate experience and is responsible for overseeing all aspects of the development and financing of The Moinian Group's real estate projects in the New York City market. The Moinian Group manages various entities controlled by Mr. Moinian, and those entities own 50 commercial, residential, retail and hotel properties throughout the United States and abroad, the majority of which are located in Manhattan. Since 1995, The Moinian Group has renovated over 4 million square feet of office and residential projects in New York City.

## **FANNIE MAE**

Fannie Mae is a federally chartered and stockholder owned corporation organized and existing under the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act, 12 U.S.C. 1716 et seq. It is the largest investor in home mortgage loans in the United States with a net portfolio of \$891.2 billion of mortgage loans as of June 30, 2004. Fannie Mae was originally established in 1938 as a United States government agency to provide supplemental liquidity to the mortgage market and became a stockholder owned and privately managed corporation by legislation enacted in 1968.

Fannie Mae purchases, sells, and otherwise deals in mortgages in the secondary market rather than as a primary lender. It does not make direct mortgage loans but acquires mortgage loans originated by others. In addition, Fannie Mae issues mortgage backed securities ("MBS"), primarily in exchange for pools of mortgage loans from lenders. Fannie Mae receives guaranty fees for its guarantee of timely payment of principal of and interest on MBS certificates.

Fannie Mae is subject to regulation by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") and the Director of the independent Office of Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight within HUD ("OFHEO"). Approval of the Secretary of Treasury is required for Fannie Mae's issuance of its debt obligations and MBS. The President of the United States may appoint five members of Fannie Mae's Board of Directors, and the other thirteen are elected by the holders of Fannie Mae's common stock. Since May 25, 2004, the date of Fannie Mae's most recent annual shareholder's meeting, the President has declined to exercise his authority to appoint directors, and those five Board positions will remain open unless and until the President names new appointees

The securities of Fannie Mae are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

Information on Fannie Mae and its financial condition is contained in Fannie Mae's most current annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K that are filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "S.E.C."). The S.E.C. filings are available at the S.E.C.'s website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). The periodic reports filed by Fannie Mae with the S.E.C. are also available on Fannie Mae's web site at <http://www.fanniemae.com/ir/sec>.

On December 21, 2004, Fannie Mae's Board of Directors ("Board") announced the retirement of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Franklin D. Raines and the resignation of Vice Chairman and Chief Financial Officer J. Timothy Howard. A member of Fannie Mae's Board, Stephen B. Ashley, will become the non-executive chairman of the Board, Vice Chairman and Chief Operating Officer Daniel H. Mudd will serve as interim chief executive officer, and Executive Vice President Robert Levin will serve as interim chief financial officer. The Board further announced that the audit committee of the Board dismissed KPMG LLP as the company's independent auditors. On January 4, 2005, the Audit Committee of Fannie Mae's Board approved the engagement of Deloitte & Touche LLP

as Fannie Mae's independent auditors, effective upon completion of Deloitte & Touche's customary client acceptance procedures and execution of an engagement letter. Deloitte & Touche will serve as the company's auditors for each of the fiscal years 2001, 2002, 2003 and 2004.

On December 21, 2004, OFHEO issued a letter (the "Letter") to Fannie Mae's Board stating that Fannie Mae was significantly undercapitalized at September 30, 2004. In accordance with the provisions of the Federal Housing Enterprise Financial Safety and Soundness Act of 1992, Fannie Mae must submit a capital restoration plan proposal to OFHEO for review and approval, and Fannie Mae is prohibited from making any capital distribution that would result in Fannie Mae being reclassified as critically undercapitalized. In addition, even if a capital distribution would not cause the company to become critically undercapitalized, Fannie Mae is prohibited from making the capital distribution unless OFHEO provides prior approval of the distribution after it finds that the distribution (i) will enhance the ability of the company to meet its capital requirements promptly; (ii) will contribute to long term safety and soundness; or (iii) is otherwise in the public interest. The Letter further states that the reclassification to significantly undercapitalized may lead to structural changes, restrictions on growth as well as OFHEO directives to terminate or modify any business activities that pose excessive risk. On January 18, 2005, Fannie Mae's Board decided to reduce the first quarter 2005 dividend on Fannie Mae's common stock by 50 percent in order to accelerate an increase in Fannie Mae's capital.

On December 15, 2004, the Office of the Chief Accountant of the S.E.C. issued a statement (the "Statement") regarding a review of certain accounting issues relating to Fannie Mae, including determinations by the S.E.C. that Fannie Mae should (i) restate its financial statements to eliminate the use of hedge accounting under Financial Accounting Standard No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* ("FAS 133"), (ii) evaluate the accounting under Financial Accounting Standard No. 91, *Accounting for Nonrefundable Fees and Costs Associated with Originating or Acquiring Loans and Initial Direct Costs of Leases* ("FAS 91") and restate its financial statements filed with the S.E.C. if the amounts required for correction are material, and (iii) re-evaluate the information prepared under generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and non-GAAP information that Fannie Mae previously provided to investors. On December 16, 2004, Fannie Mae filed a Current Report on Form 8-K with the S.E.C. that includes a copy of the Statement.

As a result of the SEC's findings, Fannie Mae will restate its financial results from 2001 through June 30, 2004 to comply fully with the SEC's determination. In a Form 12b-25 filed with the SEC on November 15, 2004, Fannie Mae estimated that a loss of hedge accounting under FAS 133 for all derivatives could result in its recording into earnings a net cumulative loss on derivative transactions of approximately \$9.0 billion as of September 30, 2004. Fannie Mae also stated that there would be a corresponding decrease to retained earnings and, accordingly, regulatory capital. Fannie Mae is working to determine the effect of the restatement, including the effect on each prior reporting period. Fannie Mae expects that the impact will be material to its reported GAAP and core business results for many, if not all, periods and will vary substantially from period to period based on the amount and types of derivatives held and fluctuations in interest rates and volatility. Fannie Mae's restated financial statements also will reflect corrections as a result of Fannie Mae's misapplication of FAS 91 for each prior reporting period described above. Fannie Mae also will consider the impact, if any, of the SEC's decision on FAS 91 for periods prior to those described above.

Accordingly, on December 17, 2004, the Audit Committee of Fannie Mae's Board concluded that its previously filed interim and audited financial statements and the independent auditors' reports thereon for the periods from January 2001 through the second quarter of 2004 should no longer be relied upon because such financial statements were prepared applying accounting practices that did not comply with GAAP. Fannie Mae has not yet filed its quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004. The financial information regarding Fannie Mae's anticipated results of operations for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 that was contained in its Form 12b-25 filed on November 15, 2004 and in a Form 8-K filed on November 16, 2004 was prepared applying the same policies and practices, and should also not be relied upon. The Audit Committee has discussed the matters described above and in a Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 22, 2004 with KPMG LLP, Fannie Mae's independent auditor through December 21, 2004.

On September 20, 2004, OFHEO delivered its report to Fannie Mae's Board of its findings to date of the agency's special examination. Among other matters, the OFHEO report raises a number of questions and concerns about Fannie Mae's accounting policies and practices with respect to FAS 91 and FAS 133.

Form 8-K's that Fannie Mae files with the S.E.C. on or prior to the date of this Official Statement are incorporated herein by reference.

Fannie Mae makes no representation as to the contents of this Official Statement, the suitability of the 2005 Bonds for any investor, the feasibility or performance of the Project, or compliance with any securities, tax or other laws or regulations. Fannie Mae's role with respect to the 2005 Bonds is limited to issuing and discharging its obligations under the Credit Enhancement Instrument and exercising the rights reserved to it in the Resolution and the Reimbursement Agreement.

## **DESCRIPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS**

*This Official Statement in general describes the 2005 Bonds only while the 2005 Bonds bear interest at an ARS Rate.*

### General

The 2005 Bonds are to be dated and will mature as set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement and will be issued as fully registered bonds without coupons. The 2005 Bonds will be issued in denominations of \$25,000 and any integral multiple thereof. The 2005 Bonds will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC, pursuant to DTC's Book-Entry Only System. Purchases of beneficial interests in the 2005 Bonds will be made in book-entry form, without certificates. If at any time the Book-Entry Only System is discontinued for the 2005 Bonds, the 2005 Bonds will be exchangeable for other fully registered certificated 2005 Bonds of the same series in any authorized denominations, maturity and interest rate. See "Book-Entry Only System" herein. The Trustee may impose a charge sufficient to reimburse the Mortgagor or the Trustee for any tax, fee or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such exchange or any transfer of a 2005 Bond. The cost, if any, of preparing each new 2005 Bond issued upon such exchange or transfer, and any other expenses of the Mortgagor or the Trustee incurred in connection therewith, will be paid by the person requesting such exchange or transfer.

Interest on the 2005 Bonds will be payable by check mailed to the registered owners thereof. However, interest on the 2005 Bonds will be paid to any owner of \$1,000,000 or more in aggregate principal amount of the 2005 Bonds by wire transfer to a wire transfer address within the continental United States upon the written request of such owner received by the Trustee not less than five days prior to the Record Date. As long as the 2005 Bonds are registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC, such payments will be made directly to DTC. See "Book-Entry Only System" herein.

The 2005 Bonds will bear interest for an initial period described on the inside cover page of this Official Statement, and thereafter will bear interest at the ARS Rate determined as described herein. The 2005 Bonds are subject to conversion to alternate methods of determining interest rates thereon from time to time and to conversion to an interest rate fixed to maturity upon the terms and conditions described herein.

### Book-Entry Only System

The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), will act as securities depository for the 2005 Bonds. The 2005 Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered 2005 Bond certificate will be issued for the 2005 Bonds, in the aggregate principal amount of the 2005 Bonds, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds securities that its participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among

Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of Direct Participants of DTC and Members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, also subsidiaries of DTCC, as well as by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). The DTC Rules applicable to Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Purchases of 2005 Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for such 2005 Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each 2005 Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase, but Beneficial Owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the 2005 Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the 2005 Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the 2005 Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all 2005 Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of 2005 Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the 2005 Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such 2005 Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of 2005 Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the 2005 Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the 2005 Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of 2005 Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the 2005 Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the 2005 Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such 2005 Bonds to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the 2005 Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Corporation as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the 2005 Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest payments on the 2005 Bonds will be made to Cede & Co. or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts, upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Corporation or Trustee on the payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant

and not of DTC, the Trustee, or the Corporation, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Corporation or the Trustee, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the 2005 Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Corporation or the Trustee. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, such 2005 Bond certificates are required, pursuant to the Resolution, to be printed and delivered. The Corporation may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, 2005 Bond certificates will be printed and delivered.

**The above information concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the Corporation believes to be reliable, but the Corporation does not take responsibility for the accuracy thereof. The Beneficial Owners should confirm the foregoing information with DTC or the Direct Participants or Indirect Participants.**

So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of 2005 Bonds, as nominee for DTC, references herein to Bond owners or registered owners of the 2005 Bonds (other than under the caption "TAX MATTERS") shall mean Cede & Co., as aforesaid, and shall not mean the Beneficial Owners of the 2005 Bonds.

When reference is made to any action which is required or permitted to be taken by the Beneficial Owners, such reference shall only relate to those permitted to act (by statute, regulation or otherwise) on behalf of such Beneficial Owners for such purposes. When notices are given, they shall be sent by the Trustee to DTC only.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Resolution to the contrary, so long as any 2005 Bond is held in book-entry form, such 2005 Bond need not be delivered in connection with any mandatory tender of 2005 Bonds described under "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS." In such case, payment of the Purchase Price in connection with such tender shall be made to the registered owner of such 2005 Bonds on the date designated for such payment, without further action by the Beneficial Owner who delivered notice, and, notwithstanding the description of mandatory tender of 2005 Bonds contained under "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS," transfer of beneficial ownership shall be made in accordance with the procedures of DTC.

NEITHER THE CORPORATION NOR THE TRUSTEE WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO DIRECT PARTICIPANTS, TO INDIRECT PARTICIPANTS, OR TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WITH RESPECT TO (i) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC, ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT, OR ANY INDIRECT PARTICIPANT; (ii) ANY NOTICE THAT IS PERMITTED OR REQUIRED TO BE GIVEN TO THE OWNERS OF THE 2005 BONDS UNDER THE RESOLUTION; (iii) THE SELECTION BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY PERSON TO RECEIVE PAYMENT IN THE EVENT OF A PARTIAL REDEMPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS; (iv) THE PAYMENT BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY AMOUNT WITH RESPECT TO THE PRINCIPAL OR REDEMPTION PREMIUM, IF ANY, OR INTEREST DUE WITH RESPECT TO THE 2005 BONDS; (v) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY DTC AS THE OWNER OF THE 2005 BONDS; OR (vi) ANY OTHER MATTER.

## Determination of Interest Rates on 2005 Bonds

### ARS Rate

The 2005 Bonds will bear interest from their date of delivery for the initial period set forth on the inside front cover of this Official Statement at the rate set forth in a certificate of the Corporation delivered on the date of issuance of the 2005 Bonds. Thereafter the 2005 Bonds will bear interest at the ARS Rate determined pursuant to the Auction Procedures for monthly Auction Periods but can be converted to a seven-day or Special Auction Period. A Special Auction Period is any period which begins on the Business Day immediately succeeding the last day of the prior Auction Period and ends not later than the final maturity of such 2005 Bonds. The 2005 Bonds are subject to conversion to alternate methods of determining interest rates thereon from time to time and to conversion to an interest rate fixed to maturity upon the terms and conditions described herein. Interest on the 2005 Bonds in a seven-day, monthly or a Special Auction Period of 180 days or less will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year for the actual number of days elapsed. Interest on the 2005 Bonds in a Special Auction Period of more than 180 days will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months. See “Appendix D – ARS PROVISIONS.”

“ARS Rate” means, while the 2005 Bonds bear interest at an ARS Rate, the rate of interest to be borne by the 2005 Bonds during each Auction Period which (other than for the initial period set forth on the inside cover of this Official Statement) will equal the Auction Rate for each Auction Period; provided, however, that, if the Auction Agent fails to calculate or, for any reason, fails to provide the Auction Rate for any Auction Period, (a) if the preceding Auction Period was a period of 35 days or less, the new Auction Period will be the same as the preceding Auction Period and the ARS Rate for the new Auction Period will be the same as the ARS Rate for the preceding Auction Period, and (b) if the preceding Auction Period was a period of greater than 35 days, the preceding Auction Period will be extended to the seventh day following the day that would have been the last day of such Auction Period had it not been extended (or if such seventh day is not followed by a Business Day then to the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day) and the ARS Rate in effect for the preceding Auction Period will continue in effect for the Auction Period as so extended, and, in the event the Auction Period is extended as set forth in clause (b) an Auction will be held on the last Business Day of the Auction Period as so extended to take effect for an Auction Period beginning on the Business Day immediately following the last day of the Auction Period as extended which Auction Period will end on the date it would otherwise have ended on had the prior Auction Period not been extended; provided, further, in the event of a failed conversion from an ARS Rate to a Term Rate, a Weekly Rate, or a Fixed Rate or the failed conversion from one Auction Period to another Auction Period, the affected 2005 Bonds, if such 2005 Bonds are in a seven-day Auction Period, will remain in a seven-day Auction Period and bear interest at the Maximum ARS Rate. If such 2005 Bonds are in a monthly or Special Auction Period, the affected 2005 Bonds will convert to a seven-day Special Auction Period and bear interest at the Maximum ARS Rate. The seven-day Special Auction Period following a failed conversion from a monthly Auction Period or a Special Auction Period will be followed by a Special Auction Period which will end on the next day which is the next fourteenth calendar day of a month, or if such date is not followed by a Business Day, the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day. In the event that there is a failure to pay principal or interest on any 2005 Bond, the Auctions will be suspended and the ARS Rate for the next succeeding Auction Period will be the Default Rate.

“Maximum Rate” means 12% or such higher rate, not to exceed 15%, as may be established in accordance with the provisions of the Resolution.

“Interest Payment Date” while the 2005 Bonds bear interest at the ARS Rate, means the 15th calendar day of each month commencing on the 15th day of February 2005 and if such 15th day of the month is not a Business Day the next succeeding day which is a Business Day; provided however, if the 2005 Bonds are in a seven-day Auction Period, other than a seven-day Special Auction Period as a result of a failed conversion, then “Interest Payment Date” means the Business Day immediately following each Auction Period and provided further that, if the 2005 Bonds are in a Special Auction Period of more than 180 days, then “Interest Payment Date” means each February 15 and August 15, and if such February 15 or August 15 is not a Business Day the next succeeding day which is a Business Day, commencing on the February 15 or August 15 occurring at least 30 days following the commencement of the Special Auction Period. Any Change Date and the final maturity date of the 2005 Bonds are also Interest Payment Dates.

“Auction Date” means the last Business Day of an Auction Period (whether or not an Auction is conducted on such date) which is followed by another Auction Period.

“Auction Period” means:

- (a) a Special Auction Period;
- (b) with respect to ARS Bonds in a seven-day Auction Period and with Auctions generally conducted on (i) Fridays, a period of generally seven days beginning on a Monday (or the day following the last day of the prior Auction Period if the prior Auction Period does not end on a Sunday) and ending on the Sunday thereafter (unless such Sunday is not followed by a Business Day, in which case on the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day), (ii) Mondays, a period of generally seven days beginning on a Tuesday (or the day following the last day of the prior Auction Period if the prior Auction Period does not end on a Monday) and ending on the Monday thereafter (unless such Monday is not followed by a Business Day, in which case on the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day), (iii) Tuesdays, a period of generally seven days beginning on a Wednesday (or the day following the last day of the prior Auction Period if the prior Auction Period does not end on a Tuesday) and ending on the Tuesday thereafter (unless such Tuesday is not followed by a Business Day, in which case on the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day), (iv) Wednesdays, a period of generally seven days beginning on a Thursday (or the day following the last day of the prior Auction Period if the prior Auction Period does not end on a Wednesday) and ending on the Wednesday thereafter (unless such Wednesday is not followed by a Business Day, in which case on the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day), and (v) Thursdays, a period of generally seven days beginning on a Friday (or the day following the last day of the prior Auction Period if the prior Auction Period does not end on a Thursday) and ending on the Thursday thereafter (unless such Thursday is not followed by a Business Day, in which case on the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day); and
- (c) with respect to ARS Bonds in a monthly Auction Period the period from, and including, an Interest Payment Date to, but excluding, the next succeeding Interest Payment Date.

Interest on the 2005 Bonds shall be payable February 15, 2005, on each Interest Payment Date thereafter, on any Change Date and on the maturity date of the 2005 Bonds. Other than with respect to interest payable on the maturity date of the 2005 Bonds, if the date for payment of interest on the 2005 Bonds is a day other than a Business Day, then payment will be made on the next succeeding Business Day and interest will accrue to but not including such next succeeding Business Day. With respect to interest payable on the maturity date of the 2005 Bonds, if the maturity date is a day other than a Business Day, then payment will be made on the next succeeding Business Day with the same force and effect as if made on the date originally fixed for payment, and in the case of such payment no interest shall accrue for the period from the date originally fixed for payment to such next succeeding Business Day.

The 2005 Bonds shall bear interest at the ARS Rate determined in accordance with the Resolution, during the period from the date of initial issuance and delivery of the 2005 Bonds to the earlier of the first Interest Method Change Date or the final maturity or redemption in whole of the 2005 Bonds, and during any subsequent period from and after any date designated by the Mortgagor, with the prior written consent of the Credit Facility Provider, for a change of the interest rate on the 2005 Bonds to the ARS Rate until the earlier of the next succeeding Interest Method Change Date or the final maturity or redemption in whole of the 2005 Bonds, such 2005 Bonds shall bear interest at the ARS Rate determined in accordance with the Resolution.

#### Auction Agent

The Trustee will enter into the Auction Agreement initially with The Bank of New York, pursuant to which, The Bank of New York, as Agent for the Trustee, shall perform the duties of Auction Agent. The Auction Agreement will provide, among other things, that the Auction Agent will determine the Auction Rate for each Auction in accordance with the Auction Procedures.

### Auction Date

An Auction to determine the interest rate with respect to the 2005 Bonds for the next succeeding Auction Period will be held on the last Business Day of the Auction Period which is followed by another Auction Period. The first Auction for the 2005 Bonds is set forth in the inside front cover of this Official Statement.

### Order by Existing Owners and Potential Owners

The procedure for submitting orders prior to the Submission Deadline on each Auction Date is described in Appendix D, as are the particulars with regard to the determination of the Auction Rate and the allocation of the 2005 Bonds bearing interest at ARS Rates (collectively, the “Auction Procedures”).

### Amendment of Resolution, Including Auction Procedures

The provisions of the Resolution concerning the Auction Procedures (including without limitation the definitions of All Hold Rate, Default Rate, Maximum ARS Rate, Maximum Rate, ARS Index, ARS Multiple, Interest Payment Date, ARS Rate) may be amended by obtaining the consent of the Credit Facility Provider and the owners of all the 2005 Bonds affected by the amendment. All owners will be deemed to have consented to any such amendment or to any other amendment of the Resolution requiring their consent if on the first Auction Date occurring at least 20 days after the Auction Agent mailed notice to such owners (i) the ARS Rate determined for such date is the Winning Bid Rate and (ii) there is delivered to the Mortgagor, the Corporation, the Credit Facility Provider and the Trustee an opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that such amendment shall not adversely affect the validity of the 2005 Bonds or any exemption from Federal income tax to which the interest on such 2005 Bonds would otherwise be entitled. See “SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE RESOLUTION – Supplemental Resolutions.”

### Conversion from One Auction Period to Another

On the conversion date for the 2005 Bonds from one Auction Period to another, the 2005 Bonds which are not the subject of a specific Hold Order or Bid will be deemed to be subject to a Sell Order. In the event of a failed conversion to another Auction Period due to the lack of Sufficient Clearing Bids, if such 2005 Bonds are in a seven-day Auction Period, the ARS Rate for the next Auction Period will be the Maximum ARS Rate and the Auction Period will be a seven-day Auction Period and if such 2005 Bonds are in a monthly Auction Period or a Special Auction Period the next Auction Period will be a seven-day Special Auction Period and the ARS Rate for such seven-day Special Auction Period will be the Maximum ARS Rate. The seven-day Special Auction Period following a failed conversion from a monthly Auction Period or a Special Auction Period will be followed by a Special Auction Period which shall end on the next day which is the next fourteenth calendar day of a month or, if such day is not followed by a Business Day, then on the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day. In connection with a conversion from one Auction Period to another, written notice of such conversion will be given in accordance with the Auction Procedures; however, the 2005 Bonds to be converted will not be subject to mandatory tender on such conversion date. It is a condition to converting to a Special Auction Period of more than 180 days that the Credit Enhancement Instrument be amended to reflect the change in the Interest Requirement.

### Special Considerations Relating to the 2005 Bonds Bearing Interest at ARS Rates

The Resolution and the Auction Agreement provide that the Auction Agent may resign from its duties as Auction Agent by giving at least 90 days’ notice or 30 days’ notice if it has not been paid, to the Mortgagor, the Credit Facility Provider, the Servicer and the Trustee and does not require, as a condition to the effectiveness of such resignation, that a replacement Auction Agent be in place if its fee has not been paid. The Broker-Dealer Agreement provides that the Broker-Dealer thereunder may resign upon thirty days’ notice or may suspend its obligations immediately under certain circumstances, and does not require, as a condition to the effectiveness of such resignation or suspension, that a replacement Broker-Dealer be in place. For any Auction Period during which there is no duly appointed Auction Agent, or during which there is no duly appointed Broker-Dealer or the Broker-Dealer has suspended its obligations, it will not be possible to hold Auctions, with the result that the interest rate on the 2005 Bonds will be determined as set forth in the definition of “ARS Rate” above.

The Broker-Dealer Agreement will provide that a Broker-Dealer may submit an Order in Auctions for its own account. In the Broker-Dealer Agreement, Broker-Dealers will agree to handle customer orders in accordance with their respective duties under applicable securities laws and rules.

Any Broker-Dealer submitting an Order for its own account in any Auction could have an advantage over other Potential Holders in that it would have knowledge of other Orders placed through it in that Auction. A Broker-Dealer would not, however, have knowledge of Orders submitted by other Broker-Dealers, if any. As a result of bidding by a Broker-Dealer in an Auction, the Auction Rate may be higher or lower than the rate that would have prevailed had the Broker-Dealer not bid. A Broker-Dealer may also bid in an Auction in order to prevent what would otherwise be (a) a failed Auction or (b) the implementation of an Auction Rate that the Broker-Dealer believes, in its sole judgment, does not reflect the market for such securities at the time of the Auction. A Broker-Dealer may also encourage additional or revised investor bidding in order to prevent an “all-hold” Auction.

During an ARS Rate Period a beneficial owner of a 2005 Bond may sell, transfer or dispose of a 2005 Bond only pursuant to a Bid or Sell Order in accordance with the Auction Procedures (see “Appendix D- ARS PROVISIONS”) or through a Broker-Dealer. The ability to sell a 2005 Bond in an Auction may be adversely affected if there are not sufficient buyers willing to purchase all the 2005 Bonds at a rate equal to or less than the Maximum ARS Rate. Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated has advised the Mortgagor that it intends to make a market in the 2005 Bonds between Auctions; however, Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated is not obligated to make such markets, and no assurance can be given that secondary markets therefor will develop. A Broker-Dealer, as owner of a 2005 Bond, may, in its own discretion decide to sell the ARS Bonds in the secondary market to investors at any time and at any price, including at prices equivalent to, below or above the par value of the Auction Rate Bonds.

Changes to the Auction Periods and Auction Dates do not require the amendment of the Auction Procedures or any consents.

#### SEC Review of Auction Rate Securities Markets

Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated has advised the Corporation that it and certain other participants in the auction rate securities markets, including both taxable and tax-exempt markets, have received letters from the Securities and Exchange Commission requesting that they voluntarily conduct a review regarding their practices and procedures in those markets. Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated is cooperating fully with the SEC in this process. No assurance can be given as to whether the results of this process will affect the market for the 2005 Bonds or the Auctions therefor.

#### Changing Method of Interest Rate Determination on the 2005 Bonds

At the option of the Mortgagor with the consent of the Credit Facility Provider and the Servicer, the 2005 Bonds may be converted to bear interest at a Weekly Rate, a Term Rate or a Fixed Rate. No change in the method of determining the interest rate on the 2005 Bonds shall be made unless the Trustee has received, at least thirty (30) days prior to the Change Date, (1) a Certificate of an Authorized Officer of the Mortgagor specifying (i) the date which is to be the Interest Method Change Date and (ii) the method of determining the interest rate which shall take effect on such date, (2) an opinion of Bond Counsel addressed to the Corporation, the Trustee and the Credit Facility Provider to the effect that the proposed change in the method of determining the interest rate on the 2005 Bonds is consistent with the provisions of the Resolution and will not adversely affect the exclusion of the interest on the 2005 Bonds from gross income for Federal income tax purposes, and (3)(i) permission from Bond Counsel, the opinion of which as to the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on the 2005 Bonds is on file with the Trustee, to deliver such opinion in connection with the 2005 Bonds, or (ii) an opinion from Bond Counsel addressed to the Corporation, the Trustee and the Credit Facility Provider as described in the Resolution to the effect that the interest on the 2005 Bonds is not included in gross income for Federal income tax purposes.

If the Credit Facility Provider notifies the Corporation and the Trustee that certain events have occurred and are continuing under the Reimbursement Agreement, then the Credit Facility Provider may exercise all rights of the Mortgagor with respect to an Interest Method Change Date and the Mortgagor may not exercise such rights

unless and until the Trustee and the Corporation are notified that such events of default are cured or waived or the Credit Facility Provider otherwise consents.

#### Mandatory Purchase of 2005 Bonds on Interest Method Change Date

The 2005 Bonds shall be subject to mandatory tender for purchase on any Interest Method Change Date at the Purchase Price. The Trustee shall deliver, or mail by first class mail to the Broker-Dealer and Auction Agent and to the owner of each 2005 Bond to which such notice relates, at its address shown on the registration books of the Corporation held by the Trustee, a notice not later than the fifteenth (15th) day prior to the Interest Method Change Date. Any notice given in such manner shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the owner receives such notice. Such notice shall set forth, in substance, the Interest Method Change Date and reason therefor, that all owners of 2005 Bonds shall be deemed to have tendered their 2005 Bonds for purchase on the Interest Method Change Date, and the Purchase Price for such 2005 Bonds.

Owners of 2005 Bonds shall be required to tender their 2005 Bonds to the Tender Agent for purchase at the Purchase Price on the Interest Method Change Date with an appropriate endorsement for transfer to the Tender Agent, or accompanied by a bond power endorsed in blank. Any Undelivered 2005 Bonds for which there has been irrevocably deposited in trust with the Trustee or Tender Agent an amount of moneys sufficient to pay the Purchase Price of such Undelivered 2005 Bonds shall be deemed to have been purchased at the Purchase Price on the Interest Method Change Date. IN THE EVENT OF A FAILURE BY AN OWNER OF AFFECTED 2005 BONDS TO DELIVER ITS AFFECTED 2005 BONDS ON OR PRIOR TO THE INTEREST METHOD CHANGE DATE, SAID OWNER SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO ANY PAYMENT (INCLUDING ANY INTEREST TO ACCRUE SUBSEQUENT TO THE INTEREST METHOD CHANGE DATE) OTHER THAN THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR SUCH UNDELIVERED 2005 BONDS, AND ANY UNDELIVERED 2005 BONDS SHALL NO LONGER BE ENTITLED TO THE BENEFITS OF THE RESOLUTION, EXCEPT FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE THEREFOR.

#### *Provisions Affecting 2005 Bonds if a Change of Method of Determining the Interest Rate Cannot be Effected*

The principal portion of the purchase price of the 2005 Bonds so tendered is payable solely from the proceeds of the remarketing of such 2005 Bonds. If (a) a notice of Interest Method Change Date has been given in accordance with the Resolution and (b) the conditions precedent to an Interest Method Change Date set forth in the Resolution have not been satisfied, including the failure to remarket all 2005 Bonds on a mandatory tender date, then (i) the new interest mode shall not take effect, (ii) the 2005 Bonds will not be subject to mandatory tender and will be returned to their owners, and (iii) if such 2005 Bonds are in a seven-day Auction Period, the ARS Rate for the next Auction Period will be the Maximum ARS Rate and the Auction Period will be a seven-day Auction Period and if such 2005 Bonds are in a monthly Auction Period or a Special Auction Period the next Auction Period will be a seven-day Special Auction Period and the ARS Rate for such seven-day Special Auction Period will be the Maximum ARS Rate. The seven-day Special Auction Period following a failed conversion from a monthly Auction Period or a Special Auction Period will be followed by a Special Auction Period which shall end on the next day which is the next fourteenth calendar day of a month or, if such day is not followed by a Business Day, then on the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day.

#### Mandatory Tender of the 2005 Bonds

##### Mandatory Purchase of 2005 Bonds On Interest Method Change Date

The 2005 Bonds are subject to mandatory tender for purchase on an Interest Method Change Date as described under the heading “Changing Method of Interest Rate Determination on the 2005 Bonds” in this section.

##### Mandatory Purchase of 2005 Bonds Upon Replacement of Credit Facility

On any Facility Change Date, the 2005 Bonds are subject to mandatory tender for purchase at the Purchase Price. In connection with a purchase on a Facility Change Date, the Trustee shall deliver, or mail by first class mail,

a notice not later than the fifteenth (15th) day prior to the Facility Change Date to the Broker-Dealer and Auction Agent and to the owner of each 2005 Bond to which such notice relates at its address shown on the registration books of the Corporation held by the Trustee. Any notice given in such manner shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the owner receives such notice. Such notice shall set forth, in substance, the Facility Change Date and reason therefor, that all owners of 2005 Bonds shall be deemed to have tendered their 2005 Bonds for purchase on the Facility Change Date, and the Purchase Price for such 2005 Bonds.

Owners of 2005 Bonds shall be required to tender their 2005 Bonds to the Tender Agent for purchase at the Purchase Price on the Facility Change Date with an appropriate endorsement for transfer to the Tender Agent, or accompanied by a bond power endorsed in blank. Any 2005 Bond not so delivered to the Tender Agent (“Undelivered 2005 Bonds”) for which there has been irrevocably deposited in trust with the Trustee or Tender Agent an amount of moneys sufficient to pay the Purchase Price of the Undelivered 2005 Bonds shall be deemed to have been purchased at the Purchase Price on the Facility Change Date. IN THE EVENT OF A FAILURE BY AN OWNER OF 2005 BONDS TO DELIVER ITS 2005 BONDS ON OR PRIOR TO THE FACILITY CHANGE DATE, SAID OWNER SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO ANY PAYMENT (INCLUDING ANY INTEREST TO ACCRUE SUBSEQUENT TO THE FACILITY CHANGE DATE) OTHER THAN THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR SUCH UNDELIVERED 2005 BONDS, AND ANY UNDELIVERED 2005 BONDS SHALL NO LONGER BE ENTITLED TO THE BENEFITS OF THE RESOLUTION, EXCEPT FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE THEREFOR.

*Provisions Affecting 2005 Bonds if a Change of Facility Cannot be Effectuated*

The principal portion of the purchase price of the 2005 Bonds so tendered is payable solely from the proceeds of the remarketing of such 2005 Bonds. If (a) a notice of Change of Facility has been given in accordance with the Resolution and (b) the conditions precedent to a Facility Change Date set forth in the Resolution have not been satisfied, including the failure to remarket all 2005 Bonds on a mandatory tender date, then (i) the facility change shall not take effect, (ii) the 2005 Bonds will not be subject to mandatory tender and will be returned to their owners, and (iii) if such 2005 Bonds are in a seven-day Auction Period, the ARS Rate for the next Auction Period will be the Maximum ARS Rate and the Auction Period will be a seven-day Auction Period and if such 2005 Bonds are in a monthly Auction Period or a Special Auction Period the next Auction Period will be a seven-day Special Auction Period and the ARS Rate for such seven-day Special Auction Period will be the Maximum ARS Rate. The seven-day Special Auction Period following a failed conversion from a monthly Auction Period or a Special Auction Period will be followed by a Special Auction Period which shall end on the next day which is the next fourteenth calendar day of a month, or if such day is not followed by a Business Day, then on the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day.

Credit Facility Provider’s Right to Cause a Mandatory Tender for Purchase of 2005 Bonds Upon an Event of Termination

Pursuant to the Resolution, for so long as the Credit Facility is in effect, upon the receipt by the Trustee of written notice from the Credit Facility Provider that one or more events of default or certain other events have occurred under the Reimbursement Agreement (defined in the Resolution as an “Event of Termination”), including, but not limited to, a default under the Mortgage Loan or a failure to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider under the Reimbursement Agreement, the Credit Facility Provider may specify a Change Date on which all or a portion of the 2005 Bonds shall be subject to mandatory tender for purchase, which Change Date shall not be later than eight (8) days following receipt by the Trustee of the direction to purchase such 2005 Bonds. If only a portion of 2005 Bonds are to be subject to mandatory tender for purchase, the particular 2005 Bonds to be tendered (which shall be in authorized denominations) shall be selected by the Trustee by lot, using such method as it shall determine in its sole discretion except that the Trustee shall not select any 2005 Bond for tender which would result in any remaining 2005 Bond not being in an authorized denomination as provided in the Resolution. Upon receipt of such written notice from the Credit Facility Provider, the Trustee shall immediately deliver to the Broker-Dealer and Auction Agent and to the owner of each affected 2005 Bond a notice of mandatory tender for purchase by overnight express mail or courier service. Any notice given in such manner shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the owner receives such notice. See “SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE REIMBURSEMENT AGREEMENT” herein.

Any notice of mandatory tender relating to an Event of Termination specified by the Credit Facility Provider shall set forth, in substance, the Change Date and reason therefor, that all owners of affected 2005 Bonds shall be deemed to have tendered their 2005 Bonds for purchase on the Change Date and the Purchase Price for the 2005 Bonds. Owners of affected 2005 Bonds shall be required to tender their 2005 Bonds to the Tender Agent for purchase at the Purchase Price with an appropriate endorsement for transfer to the Tender Agent or accompanied by a bond power endorsed in blank. Any Undelivered 2005 Bonds for which there has been irrevocably deposited in trust with the Trustee or Tender Agent an amount of moneys sufficient to pay the Purchase Price of the Undelivered 2005 Bonds shall be deemed to have been purchased at the Purchase Price on the Change Date. IN THE EVENT OF A FAILURE BY AN OWNER OF AFFECTED 2005 BONDS TO DELIVER ITS AFFECTED 2005 BONDS ON OR PRIOR TO THE CHANGE DATE, SAID OWNER SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO ANY PAYMENT (INCLUDING ANY INTEREST TO ACCRUE SUBSEQUENT TO THE CHANGE DATE) OTHER THAN THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR SUCH UNDELIVERED 2005 BONDS, AND ANY UNDELIVERED 2005 BONDS SHALL NO LONGER BE ENTITLED TO THE BENEFITS OF THE RESOLUTION, EXCEPT FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE THEREFOR.

#### Delivery of 2005 Bonds in Book-Entry Form

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Resolution to the contrary, so long as any 2005 Bond is held in book-entry form, such 2005 Bond need not be delivered in connection with any mandatory tender of 2005 Bonds described under “DESCRIPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS.” In such case, payment of the Purchase Price in connection with such tender shall be made to the registered owner of such 2005 Bonds on the date designated for such payment, without further action by the Beneficial Owner, and transfer of beneficial ownership shall be made in accordance with the procedures of DTC. See “DESCRIPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS – Book-Entry Only System” herein.

#### Redemption of 2005 Bonds – Mandatory

##### Mandatory Redemption from Certain Recoveries of Principal

The 2005 Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption, in whole or in part, on any Interest Payment Date prior to maturity, in an amount not in excess of any Recoveries of Principal (other than the advance payment in full of all amounts to become due pursuant to the Mortgage Loan, at the option of the Mortgagor, with moneys that do not include amounts transferred from the Principal Reserve Fund) at a Redemption Price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date. Recoveries of Principal include amounts transferred from the Principal Reserve Fund at the option of the Mortgagor as more fully described under “SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE RESOLUTION – Principal Reserve Fund.”

The 2005 Bonds bearing interest at the ARS Rate are subject to mandatory redemption, in whole, on any Interest Payment Date prior to maturity, upon the advance payment in full of all amounts to become due pursuant to the Mortgage Loan, at the option of the Mortgagor, at a Redemption Price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date. Notice of such redemption may specify, among other things, any conditions precedent to such redemption, including the condition that amounts sufficient to pay such Redemption Price be deposited with the Trustee on or prior to the Redemption Date. If such conditions are not satisfied, then (i) such redemption will not occur and (ii) if such 2005 Bonds are in a seven-day Auction Period, the ARS Rate for the next Auction Period will be the Maximum ARS Rate and the Auction Period will be a seven-day Auction Period and if such 2005 Bonds are in a monthly Auction Period or a Special Auction Period the next Auction Period will be a seven-day Special Auction Period and the ARS Rate for such seven-day Special Auction Period will be the Maximum ARS Rate. The seven-day Special Auction Period following a failed redemption when the 2005 Bonds are in a monthly Auction Period or a Special Auction Period will be followed by a Special Auction Period which shall end on the next day which is the next fourteenth calendar day of a month or, if such day is not followed by a Business Day, then on the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day.

#### Mandatory Redemption on Bankruptcy of Credit Facility Provider

The 2005 Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption in whole at any time prior to maturity, if, within 30 days after an Act of Bankruptcy of the Credit Facility Provider, the Trustee has not received a new Credit Facility, at a Redemption Price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds to be redeemed plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date.

#### Mandatory Redemption Following an Event of Default

The 2005 Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption, in whole at any time prior to maturity, without notice, upon a declaration of acceleration by the Trustee as a remedy for an Event of Default under the Resolution at a Redemption Price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the Redemption Date (which Redemption Date shall be the date of such declaration of acceleration).

#### Mandatory Redemption Following an Event of Termination

The 2005 Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption, in whole or in part at any time prior to maturity, without notice, upon a declaration of acceleration by the Trustee as a remedy for an Event of Termination under the Resolution at a Redemption Price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date (which Redemption Date shall be the date of such declaration of acceleration).

#### Mandatory Redemption from Certain Transfers from Principal Reserve Fund

The 2005 Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption, in whole or in part, on February 15 and August 15 of each year (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day) of each year if and to the extent amounts in excess of the Principal Reserve Amount are transferred from the Principal Reserve Fund to the Redemption Account on the immediately preceding January 15 or July 15 (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day). (see "SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE RESOLUTION – Principal Reserve Fund"). Each such redemption will be at a Redemption Price equal to 100% of the principal amount of such 2005 Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date. If February 15 or August 15 (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day) is not an Interest Payment Date, then such redemption shall occur on the Interest Payment Date next preceding such February 15 or August 15.

#### Redemption of 2005 Bonds - Optional

##### Optional Redemption for the 2005 Bonds

The 2005 Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation, in whole or in part on the Business Day immediately following an Auction Period, at a Redemption Price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds or portions thereof to be so redeemed plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date; provided, however, in the event of a partial redemption of the 2005 Bonds, the aggregate principal amount of the 2005 Bonds to be redeemed which will remain outstanding is at least \$10,000,000 unless otherwise consented to by the Broker-Dealer.

#### Effect of Loss of Tax Exemption

The Corporation has covenanted in the Resolution that it shall at all times do and perform all acts and things permitted by law necessary or desirable in order to assure that interest paid on the 2005 Bonds shall be excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. In furtherance thereof, the Corporation is to enter into the Regulatory Agreement with the Mortgagor to assure compliance with the Code. However, no assurance can be given that in the event of a breach of any such covenants, or noncompliance with the procedures or certifications set forth therein, the remedies available to the Corporation and/or Bond owners can be judicially enforced in such manner as to assure compliance with the above-described requirements and therefore to prevent the loss of the

exclusion of interest from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. Any loss of such exclusion of interest from gross income may be retroactive to the date from which interest on the 2005 Bonds is payable. See “TAX MATTERS.” Pursuant to the Resolution, the loss of such exclusion of interest from gross income would not, in and of itself, result in a mandatory tender or redemption of all or a portion of the 2005 Bonds. However, a default by the Mortgagor under the Regulatory Agreement would give rise to an event of default under the Reimbursement Agreement. In such an event, the Credit Facility Provider would have the right, in its sole and absolute discretion, to cause a mandatory tender or redemption of all or a portion of 2005 Bonds. See “DESCRIPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS – Mandatory Tender of the 2005 Bonds – Credit Facility Provider’s Right to Cause a Mandatory Tender for Purchase of 2005 Bonds Upon an Event of Termination” and “ – Redemption of 2005 Bonds - Mandatory – Mandatory Redemption Following an Event of Termination” herein.

#### Selection of 2005 Bonds to be Redeemed

If less than all the 2005 Bonds are to be redeemed, the Trustee may select the 2005 Bonds to be redeemed by lot, using such method as it shall determine. If less than all of the 2005 Bonds are to be redeemed at the option of the Corporation, the Corporation shall select the 2005 Bonds to be redeemed from among such 2005 Bonds. Notwithstanding the foregoing, for so long as the Reimbursement Agreement shall be in full force and effect, no 2005 Bond shall be selected for redemption if the portion of such 2005 Bond remaining after such redemption would not be a denomination authorized by the Resolution.

#### Notice of Redemption

When the Trustee receives notice from the Corporation of its election or direction to redeem the 2005 Bonds, or is required pursuant to the Resolution to redeem the 2005 Bonds, the Trustee is to give notice, in the name of the Corporation, of the redemption of such 2005 Bonds. Such notice is to specify, among other things, the 2005 Bonds to be redeemed, the Redemption Price, the Redemption Date, any conditions precedent to such redemption and the place or places where amounts due upon such redemption will be payable. The Trustee is to mail a copy of such notice postage prepaid to the registered owners of any 2005 Bonds or portions of 2005 Bonds which are to be redeemed, at their last addresses appearing upon the registry book not less than fifteen (15) days before the Redemption Date. The foregoing provisions of this paragraph do not apply in the case of any redemption of 2005 Bonds for which, pursuant to the Resolution, notice is not required to be given. Interest shall cease to accrue and be payable on the 2005 Bonds after the Redemption Date if notice has been given (if required to be given), if the conditions precedent to the redemption, if any, have been satisfied, and if sufficient moneys have been deposited with the Trustee to pay the applicable Redemption Price and interest on the 2005 Bonds on such date. So long as the 2005 Bonds are in book-entry only form, notice of redemption shall only be given to DTC. See “DESCRIPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS – Book-Entry Only System.”

#### Corporation’s Right to Purchase

The Corporation retains the right to purchase the 2005 Bonds at such times, in such amounts and at such prices less than or equal to par as the Corporation shall determine, subject to the provisions of the Resolution, and thereby reduce its obligations, if any, for the 2005 Bonds.

### **ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS**

The proceeds of the 2005 Bonds will be used to fund the Mortgage Loan to the Mortgagor in the principal amount equal to the principal amount of 2005 Bonds, which amount will be used together with the proceeds of the Taxable Loan and other moneys of the Mortgagor (i) to refinance the Project by paying the principal amount of the outstanding bonds of the Corporation issued to finance the Project and (ii) to pay certain other costs relating to the refinancing of the Project including the Underwriter’s fee in an amount equal to \$344,809.

## **SECURITY FOR THE BONDS**

### Pledge of the Resolution

The Resolution constitutes a contract among the Corporation, the Trustee and the owners of the Bonds issued thereunder and its provisions are for (i) the equal benefit, protection and security of the owners of all such Bonds, each of which, regardless of the time of issue or maturity, is to be of equal rank without preference, priority or distinction except as provided in the Resolution and (ii) the benefit of the Credit Facility Provider, as provided in the Resolution.

The Bonds are special obligations of the Corporation payable from the Revenues and amounts on deposit in the Accounts (other than amounts deposited in or to be deposited in the Rebate Fund) as described herein. In addition, the 2005 Bonds, as and to the extent provided in the Credit Facility, are payable from amounts obtained under the Credit Enhancement Instrument or an Alternate Security. Payment of the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on all Bonds is secured by a pledge of the Revenues, which consists of all payments received by the Corporation from or on account of the Mortgage Loan, including scheduled, delinquent and advance payments of principal and interest, proceeds from the sale, assignment, or other disposition of the Mortgage Loan in the event of a default thereon, proceeds of any insurance or condemnation award, and income derived from the investment of funds held by the Trustee in Accounts established under the Resolution, including earnings and gains received by the Trustee pursuant to any investment agreement. Revenues do not, however, include any administrative or financing fee paid to the Corporation, other escrow deposits or financing, extension, late charges or settlement fees of the Servicer of the Mortgage Loan or the Credit Facility Provider on account of the Mortgage Loan. Payment of the Bonds is also secured by a pledge by the Corporation of all amounts held in any Accounts (other than amounts deposited in or to be deposited in the Rebate Fund) established pursuant to the Resolution (including the investments of such Accounts, if any). With regard to the 2005 Bonds, the Credit Facility Provider shall have certain rights with respect to, among other things, extensions, remedies, waivers, amendments and actions unless there is a Wrongful Dishonor of the Credit Facility by the Credit Facility Provider or the Credit Facility is no longer in effect, to the extent and as provided in the Resolution.

The pledges described in the immediately preceding paragraph are also subject to the terms and provisions of the Resolution requiring transfers of amounts to the Rebate Fund and permitting the application of the Revenues and amounts in such Accounts for the purposes described therein.

Pursuant to the Resolution and the Assignment, the Corporation will assign and deliver to Fannie Mae and the Trustee, as their interests may appear, subject to the reservation of certain rights by the Corporation, all of its right, title and interest in and to the Mortgage Loan and the Mortgage Documents. The Trustee will assign the Mortgage Rights to Fannie Mae but will retain the right to receive payments relating to the Principal Reserve Fund deposits. Fannie Mae has the right under the Assignment to direct the Trustee to assign the Mortgage Note and the Mortgage to Fannie Mae in certain events.

### Credit Enhancement Instrument

The Credit Enhancement Instrument constitutes a “Credit Facility” and the “Initial Credit Facility” under the Resolution, and Fannie Mae constitutes a “Credit Facility Provider” and the “Initial Credit Facility Provider” under the Resolution.

The following description of the Credit Enhancement Instrument does not purport to be complete or to cover all sections of the Credit Enhancement Instrument. Reference is made to the Credit Enhancement Instrument, on file with the Trustee, for the complete terms thereof and the rights, duties and obligations of Fannie Mae and the Trustee thereunder.

Fannie Mae will advance funds under the Credit Enhancement Instrument to the Trustee with respect to the payment of: (i) the principal of the 2005 Bonds when due by reason of acceleration, defeasance, redemption or stated maturity; (ii) up to 35 days’ interest at the Maximum Rate due on the 2005 Bonds on or prior to their stated

maturity date; and (iii) a portion of the Corporation's regularly scheduled fee (the "Fee Component"), if such fee is not paid to the Corporation in a timely manner.

Fannie Mae will advance funds under the Credit Enhancement Instrument to the Trustee up to the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds and interest thereon at the Maximum Rate for up to 35 days in order to pay the Purchase Price of 2005 Bonds tendered following an Event of Termination.

Fannie Mae's obligations to make advances to the Trustee upon the proper presentation of documents which conform to the terms and conditions of the Credit Enhancement Instrument are absolute, unconditional and irrevocable.

To the extent of advances made under the Credit Enhancement Instrument with respect to the payment of the Fee Component and the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds and interest thereon, the obligations of Fannie Mae under the Credit Enhancement Instrument will be correspondingly reduced, but with respect to advances made under the Credit Enhancement Instrument with respect to the Fee Component and the payment of interest on such 2005 Bonds, the Fee Component and the interest component of the Credit Enhancement Instrument will be automatically reinstated. With respect to advances made under the Credit Enhancement Instrument to pay the Purchase Price of tendered or deemed tendered 2005 Bonds, the Credit Enhancement Instrument will be correspondingly reduced and will be reinstated to the extent such Bonds are subsequently remarketed and Fannie Mae is reimbursed for such advances.

To receive payment under the Credit Enhancement Instrument, the Trustee must make a presentation of certain payment documents under the Credit Enhancement Instrument on or prior to the expiration date of the Credit Enhancement Instrument at the appropriate office of Fannie Mae. The Credit Enhancement Instrument will expire at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time on February 20, 2035 (the "Expiration Date", which is five days after the final maturity of the 2005 Bonds). The Credit Enhancement Instrument will automatically terminate on the first to occur of: (a) the Expiration Date; (b) the honoring by Fannie Mae of the final draw available to be made under the Credit Enhancement Instrument such that the principal portion of the amount available will be reduced to zero and will not be subject to reinstatement; or (c) receipt of a written notice signed by the Trustee's duly authorized officer stating that none of the Bonds are outstanding under the Resolution or the Trustee has received an Alternate Security as permitted by the Resolution and the Reimbursement Agreement.

FANNIE MAE'S OBLIGATIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE 2005 BONDS ARE SOLELY AS PROVIDED IN THE CREDIT ENHANCEMENT INSTRUMENT. THE OBLIGATIONS OF FANNIE MAE UNDER THE CREDIT ENHANCEMENT INSTRUMENT WILL BE OBLIGATIONS SOLELY OF FANNIE MAE, A FEDERALLY CHARTERED STOCKHOLDER-OWNED CORPORATION, AND WILL NOT BE BACKED BY THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. THE 2005 BONDS ARE NOT A DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA OR ANY OTHER AGENCY OR INSTRUMENTALITY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA OR OF FANNIE MAE. THE 2005 BONDS ARE NOT GUARANTEED BY THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

#### Alternate Security

The Credit Enhancement Instrument may be replaced with various other forms of credit enhancement (each an "Alternate Security" except as described below; the Credit Enhancement Instrument or Alternate Security being herein referred to as the "Credit Facility") or upon conversion of the 2005 Bonds to bear interest at a rate fixed to the maturity thereof, the Corporation may elect to provide no Credit Facility. During any Weekly Rate Period or Auction Period, a Credit Facility must be in effect with respect to the 2005 Bonds.

The Corporation may not exercise its right to make provision for or cause the replacement of any Credit Facility, unless the Corporation has provided the Trustee with (i) certain opinions as to, among other things, the effect of such replacement on the tax status of the 2005 Bonds and the legality, validity and enforceability of the new Credit Facility; (ii) a letter from at least one national rating agency to the effect that such Alternate Security will provide the 2005 Bonds with an investment grade rating; and (iii) moneys sufficient to pay all costs incurred by the Trustee and the Corporation in connection with the provision of such Credit Facility.

Upon replacement of the Credit Enhancement Instrument except as described below, the 2005 Bonds are subject to mandatory tender as described above under the caption “DESCRIPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS – Mandatory Purchase of 2005 Bonds Upon Replacement of Credit Facility.”

Fannie Mae may provide any other form of credit and liquidity facility in substitution for the Credit Enhancement Instrument. Certain of such substitute facilities will not be considered an “Alternate Security” and such substitution will not result in a “Facility Change Date” or mandatory tender of the 2005 Bonds, so long as, among other things, each Rating Agency confirms that such substitution will not adversely affect such Rating Agency’s rating on the 2005 Bonds and the opinions described above are delivered. Such substitute facility provided by Fannie Mae will continue to constitute the “Initial Credit Facility” under the Resolution.

#### Principal Reserve Fund

The Principal Reserve Fund is established pursuant to the Resolution and is to be held by the Trustee. Pursuant to the Resolution, there is to be deposited into the Principal Reserve Fund all of the monthly payments made by the Mortgagor in accordance with the Principal Reserve Schedule attached to the Reimbursement Agreement, as such Schedule may be amended and any amounts provided by or at the direction of the Mortgagor to replenish withdrawals from the Principal Reserve Fund described in paragraphs (1) and (2) below. *At the request of the Mortgagor, the Credit Facility Provider, in its sole and absolute discretion, may (i) consent to the release of all or a portion of the amounts on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund to the Mortgagor (unless and to the extent such amounts, in the judgment of the Corporation, are needed to be transferred to the Rebate Fund pursuant to the Resolution), (ii) no longer require deposits to the Principal Reserve Fund and/or (iii) consent to a change in the Principal Reserve Schedule. The consent of the Bondholders, the Trustee or the Corporation is not required for such actions. Any amounts so released shall no longer secure the 2005 Bonds.*

Any income or interest earned or gains realized in excess of losses suffered due to the investment of amounts on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund is, if the amount in the Principal Reserve Fund is less than the Principal Reserve Amount, to be retained therein, or, if there is no such deficiency, is to be deposited to the Revenue Account following receipt, except as otherwise provided in the Resolution and except for interest income representing accrued interest, if any, included in the purchase price of the investment, which is to be retained in the Principal Reserve Fund; provided that if, in the judgment of an Authorized Officer of the Corporation, the amount on deposit in the Rebate Fund at such time is less than the Rebate Amount as of such time, then in lieu of retaining such amounts in the Principal Reserve Fund or depositing such amounts in the Revenue Account, such amounts (up to the amount of such deficiency) shall be transferred to the Rebate Fund.

Amounts in the Principal Reserve Fund will be applied by the Trustee:

(1) at the written direction of the Credit Facility Provider to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for advances under the Credit Enhancement Instrument which were applied to pay interest due on and/or principal of the 2005 Bonds on any Interest Payment Date, Redemption Date, date of acceleration or the maturity date or, in the event a Wrongful Dishonor has occurred and is continuing, to directly pay such interest and/or principal;

(2) at the written direction of the Credit Facility Provider to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for advances under the Credit Enhancement Instrument which were applied to pay the Purchase Price of tendered 2005 Bonds to the extent that remarketing proceeds, if any, are insufficient for such purpose or, in the event a Wrongful Dishonor has occurred and is continuing, to directly pay such Purchase Price;

(3) at the written direction of the Credit Facility Provider with the written consent of the Mortgagor (so long as the Mortgagor is not in default under the Mortgage, Mortgage Note, Loan Agreement, Regulatory Agreement or the Reimbursement Agreement) to make improvements or repairs to the Project; and

(4) at the written direction of the Credit Facility Provider if a default has occurred and is continuing under the Reimbursement Agreement, or if the Mortgagor otherwise consents, to any other use approved in writing by the General Counsel of the Initial Credit Facility Provider or by an Authorized Officer of any other Credit Facility Provider.

All amounts in the Principal Reserve Fund in excess of the Principal Reserve Amount (rounded down to the nearest multiple of \$100,000) are required to be transferred to the Redemption Account on January 15 and July 15 of each year (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day) to be applied to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for amounts advanced under the Credit Enhancement Instrument to effect the redemption of the 2005 Bonds (or, in the event a Wrongful Dishonor has occurred and is continuing, directly to the redemption of such 2005 Bonds) on the next succeeding February 15 and August 15 (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day). If February 15 or August 15 (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day) is not an Interest Payment Date, then such redemption shall occur on the Interest Payment Date next preceding such February 15 or August 15. See “DESCRIPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS – Redemption of 2005 Bonds – Mandatory – Mandatory Redemption from Certain Transfers from Principal Reserve Fund.”

In addition, under certain circumstances, the Mortgagor is entitled to direct the Trustee to transfer from the Principal Reserve Fund to the Redemption Account all or a specified portion of the amount on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund to be applied to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for amounts advanced under the Credit Enhancement Instrument to effect the redemption of the 2005 Bonds as directed by the Mortgagor. Any amounts so transferred shall constitute a prepayment of the Mortgage Loan and be a Recovery of Principal. See “DESCRIPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS – Redemption of 2005 Bonds – Mandatory – Mandatory Redemption From Certain Recoveries of Principal.” Also, under certain circumstances, the Credit Facility Provider can require that amounts on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund be applied to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for amounts advanced under the Credit Enhancement Instrument to effect the mandatory tender or mandatory redemption in whole or in part of the 2005 Bonds. See “DESCRIPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS – Redemption of 2005 Bonds - Mandatory – Mandatory Redemption Following an Event of Termination,” “DESCRIPTION OF THE 2005 BONDS – Mandatory Tender of the 2005 Bonds – Credit Facility Provider’s Right to Cause a Mandatory Tender for Purchase of 2005 Bonds Upon an Event of Termination” and “SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE REIMBURSEMENT AGREEMENT.”

#### Additional Bonds

Additional Bonds, on parity with the 2005 Bonds then Outstanding, may be issued by the Corporation pursuant to the Resolution for any one or more of the following purposes: (i) financing increases in the Mortgage Loan, (ii) refunding Bonds, (iii) establishing reserves for such Additional Bonds, and (iv) paying the costs of issuance related to such Additional Bonds. For so long as the Credit Facility shall be in effect for the 2005 Bonds, no Additional Bonds shall be issued unless such Bonds are secured by the same Credit Facility in effect for the 2005 Bonds, as such Credit Facility shall be amended, extended or replaced in connection with the issuance of such Additional Bonds. See “SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE RESOLUTION – Additional Bonds” herein.

#### Bonds Not a Debt of the State or the City

The Bonds are not a debt of the State of New York or of The City of New York, and neither the State nor the City shall be liable thereon, nor shall the Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation pledged therefor. The Corporation has no taxing power.

## **SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE RESOLUTION**

Set forth below are abridged or summarized excerpts of certain sections of the Resolution. These excerpts do not purport to be complete or to cover all sections of the Resolution. Reference is made to the Resolution, copies of which are on file with the Corporation and the Trustee, for a complete statement of the rights, duties and obligations of the Corporation, the Trustee and the Bond owners thereunder.

### Contract With Bond Owners – Security for Bonds – Limited Obligation

In consideration of the purchase and acceptance of the Bonds by those who shall own the same from time to time, the provisions of the Resolution shall constitute a contract among the Corporation, the Trustee and the owners from time to time of such Bonds. The pledges and assignments made in the Resolution and the provisions, covenants and agreements therein set forth to be performed by or on behalf of the Corporation shall be for (i) the equal benefit, protection and security of the owners of any and all of such Bonds, each of which, regardless of the time of its issue or maturity, shall be of equal rank without preference, priority or distinction over any other thereof except as expressly provided in the Resolution and (ii) the benefit of the Credit Facility Provider, as provided in the Resolution. The Corporation pledges the Revenues and all amounts held in any Account, including investments thereof, established under the Resolution, to the Trustee for the benefit of the Bond owners and the Credit Facility Provider to secure (i) the payment of the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds (including the Sinking Fund Payments for the retirement thereof) and (ii) all obligations owed to the Credit Facility Provider under the Credit Agreement, the Assignment and the Assigned Documents (as defined in the Assignment), subject to provisions permitting the use or application of such amounts for stated purposes, as provided in the Resolution and the Assignment. The foregoing pledge does not include amounts on deposit or required to be deposited in the Rebate Fund. The Corporation also assigns to the Trustee on behalf of the Bond owners and to the Credit Facility Provider, as their interests may appear and in accordance with the terms of the Assignment, all of its right, title and interest in and to the Mortgage Loan and said Assigned Documents, except as otherwise provided in the Assignment, including but not limited to all rights to receive payments on the Mortgage Note and under the Mortgage Documents, including all proceeds of insurance or condemnation awards. The Bonds shall be special revenue obligations of the Corporation payable solely from the revenues and assets pledged under the Resolution. In addition, the Bonds shall, as and to the extent provided in the Credit Facility, be payable from Credit Facility Payments.

### Provisions for Issuance of Bonds

In order to provide sufficient funds to refinance the Project, Bonds of the Corporation are authorized to be issued without limitation as to amount except as may be provided by law. The Bonds shall be executed by the Corporation for issuance and delivered to the Trustee and thereupon shall be authenticated by the Trustee and delivered upon the order of the Corporation, but only upon the receipt by the Trustee of, among other things:

(a) a Bond Counsel's Opinion to the effect that (i) the Resolution and the Supplemental Resolution, if any, have been duly adopted by the Corporation and are in full force and effect and are valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with their terms (except to the extent that the enforceability thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights and remedies and is subject to general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law)); (ii) the Resolution and, if applicable, such Supplemental Resolution create the valid pledge and lien which it or they purport to create of and on the Revenues and all the Accounts established under the Resolution and moneys and securities on deposit therein, subject to the use and application thereof for or to the purposes and on the terms and conditions permitted by the Resolution and such Supplemental Resolution; and (iii) upon the execution, authentication and delivery thereof, such Bonds will have been duly and validly authorized and issued in accordance with the laws of the State, including the Act as amended to the date of such Opinion, and in accordance with the Resolution and such Supplemental Resolution;

(b) a written order as to the delivery of such Bonds, signed by an Authorized Officer of the Corporation;

(c) the amount of the proceeds of such Bonds to be deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the Resolution;

(d) with respect to the 2005 Bonds, the Initial Credit Facility, or if required with respect to any Additional Bonds, the Credit Facility;

(e) with respect to the 2005 Bonds, executed copies of the Assignment, the Loan Agreement, the Regulatory Agreement, the Pledge Agreement, the Auction Agreement, the Broker-Dealer Agreement, the Mortgage, the Mortgage Note and the Credit Agreement, and with respect to Additional Bonds, such documents as are specified in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing the same; and

(f) such further documents and moneys as are required by the provisions of the Resolution or any Supplemental Resolution.

#### Additional Bonds

Additional Bonds may be issued, at the option of the Corporation, on a parity with the Bonds then Outstanding for the purposes of (i) financing increases in the Mortgage Loan, (ii) refunding Bonds, (iii) establishing reserves for such Additional Bonds, and (iv) paying the Costs of Issuance related to such Additional Bonds. Additional Bonds shall contain such terms and provisions as are specified in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing the same. The Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Additional Bonds shall utilize, to the extent possible, Accounts established for the Outstanding Bonds.

For so long as a Credit Facility shall be in effect for the 2005 Bonds, no Additional Bonds shall be issued unless such Bonds are secured by the same Credit Facility in effect for the 2005 Bonds, as such Credit Facility shall be amended, extended or replaced in connection with the issuance of such Additional Bonds.

#### Application and Disbursements of Bond Proceeds

The proceeds of sale of the Bonds, shall, as soon as practicable upon the delivery of such Bonds by the Trustee, be applied as follows:

(1) the amount, if any, received at such time as a premium above the aggregate principal amount of such Bonds shall be applied as specified in a Certificate of an Authorized Officer, and the amount, if any, received as accrued interest shall be deposited in the Revenue Account;

(2) with respect to any Series issued for the purpose of refunding Bonds, the amount, if any, required to pay Costs of Issuance, as designated by an Authorized Officer of the Corporation, shall be deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account;

(3) with respect to any Series issued for the purpose of refunding Bonds, the balance remaining after such deposits have been made as specified in (1) and (2) above shall be applied as specified in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Series;

(4) with respect to the 2005 Bonds, the balance remaining after such deposits have been made as specified in (1) above shall be deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account; and

(5) with respect to any Series (other than the 2005 Bonds) issued for a purpose other than refunding Bonds, the balance remaining after such deposits have been made shall be deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account.

Amounts in the Bond Proceeds Account shall not be disbursed for financing the Mortgage Loan unless, among other things, (1) the Mortgage, the Mortgage Note and any other document evidencing or securing the Mortgage Loan shall have been duly executed and delivered, (2) there shall have been filed with the Trustee an opinion of counsel to the effect that the Mortgage Loan complies with all provisions of the Act and the Resolution, together with a letter of such counsel addressed to the Credit Facility Provider, stating that the Credit Facility Provider may rely on such opinion, and (3) the Mortgage is the subject of a policy of title insurance in an amount not less than the amount of the unpaid principal balance of the Mortgage Loan, insuring a mortgage lien subject only to Permitted Encumbrances and any mortgage securing bonds previously issued by the Corporation for the Project on the real property securing the Mortgage Loan.

#### Deposits and Investments

Any amounts held by the Trustee under the Resolution may be deposited in the corporate trust department of the Trustee and secured as provided in the Resolution. In addition, any amount held by the Trustee under the Resolution may be invested in Investment Securities. In computing the amount in any Account, obligations purchased as an investment of moneys therein shall be valued at amortized value or if purchased at par value, at par.

Upon receipt of written instructions from an Authorized Officer of the Corporation, the Trustee shall exchange any coin or currency of the United States of America or Investment Securities held by it pursuant to the Resolution for any other coin or currency of the United States of America or Investment Securities of like amount.

Any other provisions of the Resolution notwithstanding, amounts on deposit in the Credit Facility Payments Sub-Account, pending application, (i) so long as the Initial Credit Facility is in effect, shall be held uninvested, and (ii) at all other times, may only be invested in Government Obligations maturing or being redeemable at the option of the holder thereof in the lesser of thirty (30) days or the times at which such amounts are needed to be expended.

#### Establishment of Accounts

The Resolution establishes the following special trust accounts to be held and maintained by the Trustee in accordance with the Resolution:

- (1) Bond Proceeds Account;
- (2) Revenue Account (including the Credit Facility Payments Sub-Account therein);
- (3) Redemption Account; and
- (4) Principal Reserve Fund.

In the event provision is made for an Alternate Security with respect to the Bonds, the Trustee may establish a special trust account with an appropriate designation, and the provisions of the Resolution applicable to the Credit Facility Payments Sub-Account shall be applicable to the newly created trust account in all respects as if the newly created trust account replaced the Credit Facility Payments Sub-Account.

#### Bond Proceeds Account

There shall be deposited from time to time in the Bond Proceeds Account any proceeds of the sale of Bonds representing principal or premium or other amounts required to be deposited therein pursuant to the Resolution and any other amounts determined by the Corporation to be deposited therein from time to time.

Amounts in the Bond Proceeds Account shall be expended only (i) to finance the Mortgage Loan; (ii) to pay Costs of Issuance; (iii) to pay principal or Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds when due, to the extent amounts in the Revenue Account and the Redemption Account are insufficient for such purposes; (iv) to

purchase or redeem Bonds in accordance with the Resolution; and (v) to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for moneys obtained under the Credit Facility for the purposes set forth in (iii) above.

#### Revenue Account

Subject to the provisions of the Assignment, the Corporation shall cause all Pledged Receipts, excluding all amounts to be deposited pursuant to the Resolution in the Principal Reserve Fund, to be deposited promptly with the Trustee in the Revenue Account. There shall also be deposited in the Revenue Account any other amounts required to be deposited therein pursuant to the Resolution, any Supplemental Resolution, the Mortgage Documents and the Loan Agreement. Except as otherwise provided in the Resolution with respect to the Principal Reserve Fund, earnings on all Accounts established under the Resolution shall be deposited, as realized, in the Revenue Account, except for moneys required to be deposited in the Rebate Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Resolution and except for interest income representing a recovery of the premium and accrued interest, if any, included in the purchase price of any Investment Security, which shall be retained in the particular account for which the Investment Security was purchased. During the term of the Initial Credit Facility, the Trustee shall obtain moneys thereunder in accordance with the terms thereof, in a timely manner and in amounts sufficient to pay the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds covered by the Initial Credit Facility, as such become due, whether at maturity or upon redemption or acceleration or on an Interest Payment Date or otherwise, and shall deposit such amounts in the Credit Facility Payments Sub-Account. In addition, during the term of the Initial Credit Facility, the Trustee, at the direction of the Corporation, shall obtain moneys under the Initial Credit Facility in accordance with the terms thereof, in amounts specified by the Corporation to pay such portion of the Administrative Fee due and owing to the Corporation as is secured by the Initial Credit Facility, and shall promptly transfer all such amounts to the Corporation. During the term of any other Credit Facility, the Trustee shall obtain moneys under such Credit Facility, in accordance with the terms thereof, in a timely manner, in the full amount required to pay the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds covered by such Credit Facility as such become due, whether at maturity or upon redemption or acceleration or on an Interest Payment Date or otherwise and shall deposit such amounts in the Credit Facility Payments Sub-Account.

On or before each Interest Payment Date, the Trustee shall pay, from the sources described below and in the order of priority indicated, the amounts required for the payment of the Principal Installments, if any, and interest due on the Outstanding Bonds on such date, and on or before the Redemption Date or date of purchase (but not with respect to any purchase pursuant to the Mandatory Purchase Provision), the amounts required for the payment of accrued interest on Outstanding Bonds to be redeemed or purchased (unless the payment of such accrued interest shall be otherwise provided for) as follows:

- (1) first, from the Credit Facility Payments Sub-Account, and to the extent the moneys therein are insufficient for said purpose;
- (2) second, from the Revenue Account, and to the extent the moneys therein are insufficient for said purpose;
- (3) third, from the Redemption Account, and to the extent moneys therein are insufficient for said purpose;
- (4) fourth, from the Bond Proceeds Account and to the extent that moneys therein are insufficient for said purpose; and
- (5) fifth, from any other moneys held by the Trustee under the Resolution and available for such purpose.

After payment of the Principal Installments, if any, and interest due on the Outstanding Bonds has been made, and to the extent payments on the Bonds are made from the source described in subparagraph (1) above, the amounts available from the sources described in subparagraphs (2) through (5) above, in the order of priority indicated, shall be used immediately to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for amounts obtained under the Credit Facility and so applied; provided, however, that during the ARS Rate Period, such reimbursement shall be made only if the Credit

Facility Provider has notified the Trustee, in writing, that the Credit Facility Provider has not been reimbursed for said amounts obtained under the Credit Facility.

Any moneys accumulated in the Revenue Account up to the unsatisfied balance of each Sinking Fund Payment (together with amounts accumulated in the Revenue Account with respect to interest on the Bonds for which such Sinking Fund Payment was established) shall, if so directed in writing by the Corporation, be applied by the Trustee on or prior to the forty-fifth day preceding such Sinking Fund Payment (i) to the purchase of Bonds of the maturity for which such Sinking Fund Payment was established, at prices (including any brokerage and other charges) not exceeding the Redemption Price plus accrued interest or (ii) to the redemption of such Bonds, if then redeemable by their terms, at the Redemption Prices referred to above.

Upon the purchase or redemption of any Bond for which Sinking Fund Payments have been established from amounts in the Revenue Account, an amount equal to the principal amount of the Bonds so purchased or redeemed shall be credited toward the next Sinking Fund Payment thereafter to become due with respect to the Bonds of such maturity and the amount of any excess of the amounts so credited over the amount of such Sinking Fund Payment shall be credited by the Trustee against future Sinking Fund Payments in direct chronological order, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an Authorized Officer of the Corporation, with the consent of the Credit Facility Provider, at the time of such purchase or redemption.

As soon as practicable after the forty-fifth day preceding the due date of any such Sinking Fund Payment, the Trustee shall call for redemption on such due date, Bonds in such amount as shall be necessary to complete the retirement of a principal amount of Bonds equal to the unsatisfied balance of such Sinking Fund Payment. The Trustee shall so call such Bonds for redemption whether or not it then has moneys in the Revenue Account sufficient to pay the applicable Redemption Price thereof on the Redemption Date.

On each Interest Payment Date, the Trustee shall transfer from the Revenue Account (after providing for all payments required to have been made prior thereto pursuant to the Resolution) (i) first, to the Trustee, an amount equal to that portion of the Trustee's unpaid annual fees then due and owing, (ii) second, to the Tender Agent, if any, an amount equal to that portion of the Tender Agent's unpaid annual fees then due and owing, (iii) third, to the Corporation, an amount equal to that portion of the Administrative Fee then due and owing, (iv) fourth, if so directed by the Corporation, to the Trustee, an amount equal to the Trustee's unpaid fees and expenses (other than as set forth in (i) above), (v) fifth, if so directed by the Corporation, to the Tender Agent, if any, an amount equal to the Tender Agent's unpaid fees and expenses (other than as set forth in (ii) above), (vi) sixth, if so directed by the Corporation or the Credit Facility Provider, to the Servicer, an amount equal to the Servicer's unpaid fees and expenses, (vii) seventh, if so directed by the Corporation or the Credit Facility Provider, to the Credit Facility Provider, an amount equal to any fees and expenses due and owing to the Credit Facility Provider pursuant to the Credit Agreement, and (viii) eighth, to the Corporation, fees and other expenses to the extent unpaid. The amount remaining after making the transfers or payments required hereinabove shall be retained in the Revenue Account. Such remaining balance shall be paid to, or upon the order of, the Mortgagor, free and clear of the lien and pledge of the Resolution, unless the Trustee receives either (i) a Certificate from the Corporation stating that an event of default exists under the Regulatory Agreement, the Commitment or, with respect to the Reserved Rights (as defined in the Loan Agreement) only, the Loan Agreement and directing that the remaining balance shall be retained in the Revenue Account, or (ii) a Certificate from the Credit Facility Provider stating that an event of default exists under the Credit Agreement and directing that the remaining balance shall be retained in the Revenue Account, in which event such remaining balance shall be so retained. If the Trustee receives a Certificate from the Corporation (with respect to clause (i) of the immediately preceding sentence) or the Mortgagor acknowledged by the Credit Facility Provider (with respect to clause (ii) of the immediately preceding sentence), stating either that the applicable default has been cured or waived, or that the Corporation or the Credit Facility Provider, as the case may be, consents to the use of the remaining balance by payment to the Mortgagor, such remaining balance shall once again be paid to or upon the direction of the Mortgagor, as described above.

#### Redemption Account

Subject to the provisions of the Assignment, there shall be deposited in the Redemption Account all Recoveries of Principal and any other amounts which are required by the Resolution to be so deposited and any other amounts available therefor and determined by the Corporation to be deposited therein. Subject to the

provisions of the Resolution or of any Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of Bonds, requiring the application thereof to the payment, purchase or redemption of any particular Bonds, the Trustee shall apply amounts from the sources described in the following paragraph equal to amounts so deposited in the Redemption Account to the purchase or redemption of Bonds at the times and in the manner provided in the Resolution.

On or before a Redemption Date or date of purchase of Bonds in lieu of redemption, the Trustee shall pay, from the sources described below and in the order of priority indicated, the amounts required for the payment of the principal of Outstanding Bonds to be redeemed or purchased and cancelled on such date as follows:

(1) first, from the Credit Facility Payments Sub-Account, to the extent that funds held therein are available for such purpose under the terms of the Credit Facility, and to the extent the moneys therein are insufficient for such purpose;

(2) second, from the Redemption Account, and to the extent the moneys therein are insufficient for such purpose;

(3) third, from the Revenue Account, and to the extent the moneys therein are insufficient for such purpose;

(4) fourth, from the Bond Proceeds Account, and to the extent the moneys therein are insufficient for such purpose; and

(5) fifth, from any other moneys held by the Trustee under the Resolution and available for such purpose.

After payment of the principal of such Outstanding Bonds to be redeemed or purchased has been made, and to the extent payments for the redemption or purchase of the Bonds are made from the source described in subparagraph (1) above, amounts available from the sources described in subparagraphs (2) through (5) above, in the order of priority indicated, shall be used to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for amounts obtained under the Credit Facility and so applied; provided, however, that during the ARS Rate Period, such reimbursement shall be made only if the Credit Facility Provider has notified the Trustee, in writing, that the Credit Facility Provider has not been reimbursed for said amounts obtained under the Credit Facility.

#### Rebate Fund

The Resolution also establishes the Rebate Fund as a special trust account to be held and maintained by the Trustee. Earnings on all amounts required to be deposited in the Rebate Fund are to be deposited in the Rebate Fund.

The Rebate Fund and the amounts deposited therein shall not be subject to a security interest, pledge, assignment, lien or charge in favor of the Trustee or any Bond owner or any other person other than as set forth in the Resolution.

The Trustee, upon the receipt of a certification of the Rebate Amount from an Authorized Officer of the Corporation, shall deposit in the Rebate Fund at least as frequently as the end of each fifth Bond Year and at the time that the last Bond that is part of the Series for which a Rebate Amount is required is discharged, an amount such that the amount held in the Rebate Fund after such deposit is equal to the Rebate Amount calculated as of such time of calculation. The amount deposited in the Rebate Fund pursuant to the previous sentence shall be deposited from amounts withdrawn from the Revenue Account, and to the extent such amounts are not available in the Revenue Account, directly from earnings on the Accounts. The Trustee shall also transfer certain amounts on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund to the Rebate Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Resolution described under "Principal Reserve Fund."

Amounts on deposit in the Rebate Fund shall be invested in the same manner as amounts on deposit in the Accounts, except as otherwise specified by an Authorized Officer of the Corporation to the extent necessary to

comply with the tax covenant set forth in the Resolution, and except that the income or interest earned and gains realized in excess of losses suffered by the Rebate Fund due to the investment thereof shall be deposited in or credited to the Rebate Fund from time to time and reinvested.

In the event that, on any date of calculation of the Rebate Amount, the amount on deposit in the Rebate Fund exceeds the Rebate Amount, the Trustee, upon the receipt of written instructions from an Authorized Officer of the Corporation, shall withdraw such excess amount and deposit it in the Revenue Account.

The Trustee, upon the receipt of written instructions and certification of the Rebate Amount from an Authorized Officer of the Corporation, shall pay to the United States, out of amounts in the Rebate Fund, (i) not less frequently than once each five (5) years after the date of original issuance of each Series for which a Rebate Amount is required, an amount such that, together with prior amounts paid to the United States, the total paid to the United States is equal to 90% of the Rebate Amount with respect to each Series for which a Rebate Amount is required as of the date of such payment, and (ii) notwithstanding the provisions of the Resolution, not later than sixty (60) days after the date on which all Bonds for which a Rebate Amount is required have been paid in full, 100% of the Rebate Amount as of the date of payment.

#### Principal Reserve Fund

Amounts on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund shall be applied as set forth in the Resolution. There shall be deposited into the Principal Reserve Fund all of the monthly payments made in accordance with the Principal Reserve Schedule attached to the Credit Agreement and provided to the Trustee by the Credit Facility Provider, as such schedule may be amended in accordance with the provisions of the Credit Agreement and provided to the Trustee by the Credit Facility Provider, and any amounts provided by or at the direction of the Mortgagor to replenish withdrawals from the Principal Reserve Fund described in paragraphs (1) and (2) below. Any income or interest earned or gains realized in excess of losses suffered due to the investment of amounts on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund shall, if the amount in the Principal Reserve Fund is less than the Principal Reserve Amount, be retained therein, or, if there is no such deficiency, shall be deposited to the Revenue Account following receipt, except as otherwise provided in the Resolution and except for interest income representing accrued interest, if any, included in the purchase price of the investment, which is to be retained in the Principal Reserve Fund; provided that if, in the judgment of an Authorized Officer of the Corporation, the amount on deposit in the Rebate Fund at such time is less than the Rebate Amount as of such time, then in lieu of retaining such amounts in the Principal Reserve Fund or depositing such amounts in the Revenue Account, such amounts (up to the amount of such deficiency) shall be transferred to the Rebate Fund.

In addition to the other payments required or permitted by the Resolution, amounts in the Principal Reserve Fund shall be used to pay, at the written direction of the Credit Facility Provider:

(1) to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for advances under the Credit Facility which were used to pay interest due on and/or principal of the 2005 Bonds on any Interest Payment Date, Redemption Date, date of acceleration or the maturity date or, in the event a Wrongful Dishonor has occurred and is continuing, to directly pay such interest and/or principal;

(2) to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for advances under the Credit Facility which were used to pay the Purchase Price of tendered 2005 Bonds or in the event a Wrongful Dishonor has occurred and is continuing, to directly pay such Purchase Price;

(3) with the written consent of the Mortgagor (so long as the Mortgagor is not in default under the Mortgage, Mortgage Note, Loan Agreement, Regulatory Agreement or the Credit Agreement) to make improvements or repairs to the Project; and

(4) if a default has occurred and is continuing under the Credit Agreement, or if the Mortgagor otherwise consents, to any other use approved in writing by the General Counsel of the Initial Credit Facility Provider or by an Authorized Officer of any other Credit Facility Provider.

On each January 15 and July 15 (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day), after providing for all payments and transfers required to be made pursuant to the Resolution, all amounts in the Principal Reserve Fund in excess of the Principal Reserve Amount (rounded down to the nearest multiple of \$100,000) shall be transferred by the Trustee to the Redemption Account to be applied to the reimbursement of the Credit Facility Provider in connection with the redemption of the 2005 Bonds (or, in the event a Wrongful Dishonor has occurred and is continuing, directly to the redemption of such 2005 Bonds) on the following February 15 and August 15 (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day). If February 15 or August 15 (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day) is not an Interest Payment Date, then such redemption shall occur on the Interest Payment Date next preceding such February 15 or August 15.

If the Mortgagor certifies in writing to the Trustee and the Corporation that no “Event of Default” or “Default” exists under the Credit Agreement, and if such certificate shall bear the written acknowledgement of the Credit Facility Provider, the Mortgagor shall be entitled to direct the Trustee to transfer from the Principal Reserve Fund to the Redemption Account all or a specified portion of the amount on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund to be applied to the reimbursement of the Credit Facility Provider in connection with the redemption of 2005 Bonds (or, in the event a Wrongful Dishonor has occurred and is continuing, directly to the redemption of 2005 Bonds). Any amounts so transferred shall constitute a prepayment of the Mortgage Loan at the option of the Mortgagor and shall be a Recovery of Principal; provided however, that such right of the Mortgagor to direct such transfers may be exercised only at the times, and subject to any conditions, set forth in the Loan Agreement with respect to optional prepayments of the Mortgage Loan by the Mortgagor.

Moneys on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund shall be invested (i) so long as the Initial Credit Facility is in effect, in Investment Securities described in paragraph (A)(a) of the definition of “Investment Securities” or, to the extent otherwise permitted by the Resolution, other short-term variable rate instruments that are “Investment Securities” within the meaning of paragraph (A)(h) of the definition of “Investment Securities”, and (ii) at all other times, in Government Obligations or, to the extent otherwise permitted by the Resolution, (a) other short-term variable rate instruments rated by S&P in a category equivalent to the rating then in effect for the 2005 Bonds or (b) as otherwise permitted by the Credit Facility Provider, in its sole discretion.

At the request of the Mortgagor, the Credit Facility Provider, in its sole and absolute discretion, may (i) consent to the release of all or a portion of the amounts on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund to the Mortgagor (in which case the Trustee shall release such amounts to the Mortgagor, provided that if, in the judgment of an Authorized Officer of the Corporation, the amount on deposit in the Rebate Fund at such time is less than the Rebate Amount as of such time, then prior to any such release to the Mortgagor, any amounts on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund (up to the amount of such deficiency) shall be transferred to the Rebate Fund) and/or (ii) no longer require deposits to the Principal Reserve Fund. Any amounts so released shall no longer secure the 2005 Bonds.

Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of a PRF Triggering Event, the Credit Facility Provider shall have the absolute right, in its discretion, to require that within thirty (30) days the Mortgagor deliver (or cause to be delivered) a PRF Letter of Credit to the Trustee, for deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund, by delivering to the Mortgagor, the Trustee and the Corporation a Notice stating that a “PRF Triggering Event” has occurred under the Credit Agreement; provided, however, that no such deposit of a PRF Letter of Credit, and no release of moneys or Investment Securities pursuant to the second succeeding paragraph shall be effected, unless prior thereto or concurrently therewith the Mortgagor shall deliver (or cause to be delivered) to the Trustee and the Corporation the following opinions, in form and substance satisfactory to the Corporation, the Trustee and the Credit Facility Provider, of Bond Counsel (or, in the case of the opinion described in clause (ii) below, other counsel), who is reasonably acceptable to the Corporation, the Trustee and the Credit Facility Provider: (i) an opinion to the effect that neither the delivery and deposit of such PRF Letter of Credit, nor such release of moneys and Investment Securities from the Principal Reserve Fund, will adversely affect the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on the 2005 Bonds, and (ii) an opinion to the effect that such PRF Letter of Credit is a legal, valid and binding obligation of the provider thereof and is enforceable against said provider in accordance with its terms.

In substitution of a PRF Letter of Credit, the Mortgagor, may deliver (or cause to be delivered) a Replacement PRF Letter of Credit to the Trustee, for deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Credit Agreement; provided, however, that no such deposit of a Replacement PRF Letter of Credit

shall be effected, unless prior thereto or concurrently therewith the Mortgagor shall deliver (or cause to be delivered) to the Trustee and the Corporation the following opinions, in form and substance satisfactory to the Corporation, the Trustee and the Credit Facility Provider, of Bond Counsel (or, in the case of the opinion described in clause (ii) below, other counsel), who is reasonably acceptable to the Corporation, the Trustee and the Credit Facility Provider: (i) an opinion to the effect that the delivery and deposit of such Replacement PRF Letter of Credit will not adversely affect the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on the 2005 Bonds, and (ii) an opinion to the effect that such Replacement PRF Letter of Credit is a legal, valid and binding obligation of the provider thereof and is enforceable against said provider in accordance with its terms. Any such Replacement PRF Letter of Credit delivered to the Trustee in accordance with this paragraph shall constitute a PRF Letter of Credit for purposes of the Resolution.

Upon delivery to the Trustee of a PRF Letter of Credit subsequent to the date of original issuance of the 2005 Bonds, if the opinions required by the second preceding paragraph shall have been delivered, the Trustee shall release, to or upon the order of the Mortgagor, all moneys and Investment Securities then on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund; provided that the aggregate amount so released shall not exceed the amount then available to be drawn under the PRF Letter of Credit. Upon delivery to the Trustee of a Replacement PRF Letter of Credit, if the opinions required by the preceding paragraph shall have been delivered, the Trustee shall release the PRF Letter of Credit being replaced to the PRF Letter of Credit Provider.

Moneys drawn or to be drawn under a PRF Letter of Credit shall constitute amounts on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund for the purposes of the Resolution. The Trustee shall draw upon a PRF Letter of Credit for payment, transfer or other application in accordance with the Resolution (including, without limitation, at the direction of the Credit Facility Provider in accordance with clauses (1) through (4) of the second paragraph under the heading "Principal Reserve Fund").

If the Credit Facility Provider determines that (i) no "Event of Default" or "Default" continues under the Credit Agreement and (ii) certain debt service coverage ratio requirements have been met, then the Credit Facility Provider shall direct the Trustee to surrender the PRF Letter of Credit previously delivered to it in accordance with the Resolution due to the occurrence and continuation of a PRF Triggering Event, to the provider thereof in simultaneous exchange for an amount of money equal to the face amount of such PRF Letter of Credit, which money shall be deposited in the Principal Reserve Fund; provided, however, that no such surrender of the PRF Letter of Credit shall be made unless prior thereto the Mortgagor shall deliver (or cause to be delivered) to the Corporation, the Trustee and the Credit Facility Provider an opinion, in form and substance satisfactory to the Corporation, the Trustee and the Credit Facility Provider, of Bond Counsel who is reasonably acceptable to the Corporation, the Trustee and the Credit Facility Provider to the effect that such surrender and exchange will not adversely affect the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on the 2005 Bonds.

If ten (10) Business Days prior to the expiration of a PRF Letter of Credit, the Trustee has not received (a) a renewal, replacement or extension of such PRF Letter of Credit, (b) written evidence from the Credit Facility Provider to the effect that all conditions contained in the Credit Agreement with respect to such renewal, replacement or extension have been met, and (c) the following opinions, addressed to the Trustee, the Corporation and the Credit Facility Provider, in form and substance satisfactory to the Corporation, the Trustee and the Credit Facility Provider, of Bond Counsel (or, in the case of the opinion described in clause (ii) below, other counsel), who is reasonably acceptable to the Corporation, the Trustee and the Credit Facility Provider: (i) an opinion to the effect that the delivery and deposit of such renewal, replacement or extension will not adversely affect the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on the 2005 Bonds, and (ii) an opinion to the effect that such renewal, replacement or extension is a legal, valid and binding obligation of the provider thereof and is enforceable against said provider in accordance with its terms, then the Trustee shall draw the full amount available to be drawn under the PRF Letter of Credit. If the Trustee is not required to draw on the PRF Letter of Credit because the conditions of the preceding sentence have been met and such PRF Letter of Credit is being replaced by another PRF Letter of Credit, such PRF Letter of Credit shall be returned to the PRF Letter of Credit provider. In the event of such a draw on a PRF Letter of Credit, the Credit Facility Provider shall have the right to direct the Trustee to cause the mandatory redemption or mandatory tender of 2005 Bonds in whole or in part in an amount not exceeding the amount so drawn under such PRF Letter of Credit.

Immediately after the Trustee shall have obtained actual knowledge of a downgrading of the long-term debt obligations of the issuer of a PRF Letter of Credit below either “BBB” by S&P or “Baa” by Moody’s, or, upon the written consent or the written direction of the Credit Facility Provider, thirty (30) days after a downgrading of the long-term debt obligations of the issuer of such PRF Letter of Credit below “A” by S&P or Moody’s to a rating of “BBB” or above by S&P or “Baa” or above by Moody’s, the Trustee shall draw the full amount available to be drawn under such PRF Letter of Credit. In the event of such a draw on a PRF Letter of Credit delivered to the Trustee in accordance with the Resolution, the Credit Facility Provider shall have the right to direct the Trustee to cause the mandatory redemption or mandatory tender of 2005 Bonds in whole or in part in an amount not exceeding the amount so drawn under the PRF Letter of Credit.

If the Mortgagor fails to provide a PRF Letter of Credit in accordance with the Resolution upon the occurrence and during the continuance of a PRF Triggering Event, the Credit Facility Provider shall have the right to direct the Trustee to apply amounts in the Principal Reserve Fund to the mandatory redemption or mandatory tender of 2005 Bonds in whole or in part (or the reimbursement of the Credit Facility Provider in connection therewith) in an amount not exceeding the amount then on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund.

#### Payment of Bonds

The Corporation covenants that it will duly and punctually pay or cause to be paid, as provided in the Resolution, the principal or Redemption Price of every Bond and the interest thereon, at the dates and places in the manner stated in the Bonds, according to the true intent and meaning thereof and shall duly and punctually pay or cause to be paid all Sinking Fund Payments, if any, becoming payable with respect to any of the Bonds.

#### Tax Covenants

The following covenants are made solely for the benefit of the owners of, and shall be applicable solely to, the 2005 Bonds and any Additional Bonds, as designated in a Supplemental Resolution, to which the Corporation intends that the following covenants shall apply:

The Corporation shall at all times do and perform all acts and things permitted by law necessary or desirable in order to assure that interest paid on the Bonds shall be excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes, except in the event that the owner of any such Bond is a “substantial user” of the facilities financed by the Bonds or a “related person” within the meaning of the Code.

The Corporation shall not permit at any time or times any of the proceeds of the Bonds or any other funds of the Corporation to be used directly or indirectly to acquire any securities, obligations or other investment property, the acquisition of which would cause any Bond to be an “arbitrage bond” as defined in Section 148(a) of the Code.

The Corporation shall not permit any person or “related person” (as defined in the Code) to purchase Bonds in an amount related to the Mortgage Loan to be acquired by the Corporation from such person or “related person.”

#### Covenants with Respect to Mortgage Loan

In order to pay the Principal Installments of and interest on the Bonds when due, the Corporation covenants that it shall from time to time, with all practical dispatch and in a sound and economical manner consistent in all respects with the Act, the provisions of the Resolution and sound banking practices and principles, (i) use and apply the proceeds of the Bonds, to the extent not reasonably or otherwise required for other purposes of the kind permitted by the Resolution, to finance the Mortgage Loan pursuant to the Act and the Resolution and any applicable Supplemental Resolution, (ii) do all such acts and things as shall be necessary to receive and collect Pledged Receipts (including diligent enforcement of the prompt collection of all arrears on the Mortgage Loan) and Recoveries of Principal, and (iii) diligently enforce, and take all steps, actions and proceedings reasonably necessary in the judgment of the Corporation to protect its rights with respect to or to maintain any insurance on the Mortgage Loan or any subsidy payments in connection with the Project or the occupancy thereof and to enforce all terms, covenants and conditions of the Mortgage Loan, the Mortgage, the Mortgage Note and all other documents which

evidence or secure the Mortgage Loan, including the collection, custody and prompt application of all Escrow Payments for the purposes for which they were made; provided, however, that the obligations of the Corporation in (ii) and (iii) above shall be suspended during the term of the Assignment, except as otherwise provided in the Assignment.

#### Issuance of Additional Obligations

The Corporation shall not create or permit the creation of or issue any obligations or create any additional indebtedness which will be secured by a superior or, except in the case of Bonds, an equal charge and lien on the Revenues and assets pledged under the Resolution. The Corporation shall not create or permit the creation of or issue any obligations or create any additional indebtedness which will be secured by a subordinate charge and lien on the Revenues and assets pledged under the Resolution unless the Corporation shall have received the written consent of the Credit Facility Provider.

#### Accounts and Reports

The Corporation shall keep, or cause to be kept, proper books of record and account in which complete and accurate entries shall be made of all its transactions relating to the Mortgage Loan and all Accounts established by the Resolution which shall at all reasonable times be subject to the inspection of the Trustee, the Credit Facility Provider, the Servicer (as to the Mortgage Loan) and the owners of an aggregate of not less than 5% in principal amount of Bonds then Outstanding or their representatives duly authorized in writing. The Corporation may authorize or permit the Trustee to keep such books on behalf of the Corporation.

If at any time during any fiscal year there shall have occurred an Event of Default or an Event of Default shall be continuing, then the Corporation shall file with the Trustee, the Credit Facility Provider and the Servicer, within forty-five days after the close of such fiscal year, a special report accompanied by an Accountant's Certificate as to the fair presentation of the financial statements contained therein, setting forth in reasonable detail the individual balances and receipts and disbursements for each Account under the Resolution.

The Corporation shall annually, within one hundred twenty (120) days after the close of each fiscal year of the Corporation, file with the Trustee, the Credit Facility Provider and the Servicer a copy of an annual report as to the operations and accomplishments of the various funds and programs of the Corporation during such fiscal year, and financial statements for such fiscal year, setting forth in reasonable detail: (i) the balance sheet with respect to the Bonds and Mortgage Loan, showing the assets and liabilities of the Corporation at the end of such fiscal year; (ii) a statement of the Corporation's revenues and expenses in accordance with the categories or classifications established by the Corporation in connection with the Bonds and Mortgage Loan during such fiscal year; (iii) a statement of changes in fund balances, as of the end of such fiscal year; and (iv) a statement of cash flows, as of the end of such fiscal year. The financial statements shall be accompanied by the Certificate of an Accountant stating that the financial statements examined present fairly the financial position of the Corporation at the end of the fiscal year, the results of its operations and the changes in its fund balances and its cash flows for the period examined, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a consistent basis except for changes with which such Accountant concurs.

Except as provided in the second preceding paragraph, any such financial statements may be presented on a consolidated or combined basis with other reports of the Corporation.

A copy of each annual report or special report and any Accountant's Certificate relating thereto shall be mailed promptly thereafter by the Corporation to each Bond owner who shall have filed such owner's name and address with the Corporation for such purposes.

#### No Disposition of Credit Facility

The Trustee shall not, without the prior written consent of the owners of all of the Bonds then Outstanding, transfer, assign or release the Credit Facility except (i) to a successor Trustee, or (ii) to the Credit Facility Provider either (1) upon receipt of an Alternate Security, or (2) upon expiration or other termination of the Credit Facility in

accordance with its terms, including termination on its stated expiration date or upon payment thereunder of the full amount payable thereunder. Except as aforesaid, the Trustee shall not transfer, assign or release the Credit Facility until the principal of and interest on the Bonds shall have been paid or duly provided for in accordance with the terms of the Resolution. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the substitution described in the definition of the term “Initial Credit Facility” is not prohibited by the foregoing.

#### Supplemental Resolutions

Modification of or amendment to the provisions of the Resolution and of the rights and obligations of the Corporation and of the owners of the Bonds may be made by a Supplemental Resolution, with the written consent given as provided in the Resolution, (i) of the owners of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding at the time such consent is given, (ii) in case less than all of the Bonds then Outstanding are affected by the modification or amendment, of the owners of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds so affected and Outstanding at the time such consent is given, and (iii) in case the modification or amendment changes the terms of any Sinking Fund Payment, of the owners of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds of the particular Series and maturity entitled to such Sinking Fund Payment and Outstanding at the time such consent is given; provided, however, that a modification or amendment referred to in (iii) above shall not be permitted unless the Trustee shall have received a Bond Counsel’s Opinion to the effect that such modification or amendment does not adversely affect the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on the Bonds to which the tax covenants apply. If any such modification or amendment will not take effect so long as any Bonds of any specified Series and maturity remain Outstanding, the consent of the owners of such Bonds shall not be required and such Bonds shall not be deemed to be Outstanding for the purpose of any calculation of Outstanding Bonds under this paragraph. No such modification or amendment shall permit a change in the terms of redemption or maturity of the principal of any Outstanding Bond or of any installment of interest thereon or a reduction in the principal amount or the Redemption Price thereof or in the rate of interest thereon without the consent of the owner of such Bond, or shall reduce the percentages or otherwise affect the classes of Bonds the consent of the owners of which is required to effect any such modification or amendment, or shall change or modify any of the rights or obligations of the Trustee or the Credit Facility Provider without its written assent thereto.

The Corporation may adopt, without the consent of any owners of the Bonds, Supplemental Resolutions to, among other things, provide limitations and restrictions in addition to the limitations and restrictions contained in the Resolution on the issuance of other evidences of indebtedness; add to the covenants and agreements of or limitations and restrictions on, the Corporation’s other covenants and agreements or limitations and restrictions which are not contrary to or inconsistent with the Resolution; surrender any right, power or privilege of the Corporation under the Resolution but only if such surrender is not contrary to or inconsistent with the covenants and agreements of the Corporation contained in the Resolution; confirm any pledge under the Resolution, of the Revenues or of any other revenues or assets; modify any of the provisions of the Resolution in any respect whatsoever (but no such modification shall be effective until all Bonds theretofore issued are no longer Outstanding); provide for the issuance of Bonds in coupon form payable to bearer; authorize the issuance of Additional Bonds and prescribe the terms and conditions thereof; provide for such changes as are deemed necessary or desirable by the Corporation in connection with either providing a book-entry system with respect to a Series of Bonds or discontinuing a book-entry system with respect to a Series of Bonds; provide for such changes as are deemed necessary or desirable by the Corporation to take effect on a Change Date on which 100% of the Bonds are subject to mandatory tender; cure any ambiguity, supply any omission or cure or correct any defect or inconsistent provision in the Resolution (provided that the Trustee shall consent thereto); comply with the Code; provide for such changes as are deemed necessary by the Corporation upon delivery of an Alternate Security; or make any additions, deletions or modifications to the Resolution which, in the opinion of the Trustee, are not materially adverse to the interests of the Bond owners.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Resolution, for so long as the Credit Agreement shall be in full force and effect, no supplement, modification or amendment of the Resolution shall take effect without the prior written consent of the Credit Facility Provider.

#### Amendments, Changes and Modifications to the Credit Facility.

Subject to the provisions of the Resolution, the Trustee may, without the consent of the owners of the Bonds, consent to any amendment of the Credit Facility which does not prejudice in any material respect the

interests of the Bondholders. Prior to consenting to any amendment to the Credit Facility, the Trustee shall be entitled to request and receive an opinion of counsel to the effect that all conditions precedent to such amendment have been satisfied. Except for such amendments, the Credit Facility may be amended only with the consent of the Trustee and the owners of a majority in aggregate principal amount of Outstanding Bonds, except that, without the written consent of the owners of all Outstanding Bonds, no amendment may be made to the Credit Facility which would reduce the amounts required to be paid thereunder or change the time for payment of such amounts; provided that any such amounts may be reduced without such consent solely to the extent that such reduction represents a reduction in any fees payable from such amounts.

#### Events of Default and Termination

Each of the following events set forth in clauses (1) through (4) below constitutes an “Event of Default” and the following event set forth in clause (5) below constitutes an “Event of Termination” with respect to the Bonds: (1) payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of or interest on any Bond when and as the same shall become due, whether at maturity or upon call for redemption or otherwise, shall not be made when and as the same shall become due; (2) payment of the Purchase Price of any 2005 Bond tendered in accordance with the Resolution shall not be made when and as the same shall become due; (3) an Act of Bankruptcy of the Corporation; (4) the Corporation shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of the Resolution or shall default in the performance or observance of any of the covenants, agreements or conditions on its part contained in the Resolution or in any applicable Supplemental Resolution or the Bonds (other than any such default resulting in an Event of Default described in clause (1) or (2) above), and such failure, refusal or default shall continue for a period of thirty days after written notice thereof by the Trustee or the owners of not less than 5% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds, provided that the Credit Facility Provider shall have consented in writing to the same constituting an Event of Default; or (5) receipt by the Trustee of written notice from the Credit Facility Provider that (i) an “Event of Default” has occurred and is continuing under the Credit Agreement, (ii) the Mortgagor has failed to (A) provide a PRF Letter of Credit required to be delivered to the Trustee pursuant to the Resolution or (B) renew, replace or extend such PRF Letter of Credit in accordance with the Resolution and the Credit Agreement, or (iii) the long-term debt obligations of the issuer of a PRF Letter of Credit delivered to the Trustee pursuant to the Resolution have been downgraded below either “BBB” by S&P or “Baa” by Moody’s or 30 days have elapsed since a downgrading of the long-term debt obligations of the issuer of such PRF Letter of Credit below “A” by either S&P or Moody’s to a rating of “BBB” or above by S&P or “Baa” or above by Moody’s, in each case together with a written direction from the Credit Facility Provider to the Trustee to exercise either the remedy set forth in clause (5) of the following paragraph or the remedy set forth in clause (8) of the following paragraph as provided in such direction.

#### Remedies

Upon the happening and continuance of an Event of Termination specified in the Resolution, the Trustee shall proceed, in its own name pursuant to the direction of the Credit Facility Provider as described in clause (5) of the preceding paragraph, to protect and enforce the remedies of the Bond owners and the Credit Facility Provider by the remedies set forth in either clause (5) or (8) below; provided, however, the Trustee shall enforce the remedy set forth in clause (5) and clause (8) below within the time limits provided therein. Upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default specified in clause (1) or (2) of the preceding paragraph, the Trustee, with the prior written consent of the Credit Facility Provider shall proceed, or upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default specified in clause (3) or (4) of the preceding paragraph, the Trustee, with the prior written consent of the Credit Facility Provider, may proceed and, upon the written direction of the Credit Facility Provider or at the written request of the owners of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds (together with the written consent of the Credit Facility Provider), shall proceed, in its own name, subject, in each such case, to the provisions of the Resolution, to protect and enforce the rights of the Bond owners by the remedies specified below for particular Events of Default, and such other of the remedies set forth in clauses (1) through (7) below, as the Trustee, being advised by counsel, shall deem most effectual to protect and enforce such rights: (1) by mandamus or other suit, action or proceeding at law or in equity, to enforce all rights of the Bond owners, including the right to require the Corporation to receive and collect Revenues adequate to carry out the covenants and agreements as to the Mortgage Loan (subject to the provisions of the Assignment) and to require the Corporation to carry out any other covenants or agreements with such Bond owners, and to perform its duties under the Act; (2) by bringing suit upon the Bonds; (3) by action or suit in equity, to require the Corporation to account as if it were the trustee of an express

trust for the owners of the Bonds; (4) by action or suit in equity to enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the owners of the Bonds; (5) with the prior written consent of the Credit Facility Provider in the case of an Event of Default or upon the written direction described in clause (5) of the preceding paragraph in the case of an Event of Termination and upon immediate notice to the Corporation, Mortgagor, Credit Facility Provider and the Servicer, by immediately declaring all Bonds or, with respect to an Event of Termination, a portion of the 2005 Bonds in the principal amount specified by the Credit Facility Provider, due and payable whereupon, with respect to any affected 2005 Bonds, such Bonds shall be immediately redeemed, without premium, pursuant to the Resolution, provided that upon the happening and continuance of an Event of Default specified in clause (1) or (2) of the preceding paragraph, the Trustee, with the prior written consent of the Credit Facility Provider shall declare all Bonds due and payable, and provided, further, that with respect to an Event of Termination set forth in clause (ii) or (iii) of clause (5) of the preceding paragraph, the amount so specified by the Credit Facility Provider shall not exceed the amount on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund or the amount available to be drawn under the PRF Letter of Credit, as the case may be; (6) in the event that all Outstanding Bonds are declared due and payable, by selling the Mortgage Loan (subject to the provisions of the Assignment) and any Investment Securities securing such Bonds; (7) by taking such action with respect to or in connection with the Credit Facility, in accordance with its terms, as the Trustee deems necessary to protect the interests of the owners of the 2005 Bonds; or (8) upon the happening and continuance of an Event of Termination and upon receipt of written direction from the Credit Facility Provider, by carrying out a purchase of all or, if so designated by the Credit Facility Provider, a portion of the 2005 Bonds pursuant to the Resolution on a date specified by the Credit Facility Provider, which date shall not be later than eight (8) days following receipt by the Trustee of such direction; provided that with respect to an Event of Termination set forth in clause (ii) or (iii) of clause (5) of the preceding paragraph, the amount so designated by the Credit Facility Provider shall not exceed the amount on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund or the amount available to be drawn under the PRF Letter of Credit, as the case may be.

Anything in the Resolution to the contrary notwithstanding, except as otherwise provided in clause (5) or (8) of the preceding paragraph, the owners of the majority in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding shall have the right, by an instrument or concurrent instruments in writing executed and delivered to the Trustee, to direct the method of conducting all remedial proceedings to be taken by the Trustee under the Resolution, provided that such direction shall not be otherwise than in accordance with law or the provisions of the Resolution, and that the Trustee shall have the right to decline to follow any such direction which in the opinion of the Trustee would be unjustly prejudicial to Bond owners not parties to such direction and provided, further, that notwithstanding the foregoing, the right of such Bond owners to direct proceedings shall be subject to the rights of the Credit Facility Provider, it being understood that the Credit Facility Provider shall in all cases be entitled to direct the method of conducting all remedial proceedings to be taken by the Trustee under the Resolution so long as the Credit Agreement is in full force and effect and no Wrongful Dishonor shall have occurred and be continuing.

No owner of any Bond shall have any right to institute any suit, action, mandamus or other proceeding in equity or at law under the Resolution, or for the protection or enforcement of any right under the Resolution unless a Wrongful Dishonor shall have occurred and be continuing and such owner shall have given to the Trustee and the Credit Facility Provider written notice of the Event of Default or an Event of Termination or breach of duty on account of which such suit, action or proceeding is to be taken, and unless the owners of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding shall have made written request of the Trustee after the right to exercise such powers or right of action, as the case may be, shall have occurred, and shall have afforded the Trustee a reasonable opportunity either to proceed to exercise the powers granted in the Resolution or granted under the law or to institute such action, suit or proceeding in its name and unless, also, there shall have been offered to the Trustee reasonable security and indemnity against the fees, costs, expenses and liabilities to be incurred therein or thereby, and the Trustee shall have refused or neglected to comply with such request within a reasonable time. Nothing contained in the Resolution shall affect or impair the right of any Bond owner to enforce the payment of the principal of and interest on such owner's Bonds, or the obligation of the Corporation to pay the principal of and interest on each Bond to the owner thereof at the time and place in said Bond expressed.

Unless remedied or cured, the Trustee shall give to the Bond owners notice of each Event of Default or Event of Termination under the Resolution known to the Trustee within ninety days after actual knowledge by the Trustee of the occurrence thereof; provided that in the case of the 2005 Bonds, such notice need not be given with respect to any 2005 Bonds for which the Trustee has proceeded to carry out a mandatory purchase of such 2005 Bonds as described in clause (8) under the heading "Remedies" above or has proceeded to carry out a redemption of

such 2005 Bonds as described in clause (5) under the heading “Remedies” above. However, except in the case of default in the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of or interest on any of the Bonds, or in the making of any payment required to be made into the Bond Proceeds Account, the Trustee may withhold such notice if it determines that the withholding of such notice is in the interest of the Bond owners.

#### Priority of Payments After Event of Default or Event of Termination

In the event that upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default or an Event of Termination the funds held by the Trustee shall be insufficient for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of interest then due on the Bonds affected, such funds (other than funds held for the payment or redemption of particular Bonds which have theretofore become due at maturity or by call for redemption) and any other amounts received or collected by the Trustee acting pursuant to the Act and the Resolution, after making provision for the payment of any expenses necessary in the opinion of the Trustee to protect the interest of the owners of such Bonds and for the payment of the fees, charges and expenses and liabilities incurred and advances made by the Trustee in the performance of its duties under the Resolution, shall be applied in the order or priority with respect to Bonds as set forth in the following paragraph and as follows:

(1) Unless the principal of all of such Bonds shall have become or have been declared due and payable, first to the payment to the persons entitled thereto of all installments of interest then due in the order of the maturity of such installments, and, if the amount available shall not be sufficient to pay in full any installment, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts due on such installment, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference; second, to the payment to the persons entitled thereto of the unpaid principal or Redemption Price of any such Bonds which shall have become due, whether at maturity or by call for redemption, in the order of their due dates and, if the amounts available shall not be sufficient to pay in full all the Bonds due on any date, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts of principal or Redemption Price, if any, due on such date, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference; and third, to the payment of amounts owed to the Credit Facility Provider under the Credit Agreement or under any other agreement or document securing obligations owed by the Mortgagor to the Credit Facility Provider or otherwise relating to the provision of the Credit Facility, including amounts to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider to the extent it has made payments under the Credit Facility.

(2) If the principal of all such Bonds shall have become or have been declared due and payable, first, to the payment of the principal and interest then due and unpaid upon such Bonds without preference or priority of principal over interest or of interest over principal, or of any installment of interest over any other installment of interest, or of any such Bond over any other such Bond, ratably, according to the amounts due respectively for principal and interest, to the persons entitled thereto without any discrimination or preference except as to any difference in the respective rates of interest specified in such Bonds, and second, to pay the Credit Facility Provider amounts owed to it under the Credit Agreement, including reimbursement to the extent it has made payments under the Credit Facility.

#### Rights of the Credit Facility Provider

Notwithstanding anything contained in the Resolution to the contrary, (i) all rights of the Credit Facility Provider under the Resolution, including, but not limited to, the right to consent to, approve, initiate or direct extensions, remedies, waivers, actions and amendments thereunder shall (as to the Credit Facility Provider) cease, terminate and become null and void (a) if, and for so long as, there is a Wrongful Dishonor of the Credit Facility by the Credit Facility Provider, or (b) if the Credit Agreement is no longer in effect; provided, however, that notwithstanding any such Wrongful Dishonor, the Credit Facility Provider shall be entitled to receive notices pursuant to the Resolution in accordance with the terms of the Resolution and (ii) if, and for so long as, there is a Wrongful Dishonor of the Credit Facility by the Credit Facility Provider or if the Credit Agreement is no longer in effect, all rights of the Credit Facility Provider with respect to the Principal Reserve Fund (including, but not limited to, directing the use of amounts therein) may be exercised by the Corporation.

### Payments Due on Days Not Business Days

If the date for making any payment of principal or Redemption Price of or interest on any of the Bonds shall be a day other than a Business Day, then payment of such principal or Redemption Price of or interest on such Bonds need not be made on such date but may be made on the next succeeding Business Day; provided, however, in the case of such payment, other than with respect to interest payable on the maturity date of the 2005 Bonds, interest shall accrue to but not including such next succeeding Business Day.

## **SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE REIMBURSEMENT AGREEMENT**

The Credit Enhancement Instrument is issued pursuant to the Reimbursement Agreement which obligates the Mortgagor, among other things, to reimburse Fannie Mae for funds provided by Fannie Mae under the Credit Enhancement Instrument and to pay various fees and expenses, in each case as provided in the Reimbursement Agreement. The Reimbursement Agreement governs obligations of the Mortgagor to Fannie Mae on account of Fannie Mae providing such credit enhancement. The Reimbursement Agreement may be amended by the Mortgagor and Fannie Mae and compliance with the provisions of the Reimbursement Agreement may be waived by Fannie Mae, in either case, without the consent of or notice to the Bondholders, the Trustee or the Corporation.

The Reimbursement Agreement sets forth various affirmative and negative covenants of the Mortgagor.

Set forth below is an abridged or summarized excerpt of the events of default and remedies sections of the Reimbursement Agreement. This excerpt does not purport to be complete or to cover all sections of the Reimbursement Agreement. Reference is made to the Reimbursement Agreement, a copy of which is on file with the Trustee, for a complete statement of the rights, duties and obligations of Fannie Mae and the Mortgagor.

### Events of Default

The occurrence of any one or more of the following events constitutes an event of default under the Reimbursement Agreement:

(i) the Mortgagor fails to pay when due any amount payable by the Mortgagor under the Reimbursement Agreement, the Mortgage Note, the Loan Agreement, the Mortgage or any other Borrower Document; or

(ii) the occurrence of any "Event of Default" under the Borrower Documents or documents relating to the Taxable Loan or any other indebtedness secured by the Project, beyond any cure period set forth in that Borrower Document or documents relating to the Taxable Loan or any other indebtedness secured by the Project, as the case may be; or

(iii) fraud or material misrepresentation or material omission by the Mortgagor, or any of its officers, directors, trustees, general partners or managers, Key Principal or any guarantor:

(a) contained in the Reimbursement Agreement, the certificate of the Mortgagor or any other Borrower Document or any certificate delivered by the Mortgagor to Fannie Mae or to the Servicer pursuant to the Reimbursement Agreement or any other Borrower Document; or

(b) in connection with (i) the application for or creation of the Mortgage Loan or the Credit Enhancement Instrument, (ii) any financial statement, rent roll, or other report or information provided to Fannie Mae or the Servicer during the term of the Reimbursement Agreement or the Mortgage Loan, or (iii) any request for Fannie Mae's consent to any proposed action, including a request for disbursement of funds under any Collateral Agreement, as such term is defined in the Reimbursement Agreement; or

(iv) the Mortgagor fails to pay when due any amount payable by the Mortgagor under the ground lease relating to the land on which the Project is located, the documents relating to the Taxable Loan or the Mortgage; or

(v) (i) the Mortgagor fails to pay when due or within any applicable grace period any amount payable by the Mortgagor under any hedging arrangement or (ii) the occurrence of any other default or event of default, however described, by the Mortgagor under any hedging arrangement; or

(vi) any judgment against the Mortgagor or any managing member of the Mortgagor or any Key Principal for which such managing member of the Mortgagor or Key Principal received notice of such judgment, or any attachment or other levy against the property of the Mortgagor or any managing member of the Mortgagor or Key Principal with respect to a claim that remains unpaid, unstayed on appeal, undischarged, unbonded, not fully insured or undismissed for a period of thirty (30) days (in the case of judgments, attachments or levies against the property of the Mortgagor or any managing member) or sixty (60) days (in the case of judgments, attachments or levies against the property of any Key Principal); or

(vii) failure, upon request, to furnish to Fannie Mae the results of official searches made by any governmental authority, or failure by the Mortgagor to comply with any requirement of any governmental authority within the time period required by such governmental authority; or

(viii) any failure by the Mortgagor to perform or observe any of its obligations set forth in the Reimbursement Agreement (other than as set forth in subsections (i) through (iv) above), as and when required, which continues for a period of thirty (30) days after notice of such failure by Fannie Mae or the Servicer to the Mortgagor, but no such notice or grace period shall apply in the case of any such failure which could, in Fannie Mae's or the Servicer's judgment, absent immediate exercise by Fannie Mae of a right or remedy under the Reimbursement Agreement, result in harm to Fannie Mae, impairment of the Mortgage Note, the Reimbursement Agreement, the Mortgage or any other security given under any other Borrower Document.

## Remedies

Upon the occurrence of an "Event of Default" under the Reimbursement Agreement described above, the Obligations (as such term is defined in the Reimbursement Agreement) and all amounts owing under the Reimbursement Agreement may be declared by Fannie Mae to become immediately due and payable, without presentment, demand, protest or notice of any kind, including notice of default, notice of intent to accelerate or notice of acceleration. In addition, Fannie Mae shall have the right to take such action at law or in equity, without notice or demand, as it deems advisable to protect and enforce the rights of Fannie Mae against the Mortgagor and/or in and to the Project, including, but not limited to, any one or more or all of the following actions:

(i) deliver to the Trustee written notice that an "Event of Default" has occurred under the Reimbursement Agreement and direct the Trustee to take such action pursuant to the Borrower Documents as Fannie Mae may determine, including a request that the Trustee call the 2005 Bonds for mandatory redemption in whole or in part or mandatory tender in whole in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Resolution;

(ii) demand that the Mortgagor provides cash collateral or Investment Securities in an amount equal to the maximum liability of Fannie Mae under the Credit Enhancement Instrument, whether or not then due and payable by Fannie Mae; and

(iii) exercise any of rights and remedies available to Fannie Mae under the Borrower Documents; or

### Remedy Upon PRF Triggering Event or Failure to Maintain PRF Letter of Credit

If the Mortgagor fails to deposit a PRF Letter of Credit to the Principal Reserve Fund following a PRF Triggering Event or fails to amend, supplement, extend or replace the PRF Letter of Credit deposited in the Principal Reserve Fund following a PRF Triggering Event or the long-term debt obligations of the issuer of the PRF Letter of Credit deposited in the Principal Reserve Fund following a PRF Triggering Event as set forth in the Reimbursement Agreement are downgraded, Fannie Mae may, but shall not be obligated to, as its only remedy under the Reimbursement Agreement, direct the Trustee to (i) redeem the 2005 Bonds (regardless of whether such 2005 Bonds are then scheduled for redemption), at such times and in such amounts (up to the amounts on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund) as determined by Fannie Mae; and (ii) to apply the amount on deposit in the Principal Reserve Fund to reimburse Fannie Mae for advances with respect to such redemptions.

### **AGREEMENT OF THE STATE**

Section 657 of the Act provides that the State agrees with the holders of obligations of the Corporation, including owners of the 2005 Bonds, that it will not limit or alter the rights vested by the Act in the Corporation to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with the owners of the 2005 Bonds, or in any way impair the rights and remedies of such owners until the 2005 Bonds, together with the interest thereon, with interest on any unpaid installments of interest, and all costs and expenses in connection with any action or proceeding by or on behalf of such owners of the 2005 Bonds, are fully met and discharged.

### **CONTINUING DISCLOSURE**

The Mortgagor has undertaken all responsibilities for any continuing disclosure to owners of the 2005 Bonds as described below, and the Corporation shall have no liability to the owners or any other person with respect to such disclosures. The Mortgagor has covenanted for the benefit of owners and Beneficial Owners of the 2005 Bonds to provide its audited financial statements and certain financial information and operating data relating to the Mortgagor by not later than one hundred eighty (180) days after the end of each fiscal year (which fiscal year currently ends on December 31), commencing with the report for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2004 (the "Annual Report"), and to provide notices of the occurrence of certain enumerated events, if material. The Annual Report is required to be filed by the Mortgagor with each Nationally Recognized Municipal Securities Information Repository and with any then-existing state Repository (collectively, the "Repositories"). All notices of material events are required to be filed by the Mortgagor with the Repositories. The specific nature of the information to be contained in the Annual Report and the notices of material events is described in Appendix E -- "FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT." These covenants have been made in order to assist the Underwriter in complying with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5).

The Mortgagor has not previously been subject to the continuing disclosure requirements of Rule 15c2-12.

### **TAX MATTERS**

#### Opinion of Bond Counsel

2005 Bonds. In the opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation, under existing statutes and court decisions and assuming continuing compliance with certain tax covenants described herein, (i) interest on the 2005 Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Code, except that no opinion is expressed as to such exclusion of interest on any 2005 Bond for any period during which such 2005 Bond is held by a person who, within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code, is a "substantial user" of the facilities financed with the proceeds of the 2005 Bonds or a "related person," and (ii) interest on the 2005 Bonds is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals and corporations under the Code; such interest, however, is included in the adjusted current earnings of certain corporations for purposes of calculating the alternative minimum tax imposed on such corporations. In rendering such opinion, Bond Counsel

has relied on certain representations, certifications of fact, and statements of reasonable expectations made by the Corporation, the Mortgagor and others, in connection with the 2005 Bonds, and Bond Counsel has assumed compliance by the Corporation and the Mortgagor with certain ongoing covenants to comply with applicable requirements of the Code to assure the exclusion of interest on the 2005 Bonds from gross income under Section 103 of the Code.

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing statutes, interest on the 2005 Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York).

Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any other Federal or state tax consequences with respect to the 2005 Bonds. Bond Counsel renders its opinion under existing statutes and court decisions as of the issue date, and assumes no obligation to update its opinion after the issue date to reflect any future action, fact or circumstance, or change in law or interpretation, or otherwise. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion on the effect of any action hereafter taken or not taken in reliance upon an opinion of other counsel on the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on the 2005 Bonds, or under state and local tax law.

#### Summary of Certain Federal Tax Requirements

The 2005 Bonds are being issued as “Qualified New York Liberty Bonds” pursuant to the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002 (the “Liberty Bond Act”). Under the Liberty Bond Act, Qualified New York Liberty Bonds, the interest on which is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes, may be issued to finance residential rental property within the boundaries of a zone generally described as being located in the borough of Manhattan, below Canal Street, East Broadway and Grand Street (the “Liberty Zone”). The Project is a residential rental property located within the Liberty Zone.

The Code establishes certain additional requirements which must be met subsequent to the issuance and delivery of the 2005 Bonds in order that interest on the 2005 Bonds be and remain excluded from gross income under Section 103 of the Code. These requirements include, but are not limited to, requirements relating to the use and expenditure of proceeds of the 2005 Bonds, yield and other limits regarding investment of the proceeds of the 2005 Bonds and other funds, and rebate of certain investment earnings on such amounts on a periodic basis to the United States.

The Corporation has covenanted in the Resolution that it shall at all times do and perform all acts and things permitted by law necessary or desirable in order to assure that interest paid on the 2005 Bonds shall be excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. In furtherance thereof, the Corporation is to enter into the Regulatory Agreement with the Mortgagor to assure compliance with the Code. However, no assurance can be given that in the event of a breach of any such covenants, or noncompliance with the procedures or certifications set forth therein, the remedies available to the Corporation and/or 2005 Bond owners can be judicially enforced in such manner as to assure compliance with the above-described requirements and therefore to prevent the loss of the exclusion of interest from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. Any loss of such exclusion of interest from gross income may be retroactive to the date from which interest on the 2005 Bonds is payable.

#### Certain Collateral Federal Tax Consequences

The following is a brief discussion of certain collateral Federal income tax matters with respect to the 2005 Bonds. It does not purport to address all aspects of Federal taxation that may be relevant to a particular owner of a 2005 Bond. Prospective investors, particularly those who may be subject to special rules, are advised to consult their own tax advisors regarding the Federal tax consequences of owning and disposing of the 2005 Bonds.

Prospective owners of 2005 Bonds should be aware that the ownership of such obligations may result in collateral Federal income tax consequences to various categories of persons, such as corporations (including S Corporations and certain foreign corporations), financial institutions, property and casualty and life insurance companies, individual recipients of Social Security or railroad retirement benefits, individuals otherwise eligible for the earned income credit, and taxpayers deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry

obligations the interest on which is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. Interest on the 2005 Bonds may be taken into account in determining the tax liability of foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax imposed by Section 884 of the Code.

### Legislation

Legislation affecting municipal bonds is frequently considered by the United States Congress. There can be no assurance that legislation enacted or proposed after the date of issuance of the 2005 Bonds will not have an adverse effect on the tax-exempt status of the 2005 Bonds or the market price of the 2005 Bonds.

## **NO LITIGATION**

### The Corporation

At the time of delivery and payment for the 2005 Bonds, the Corporation will deliver, or cause to be delivered, a certificate of the Corporation substantially to the effect that there is no litigation or other proceeding now pending or threatened against the Corporation of which the Corporation has notice or, to the knowledge of the Corporation, any basis therefor, seeking to restrain or enjoin the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the 2005 Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the 2005 Bonds or any proceedings of the Corporation taken with respect to the issuance or sale thereof or the financing of the Mortgage Loan or the pledge or application of any moneys or security provided for the payment of the 2005 Bonds or the existence or powers of the Corporation, or contesting in any material respect the completeness or accuracy of the Official Statement or any supplement or amendment thereto, or challenging the exclusion of interest on the 2005 Bonds from gross income for Federal income tax purposes.

### The Mortgagor

At the time of delivery and payment for the 2005 Bonds, the Mortgagor will deliver, or cause to be delivered, a certificate of the Mortgagor substantially to the effect that, except as described above under the caption “THE PROJECT AND THE MORTGAGOR – The Project,” there is no litigation of any nature now pending, or to the knowledge of its managing member, threatened against or adversely affecting the Mortgagor, seeking to restrain or enjoin the sale, execution or delivery of the 2005 Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the 2005 Bonds, any proceedings of the Mortgagor taken with respect to the sale, execution or delivery thereof, its existence or powers, or the application of any moneys or security provided for the payment of the 2005 Bonds, or contesting in any material respect the completeness or accuracy of the Official Statement or any supplement or amendment thereto, or challenging the exclusion of interest on the 2005 Bonds from gross income for Federal income tax purposes.

## **CERTAIN LEGAL MATTERS**

All legal matters incident to the authorization, issuance, sale and delivery of the 2005 Bonds by the Corporation are subject to the approval of Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, New York, New York, Bond Counsel. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Corporation by its General Counsel. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Fannie Mae by its Office of General Counsel and by its Special Counsel, O’Melveny & Myers LLP, New York, New York. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Mortgagor by its Special Counsel, Swidler Berlin LLP, New York, New York. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Underwriter by its Counsel, Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, New York, New York.

## **LEGALITY OF 2005 BONDS FOR INVESTMENT AND DEPOSIT**

Under the provisions of Section 662 of the Act, the 2005 Bonds are made securities in which all public officers and bodies of the State of New York and all municipalities and municipal subdivisions, all insurance

companies and associations and other persons carrying on an insurance business, all banks, bankers, trust companies, savings banks and savings associations, including savings and loan associations, building and loan associations, investment companies and other persons carrying on a banking business, all administrators, guardians, executors, trustees and other fiduciaries, and all other persons whatsoever who are now or may hereafter be authorized to invest in bonds or in other obligations of the State, may properly and legally invest funds, including capital, in their control or belonging to them. The 2005 Bonds are also securities which may be deposited with and may be received by all public officers and bodies of the State and all municipalities and public corporations for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds or other obligations of the State is now or may hereafter be authorized.

### **RATINGS**

Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. has assigned to the 2005 Bonds a rating of "AAA." Such rating reflects only the view of such organization and an explanation of the significance of such rating may be obtained from such rating agency. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised or withdrawn entirely by such rating agency, if in its judgment, circumstances so warrant. A revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an effect on the market price of the 2005 Bonds.

### **FURTHER INFORMATION**

The information contained in this Official Statement is subject to change without notice and no implication should be derived therefrom or from the sale of the 2005 Bonds that there has been no change in the affairs of the Corporation from the date hereof. Pursuant to the Resolution, the Corporation has covenanted to keep proper books of record and account in which full, true and correct entries will be made of all its dealings and transactions under the Resolution and to cause such books to be audited for each fiscal year. The Resolution requires that such books be open to inspection by the Trustee and the owners of not less than 5% of the 2005 Bonds issued thereunder during regular business hours of the Corporation and that the Corporation furnish a copy of the auditor's report, when available, upon the request of the owner of any Outstanding 2005 Bond.

Additional information may be obtained from the undersigned at 110 William Street, 10<sup>th</sup> Floor, New York, New York 10038, (212) 227-5500 or through its internet address: [www.nychdc.com](http://www.nychdc.com).



**DEFINITIONS OF CERTAIN TERMS**

This Appendix A does not purport to be comprehensive or definitive and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Resolution, Credit Enhancement Instrument, Reimbursement Agreement, Assignment and Mortgage Note, copies of which may be obtained from the Corporation. The following terms shall have the following meanings in the Resolution, Credit Enhancement Instrument, Reimbursement Agreement, Assignment and Mortgage Note for the 2005 Bonds unless the context shall clearly indicate otherwise.

“Account” means one of the special accounts (other than the Rebate Fund) created and established pursuant to the Resolution, including the Principal Reserve Fund.

“Accountant” means such reputable and experienced independent certified public accountant or firm of independent certified public accountants as may be selected by the Corporation and satisfactory to the Trustee and may be the accountant or firm of accountants who regularly audit the books and accounts of the Corporation.

“Act of Bankruptcy” means the filing of a petition in bankruptcy (or other commencement of a bankruptcy or similar proceeding) by or against the Mortgagor, any managing member of the Mortgagor, the Corporation or the Credit Facility Provider, as and if applicable, under any applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or similar law, now or hereafter in effect.

“Additional Bonds” means Bonds, other than the 2005 Bonds, authorized pursuant to the Resolution.

“Administrative Fee” means the administrative fee of the Corporation in the amount set forth in the Commitment, plus the amount specified in a Supplemental Resolution in connection with the issuance of Additional Bonds.

“Alternate Security” means any instrument in effect and purpose similar to the Initial Credit Facility, including, but not limited to, a letter of credit, guaranty, standby loan commitment, bond or mortgage insurance policy, standby purchase agreement, credit enhancement instrument, collateral agreement or surety bond, mortgage-backed security or other credit or liquidity facility issued by a financial institution, including, without limitation, Fannie Mae, or any combination thereof, (i) approved by the Corporation and delivered to the Trustee for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds (except that a mortgage insurance policy may be delivered to the Corporation), (ii) replacing any existing Credit Facility, (iii) dated as of a date not later than the expiration date of the Credit Facility for which the same is to be substituted, if a Credit Facility is then in effect, (iv) which shall expire not earlier than a date which is 15 days after an Interest Payment Date for the Bonds (other than the maturity date of the Bonds), and (v) issued on substantially similar terms and conditions with respect to the rights of the owners of the Bonds (including, but not limited to, the Mandatory Purchase Provision) as the then existing Credit Facility, provided that the stated amount of the Alternate Security shall equal the sum of (x) the aggregate principal amount of 2005 Bonds at the time Outstanding, plus (y) the Interest Requirement.

“Assignment” means the Assignment and Agreement, with respect to, among other things, the Mortgage Loan, by the Corporation to the Trustee and the Credit Facility Provider, and acknowledged and agreed to by the Mortgagor, as the same may be amended or supplemented from time to time.

“Authorized Officer” means (a) when used with respect to the Corporation, the Chairperson, Vice Chairperson, President, Executive Vice President or any Senior Vice President of the Corporation and, in the case of any act to be performed or duty to be discharged, any other member, officer or employee of the Corporation then authorized to perform such act or discharge such duty; (b) when used with respect to the Mortgagor, any managing member of the Mortgagor then authorized to act for the Mortgagor and, in the case of any act to be performed or duty to be discharged, any officer or employee of the Mortgagor then authorized to perform such act or discharge such duty; (c) when used with respect to the Trustee, any Vice President or Assistant Vice President of the Trustee then authorized to act for the Trustee, and, in the case of any act to be performed or duty to be discharged, any other officer or employee of the Trustee then authorized to perform such act or discharge such duty; and (d) when used

with respect to any Credit Facility Provider, any officer or employee of the Credit Facility Provider designated, by name or official title, in writing to the Corporation and the Trustee.

“Beneficial Owner” means, whenever used with respect to a 2005 Bond, the person in whose name such Bond is recorded as the beneficial owner of such Bond by a Participant on the records of such Participant or such person’s subrogee.

“Bond” means one of the bonds to be authenticated and delivered pursuant to the Resolution.

“Bond Counsel” means an attorney or firm of attorneys of nationally recognized standing in the field of law relating to municipal, state and public agency financing, selected by the Corporation after consultation with the Credit Facility Provider and the Mortgagor, and satisfactory to the Trustee.

“Bond Counsel’s Opinion” means an opinion signed by Bond Counsel.

“Bond owner” or “owner” or “Bondholder” or “holder” or words of similar import, when used with reference to a Bond, means any person who shall be the registered owner of any Outstanding Bond.

“Bond Proceeds Account” means the Bond Proceeds Account established pursuant to the Resolution.

“Bond Year” means a twelve-month period ending on the anniversary of the date of issuance of a Series of Bonds in any year.

“Borrower Document” means any mortgage document or bond document relating to the Project.

“Business Day” means a day other than (a) a Saturday or a Sunday, (b) any day on which banking institutions located in the City of New York, New York, or the city in which the Principal Office of the Trustee is located are required or authorized by law to close, (c) a day on which the New York Stock Exchange is closed, (d) a day on which the Credit Facility Provider is closed or (e) a day on which DTC is closed.

“Certificate” means (a) a signed document either attesting to or acknowledging the circumstances, representations or other matters therein stated or set forth or setting forth matters to be determined pursuant to the Resolution or (b) the report of an accountant as to audit or other procedures called for by the Resolution.

“Change Date” means (i) an Interest Method Change Date or (ii) a Facility Change Date or (iii) a date specified by the Credit Facility Provider pursuant to the provisions of the Resolution for carrying out a purchase of the 2005 Bonds pursuant to the Resolution in connection with an Event of Termination.

“City” means The City of New York, a municipal corporation organized and existing under and pursuant to the laws of the State.

“Code” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

“Commitment” means the Financing Commitment and Agreement dated as of January 18, 2005 between the Corporation and the Mortgagor, as the same may be amended or supplemented from time to time.

“Corporation” means the New York City Housing Development Corporation, or any body, agency or instrumentality of the State which shall hereafter succeed to the powers, duties and functions of the Corporation.

“Costs of Issuance” means all items of expense, directly or indirectly payable or reimbursable by or to the Corporation and related to the authorization, sale and issuance of Bonds, including but not limited to underwriting discount or fee, printing costs, costs of preparation and reproduction of documents, filing and recording fees, initial fees and charges of the Trustee and the Credit Facility Provider, legal fees and charges, fees and disbursements of consultants and professionals, costs of credit ratings, fees and charges for preparation, execution, transportation and

safekeeping of Bonds, the financing fee of the Corporation, and any other cost, charge or fee in connection with the original issuance of Bonds.

“Credit Agreement” means, with respect to the Initial Credit Facility, the Reimbursement Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2005 between the Initial Credit Facility Provider and the Mortgagor, as the same may be amended or supplemented from time to time, and with respect to any Alternate Security, the agreement between the Mortgagor and the Credit Facility Provider issuing such Alternate Security providing for the issuance of such Alternate Security.

“Credit Enhancement Instrument” means the Credit Enhancement Instrument, dated the date of initial issuance of the 2005 Bonds, executed and delivered by Fannie Mae to the Trustee, as such Credit Enhancement Instrument may be amended, modified, supplemented or restated from time to time.

“Credit Facility” means the Initial Credit Facility or Alternate Security, as the case may be, then providing for the timely payment of the principal of and interest on and Purchase Price, if applicable, of the Bonds.

“Credit Facility Payments” means amounts obtained under a Credit Facility with respect to the Bonds.

“Credit Facility Payments Sub-Account” means the Credit Facility Payments Sub-Account established pursuant to the Resolution.

“Credit Facility Provider” means, so long as the Initial Credit Facility is in effect, the Initial Credit Facility Provider, or, so long as an Alternate Security is in effect, the issuer of or obligor under such Alternate Security.

“Escrow Payments” means and includes all amounts whether paid directly to the Corporation, to its assignee of the Mortgage Loan, or to the Servicer representing payments to obtain or maintain mortgage insurance or any subsidy with respect to the Mortgage Loan or the mortgaged premises or payments in connection with real estate taxes, assessments, water charges, sewer rents, fire or other insurance, replacement or operating reserves, or other like payments in connection therewith.

“Event of Default” means any of the events specified in the Resolution as an Event of Default.

“Event of Termination” means the event specified in the Resolution as an Event of Termination.

“Facility Change Date” means (i) any date on which a new Credit Facility replaces the prior Credit Facility (but not including any substitution for the Initial Credit Facility as specified in the definition of “Initial Credit Facility”), (ii) any date on which the Credit Facility terminates or expires and is not extended or replaced by a new Credit Facility, or (iii) the Liquidity Expiration Date; provided that a Facility Change Date may only occur on a Business Day immediately following an Auction Period during any ARS Rate Period.

“Fannie Mae” means a corporation organized and existing under the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act, 12 U.S.C. §1716 et seq., as amended from time to time, and its successors and assigns.

“Fee Component” means that portion of the Administrative Fee representing the regularly scheduled monthly servicing fee of .10% per annum of the outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Note, payable to the Corporation pursuant to the terms of the Loan Agreement.

“FHA” means the Federal Housing Administration of HUD, and its successors and assigns.

“Government Obligations” means (i) direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America, including, but not limited to, United States Treasury Obligations, Separate Trading of Registered Interest and Principal of Securities (STRIPS) and Coupons Under Book Entry Safekeeping (CUBES), provided the underlying United States Treasury Obligation is not callable prior to maturity, and (ii) obligations of the Resolution Funding Corporation, including, but not limited to, obligations of the Resolution Funding Corporation stripped by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

“Highest Rating Category” has the meaning, with respect to an Investment Security, given in this definition. If the 2005 Bonds are rated by a Rating Agency, the term “Highest Rating Category” means, with respect to an Investment Security, that the Investment Security is rated by each Rating Agency in the highest rating given by that Rating Agency for that general category of security. If at any time the 2005 Bonds are not rated (and, consequently, there is no Rating Agency), then the term “Highest Rating Category” means, with respect to an Investment Security, that the Investment Security is rated by S&P or Moody’s in the highest rating given by that rating agency for that general category of security. By way of example, the Highest Rating Category for tax-exempt municipal debt established by S&P is “A-1+” for debt with a term of one year or less and “AAA” for a term greater than one year, with corresponding ratings by Moody’s of “MIG-1” (for fixed rate) or “VMIG-1” (for variable rate) for one year or less and “Aaa” for greater than one year. If at any time (i) the 2005 Bonds are not rated, (ii) both S&P and Moody’s rate an Investment Security and (iii) one of those ratings is below the Highest Rating Category, then such Investment Security will, nevertheless, be deemed to be rated in the Highest Rating Category if the lower rating is no more than one rating category below the highest rating category of that rating agency. For example, an Investment Security rated “AAA” by S&P and “Aa3” by Moody’s is rated in the Highest Rating Category. If, however, the lower rating is more than one full rating category below the Highest Rating Category of that rating agency, then the Investment Security will be deemed to be rated below the Highest Rating Category. For example, an Investment Security rated “AAA” by S&P and “A1” by Moody’s is not rated in the Highest Rating Category.

“HUD” means the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, its successors and assigns.

“Initial Credit Facility” means the Credit Enhancement Instrument, dated the date of the initial issuance of the 2005 Bonds, between the Initial Credit Facility Provider and the Trustee, as the same may be amended, modified or supplemented from time to time and shall also include any substitute therefor provided by the Initial Credit Facility Provider meeting the requirements of the Loan Agreement, as such substitute may be amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.

“Initial Credit Facility Provider” means Fannie Mae.

“Interest Method Change Date” means any date on which the method of determining the interest rate on the 2005 Bonds changes, as established by the terms and provisions of the Resolution; provided that an Interest Method Change Date may only occur on the Business Day immediately following an Auction Period during any ARS Rate Period.

“Interest Payment Date” means any date upon which interest on the Bonds is due and payable in accordance with their terms.

“Interest Requirement” means (a) during an ARS Rate Period of 180 days or less, 35 days’ interest on the 2005 Bonds at the Maximum Rate, and (b) during an ARS Rate Period of 180 days or more, 210 days’ interest on the 2005 Bonds at the Maximum Rate; or in the case of either (a) or (b), such other number of days as may be permitted or required by the Rating Agency.

“Investment Securities” means and includes any of the following obligations, to the extent the same are at the time legal for investment of funds of the Corporation under the Act, including the amendments thereto hereafter made, or under other applicable law:

- (A) So long as the Initial Credit Facility is in effect,
  - (a) Government Obligations;
  - (b) Direct obligations of, and obligations on which the full and timely payment of principal and interest is unconditionally guaranteed by, any agency or instrumentality of the United States of America (other than the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation) or direct obligations of the World Bank, which obligations are rated in the Highest Rating Category;

(c) Obligations, in each case rated in the Highest Rating Category, of (i) any state or territory of the United States of America, (ii) any agency, instrumentality, authority or political subdivision of a state or territory or (iii) any public benefit or municipal corporation the principal of and interest on which are guaranteed by such state or political subdivision;

(d) Any written repurchase agreement entered into with a Qualified Financial Institution whose unsecured short-term obligations are rated in the Highest Rating Category;

(e) Commercial paper rated in the Highest Rating Category;

(f) (i) Interest-bearing negotiable certificates of deposit, interest-bearing time deposits, interest-bearing savings accounts and bankers' acceptances, issued by a Qualified Financial Institution if either (A) the Qualified Financial Institution's unsecured short-term obligations are rated in the Highest Rating Category or (B) such deposits, accounts or acceptances are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation;

(g) An agreement held by the Trustee for the investment of moneys at a guaranteed rate with (i) the Credit Facility Provider or (ii) a Qualified Financial Institution whose unsecured long-term obligations are rated in the Highest Rating Category, or whose obligations are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by a Qualified Financial Institution whose unsecured long-term obligations are rated in the Highest Rating Category; provided that such agreement is in a form acceptable to the Credit Facility Provider; and provided further that such agreement includes the following restrictions:

(1) the invested funds will be available for withdrawal without penalty or premium, at any time that (A) the Trustee is required to pay moneys from the Accounts established under the Resolution to which the agreement is applicable, or (B) any Rating Agency indicates that it will lower or actually lowers, suspends or withdraws the rating on the Bonds on account of the rating of the Qualified Financial Institution providing, guaranteeing or insuring, as applicable, the agreement;

(2) the agreement, and if applicable the guarantee or insurance, is an unconditional and general obligation of the provider and, if applicable, the guarantor or insurer of the agreement, and ranks pari passu with all other unsecured unsubordinated obligations of the provider, and if applicable, the guarantor or insurer of the agreement;

(3) the Trustee receives an opinion of counsel, who may be counsel to the provider of such agreement, which opinion may be subject to customary qualifications, that such agreement is legal, valid, binding and enforceable upon the provider in accordance with its terms and, if applicable, an opinion of counsel that any guaranty or insurance policy provided by a guarantor or insurer is legal, valid, binding and enforceable upon the guarantor or insurer in accordance with its terms; and

(4) the agreement provides that if during its term the rating of the Qualified Financial Institution providing, guaranteeing or insuring, as applicable, the agreement, is withdrawn, suspended by any Rating Agency, or falls below the Highest Rating Category, the provider must, within 10 days, either: (A) collateralize the agreement (if the agreement is not already collateralized) with Investment Securities described in paragraph (a) or (b) by depositing collateral with the Trustee or a third party custodian, such collateralization to be effected in a manner and in an amount sufficient to maintain the then current rating of the Bonds, or, if the agreement is already collateralized, increase the collateral with Investment Securities described in paragraph (a) or (b) by depositing collateral with the Trustee or a third party custodian, so as to maintain the then current rating of the Bonds, (B) at the request of the Trustee or the Credit Facility Provider, repay the principal of and accrued but unpaid interest on the investment, in either case with no penalty or premium unless required by law or (C) transfer the agreement, guarantee or insurance, as applicable, to a replacement provider, guarantor or insurer, as applicable, then meeting the requirements of a Qualified Financial Institution and whose unsecured long-term obligations are then rated in the Highest Rating Category. The agreement may provide that the down-graded provider may elect which of the remedies to the down-grade (other than the remedy set out in (B)) to perform.

(h) Subject to the ratings requirements set forth in this definition, shares in any money market mutual fund (including those of the Trustee or any of its affiliates) registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, that have been rated AAAM-G or AAAM by S&P or Aaa by Moody's so long as the portfolio of such money market mutual fund is limited to Government Obligations and agreements to repurchase Government Obligations. If approved in writing by the Credit Facility Provider, a money market mutual fund portfolio may also contain obligations and agreements to repurchase obligations described in paragraphs (b) or (c). If the Bonds are rated by a Rating Agency, the money market mutual fund must be rated AAAM-G or AAAM by S&P, if S&P is a Rating Agency, or Aaa by Moody's, if Moody's is a Rating Agency. If at any time the Bonds are not rated (and, consequently, there is no Rating Agency), then the money market mutual fund must be rated AAAM-G or AAAM by S&P or Aaa by Moody's. If at any time (i) the Bonds are not rated, (ii) both S&P and Moody's rate a money market mutual fund and (iii) one of those ratings is below the level required by this paragraph, then such money market mutual fund will, nevertheless, be deemed to be rated in the Highest Rating Category if the lower rating is no more than one rating category below the highest rating category of that rating agency; and

(i) Any other investment authorized by the laws of the State, if such investment is approved in writing by the Credit Facility Provider and each Rating Agency.

Investment Securities shall not include any of the following:

(1) Except for any investment described in the next sentence, any investment with a final maturity or any agreement with a term greater than one year from the date of the investment. This exception (1) shall not apply to any obligation that provides for the mandatory tender, at par, by the holder of such obligation at least once within one year of the date of purchase, Government Obligations irrevocably deposited with the Trustee for payment of Bonds pursuant to the Resolution, and Investment Securities listed in paragraphs (g) and (i));

(2) Except for any obligation described in paragraph (a) or (b), any obligation with a purchase price greater or less than the par value of such obligation;

(3) Any asset-backed security, including mortgage-backed securities, real estate mortgage investment conduits, collateralized mortgage obligations, credit card receivable asset-backed securities and auto loan asset-backed securities;

(4) Any interest-only or principal-only stripped security;

(5) Any obligation bearing interest at an inverse floating rate;

(6) Any investment which may be prepaid or called at a price less than its purchase price prior to stated maturity;

(7) Any investment the interest rate on which is variable and is established other than by reference to a single index plus a fixed spread, if any, and which interest rate moves proportionately with that index;

(8) Any investment described in paragraph (d) or (g) with, or guaranteed or insured by, a Qualified Financial Institution described in clause (iv) of the definition of Qualified Financial Institution if such institution does not agree to submit to jurisdiction, venue and service of process in the United States of America in the agreement relating to the investment; or

(9) Any investment to which S&P has added an "r" or "t" highlighter.

(B) So long as the Initial Credit Facility is not in effect,

(1) Government Obligations;

(2) any bond, debenture, note, participation certificate or other similar obligation issued by any one or combination of the following agencies: Government National Mortgage Association, Federal Land Banks,

Federal Home Loan Banks, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, Federal Farm Credit System Banks Consolidated Obligations, Banks for Cooperatives, Tennessee Valley Authority, Washington Metropolitan Area Transportation Authority, United States Postal Service, Farmers' Home Administration and Export Import Bank of the United States;

(3) any bond, debenture, note, participation certificate or other similar obligation issued by any Federal agency and backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America;

(4) any other obligation of the United States of America or any Federal agencies which may be purchased by New York State Savings Banks;

(5) deposits in interest-bearing time or demand deposits, certificates of deposit or other similar banking arrangements (i) secured by any of the obligations described above, or (ii) fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or (iii) made with banking institutions, or their parents which either (a) have unsecured debt rated in one of the three highest rating categories of a nationally recognized rating service or (b) are deemed by a nationally recognized rating service to be an institution rated in one of the three highest rating categories of such rating service;

(6) any participation certificate of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and any mortgage-backed securities of the Fannie Mae;

(7) short-term corporate obligations, known as Commercial Paper, with a maturity of up to ninety days which are issued by corporations that are deemed by a nationally recognized rating service to be in the highest rating category of such rating service;

(8) obligations of the City and State of New York;

(9) obligations of the New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority;

(10) obligations, the principal and interest of which, are guaranteed by the City or State of New York;

(11) obligations in which the Comptroller of the State of New York is authorized to invest in as specified in section ninety-eight of the State Finance Law, as amended from time to time; and

(12) any other investment permitted under the Corporation's investment guidelines adopted August 14, 1984, as amended from time to time.

“Key Principal” means the individual or individuals who guarantee certain obligations of the Mortgagor to Fannie Mae which are recourse to the members of the Mortgagor under certain limited circumstances.

“Letter of Representations” means the Blanket Issuer Letter of Representations, dated April 26, 1996, from the Corporation to DTC, applicable to the 2005 Bonds.

“Liquidity Expiration Date” means, upon a change in the method of determining interest on the 2005 Bonds from an ARS Rate to a Weekly Rate or a Term Rate, the date upon which the obligation of the Credit Facility Provider to make liquidity advances under the Credit Facility expires, if not earlier terminated, as the same may be extended from time to time.

“Loan Agreement” means the Financing Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2005 by and between the Corporation and the Mortgagor, with respect to the Mortgage Loan, as the same may be amended or supplemented from time to time.

“Mandatory Purchase Provision” means the purchase provision of the 2005 Bonds for the purchase of any 2005 Bonds on any Change Date pursuant to the Resolution.

“Maximum Rate” means twelve percent (12%) per annum or such higher rate, not to exceed fifteen percent (15%), as may be established in accordance with the provisions of the Resolution.

“Moody’s” means Moody’s Investors Service, Inc., a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, and its successors and assigns, if such successors and assigns shall continue to perform the functions of a securities rating agency.

“Mortgage” means the Multifamily Mortgage, Assignment of Rents and Security Agreement (together with all riders) securing the Mortgage Note, dated as of the date of initial issuance of the 2005 Bonds, executed by the Mortgagor with respect to the Project, as the same may be amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.

“Mortgage Documents” means, collectively, (a) the Mortgage, (b) the Mortgage Note and (c) all other documents evidencing, securing or otherwise relating to the Mortgage Loan, other than the Loan Agreement.

“Mortgage Loan” means the interest-bearing loan, evidenced by the Mortgage Note and secured by the Mortgage, made by the Corporation to the Mortgagor.

“Mortgage Note” means the Multifamily Note (together with all addenda to the Multifamily Note), evidencing the Mortgage Loan, dated the date of initial issuance of the 2005 Bonds, executed by the Mortgagor in favor of the Corporation with respect to the Project, as the same may be amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.

“Mortgage Note Payments Interest” means, with respect to the Mortgage Loan, the right of the Trustee to receive and retain all payments due and owing under the Mortgage Note relating to Principal Reserve Fund payments, but not (a) the Facility Fee, (b) late charges, (c) default interest, (d) escrow payments for reserves, taxes, insurance and other impositions, and (e) payments pursuant to any Ancillary Collateral Agreement.

“Mortgage Rights” means, with respect to the Mortgage Loan, without limitation, all of the rights under the Mortgage Note, the Mortgage and the other Mortgage Documents to direct actions, grant consents, grant extensions, grant waivers, grant requests, give approvals, give directions, give releases, make appointments, take actions and do all other things under the Mortgage Note, the Mortgage and the other Mortgage Documents, including, without limitation, the right, power and authority to assign or delegate the right, power and authority to enter into ancillary agreements, documents and instruments otherwise relating to the Mortgage Loan, including agreements with respect to the servicing of the Mortgage Loan, and to vest in its assignee such rights, powers and authority as may be necessary to implement any of the foregoing. “Mortgage Rights” does not include the Mortgage Note Payments Interest.

“Mortgagor” means JDM Washington Street LLC, a limited liability company organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York, which is the mortgagor with respect to the Mortgage Loan, and its successors and permitted transferees as owner of the Project.

“Notice of Prepayment of the Mortgage Loan” means the notice delivered to the Trustee by the Corporation pursuant to the provisions of the Resolution with respect to the Mortgagor’s election to prepay, in full, the Mortgage Loan, during any ARS Rate Period.

“Outstanding” means, when used with reference to Bonds, as of any date, all Bonds theretofore or thereupon being authenticated and delivered under the Resolution except:

- (1) any Bond cancelled by the Trustee or delivered to the Trustee for cancellation at or prior to such date;
- (2) any Bond in lieu of or in substitution for which other Bonds shall have been authenticated and delivered pursuant to the Resolution; and
- (3) any Bond deemed to have been paid as provided in the Resolution.

“Participants” means those broker-dealers, banks and other financial institutions for which DTC holds the 2005 Bonds as securities depository.

“Permitted Encumbrances” means such liens, encumbrances, reservations, easements, rights-of-way and other clouds on title as do not materially impair the use or value of the premises for the intended purpose.

“Pledge Agreement” means, with respect to the Initial Credit Facility Provider and the Initial Credit Facility, the Pledge, Security and Custody Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2005, among the Mortgagor, the Trustee, as custodian and collateral agent for the Initial Credit Facility Provider, and the Initial Credit Facility Provider, and with respect to any other Credit Facility Provider providing an Alternate Security and such Alternate Security, any agreement between the Mortgagor and the Credit Facility Provider or the Trustee pursuant to which the Mortgagor agrees to pledge 2005 Bonds to the Credit Facility Provider in connection with the provision of moneys under the Alternate Security, in each case, as the same may be amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.

“Pledged Receipts” means (i) the scheduled or other payments required by the Mortgage Loan and paid to or to be paid to the Corporation from any source, including both timely and delinquent payments, (ii) accrued interest, if any, received upon the initial issuance of the Bonds and (iii) all income earned or gain realized in excess of losses suffered on any investment or deposit of moneys in the Accounts established and maintained pursuant to the Resolution, but shall not mean or include amounts required to be deposited into the Rebate Fund, Recoveries of Principal, any Escrow Payments, late charges or any amount entitled to be retained by the Servicer (which may include the Corporation), as administrative, financing, extension or settlement fees of such Servicer or the Credit Facility Provider.

“PRF Letter of Credit” means one or more letters of credit naming the Trustee as the beneficiary, meeting the requirements set forth in the Reimbursement Agreement and the Resolution and issued by a financial institution satisfactory to the Credit Facility Provider with long-term debt obligations rated at least “A” by S&P and Moody’s.

“PRF Triggering Event” means the failure of the Mortgagor to maintain the debt service coverage ratio required under the Reimbursement Agreement.

“Principal Installment” means, as of any date of calculation, (i) the aggregate principal amount of Outstanding Bonds due on a certain future date, reduced by the aggregate principal amount of such Bonds which would be retired by reason of the payment when due and application in accordance with the Resolution of Sinking Fund Payments payable before such future date plus (ii) the unsatisfied balance, determined as provided in the Resolution, of any Sinking Fund Payments due on such certain future date, together with the aggregate amount of the premiums, if any, applicable on such future date upon the redemption of such Bonds by application of such Sinking Fund Payments in a principal amount equal to said unsatisfied balance.

“Principal Office”, when used with respect to the Trustee shall mean 101 Barclay Street, 21 W Floor, New York, New York, 10286, Attention: New York Municipal Finance Unit, when used with respect to the Tender Agent and Auction Agent shall mean the same address as that of the Trustee or the address of any successor Tender Agent appointed in accordance with the terms of the Resolution or such other offices designated to the Corporation in writing by the Trustee, Tender Agent or Auction Agent, as the case may be.

“Principal Reserve Amount” means \$14,960,000 (or such other amount as shall be specified in writing by the Credit Facility Provider and filed with the Corporation and the Trustee) less the amount on deposit in any collateral or sinking fund held by the Trustee or certified by the Mortgagor as being held as security for, or to pay, the obligations of the Mortgagor relating to debt service on the Mortgage Loan; provided that such other amount shall only constitute the Principal Reserve Amount if there shall also be filed with the Corporation and the Trustee a Bond Counsel’s Opinion to the effect that such change in the Principal Reserve Amount will not adversely affect the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on any Bonds to which the tax covenants of the Resolution apply.

“Principal Reserve Fund” means the Principal Reserve Fund established pursuant to the Resolution.

“Project” means the multifamily rental housing development, located at 90 Washington Street in the Borough of Manhattan and County of New York, City and State of New York, as more fully described under the caption “THE PROJECT AND THE MORTGAGOR – The Project” herein.

“Purchase Date” means each Change Date on which the 2005 Bonds are subject to mandatory tender in accordance with the Resolution.

“Purchase Price” means an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount of such Bond plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the date of purchase.

“Qualified Financial Institution” means any (i) bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America, (ii) national banking association, (iii) savings bank, savings and loan association, or insurance company or association chartered or organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America, (iv) Federal branch or agency pursuant to the International Banking Act of 1978 or any successor provisions of law, or domestic branch or agency of a foreign bank which branch or agency is duly licensed or authorized to do business under the laws of any state or territory of the United States of America, (v) government bond dealer reporting to, trading with, and recognized as a primary dealer by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, (vi) securities dealer approved in writing by the Credit Facility Provider the liquidation of which is subject to the Securities Investors Protection Corporation or other similar corporation or (vii) any other entity which is acceptable to the Credit Facility Provider. With respect to an entity which provides an agreement held by the Trustee for the investment of moneys at a guaranteed rate as set out in paragraph (g) of the definition of the term “Investment Securities” or an entity which guarantees or insures, as applicable, the agreement, a “Qualified Financial Institution” may also be a corporation or limited liability company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America.

“Rating Agency” means each national rating agency which had originally rated the Bonds at the request of the Corporation and is then maintaining a rating on the Bonds.

“Rebate Amount” means, with respect to a particular Series of Bonds to which the covenants of the Resolution relating to rebate are applicable, the amount, if any, required to be deposited in the Rebate Fund in order to comply with the covenant contained in the Resolution.

“Rebate Fund” means the Rebate Fund established pursuant to the Resolution.

“Record Date” means during the ARS Rate Period, the Business Day immediately preceding any Interest Payment Date.

“Recoveries of Principal” means all amounts received by the Corporation or the Trustee as or representing a recovery of the principal amount disbursed by the Trustee in connection with the Mortgage Loan, including any premium or penalty with respect thereto, on account of (i) the advance payment of amounts to become due pursuant to such Mortgage Loan, at the option of the Mortgagor; (ii) the sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition of the Mortgage Loan, the Mortgage or the Mortgage Note other than any assignment pursuant to the Assignment; (iii) the acceleration of payments due under the Mortgage Loan or the remedial proceedings taken in the event of default on the Mortgage Loan or Mortgage; (iv) proceeds of any insurance award resulting from the damage or destruction of the Project which are to be applied to payment of the Mortgage Note pursuant to the Mortgage, together with any amounts provided by the Credit Facility Provider pursuant to the Credit Facility in connection with such damage or destruction; or (v) proceeds of any condemnation award resulting from the taking by condemnation (or by agreement of interested parties in lieu of condemnation) by any governmental body or by any person, firm, or corporation acting under governmental authority, of title to or any interest in or the temporary use of, the Project or any portion thereof, which proceeds are to be applied to payment of the Mortgage Note pursuant to the Mortgage together with any amounts provided by the Credit Facility Provider pursuant to the Credit Facility in connection with such condemnation or agreement.

“Redemption Account” means the Redemption Account established pursuant to the Resolution.

“Redemption Date” means the date or dates upon which Bonds are to be called for redemption pursuant to the Resolution.

“Redemption Price” means, with respect to any Bonds, the principal amount thereof plus the applicable premium, if any, payable upon redemption thereof.

“Regulatory Agreement” means the Amended and Restated Regulatory Agreement, dated as of the date of initial issuance of the 2005 Bonds, by and between the Corporation and the Mortgagor, as the same may be amended or supplemented from time to time.

“Reimbursement Agreement” means, with respect to the Initial Credit Facility, the Reimbursement Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2005 between the Initial Credit Facility Provider and the Mortgagor, as the same may be amended or supplemented from time to time, and with respect to any Alternate Security, the agreement between the Mortgagor and the Credit Facility Provider issuing such Alternate Security providing for the issuance of such Alternate Security.

“Replacement PRF Letter of Credit” means the replacement, renewal, extension or amendment of a PRF Letter of Credit.

“Resolution” means the Multi-Family Rental Housing Revenue Bonds (90 Washington Street) Bond Resolution adopted by the Corporation on January 21, 2005 and any amendments or supplements made in accordance with its terms.

“Revenue Account” means the Revenue Account established pursuant to the Resolution.

“Revenues” means the Pledged Receipts and Recoveries of Principal.

“Series” means the 2005 Bonds or any series of Additional Bonds.

“Servicer” means any person appointed to service the Mortgage Loan in accordance with the Resolution.

“Sinking Fund Payment” means, with respect to a particular Series, as of any particular date of calculation, the amount required to be paid in all events by the Corporation on a single future date for the retirement of Outstanding Bonds which mature after said future date, but does not include any amount payable by the Corporation by reason of the maturity of a Bond or by call for redemption at the election of the Corporation.

“S&P” means Standard & Poor’s Ratings Services, a Division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., and its successors and assigns, if such successors and assigns shall continue to perform the functions of a securities rating agency.

“State” means the State of New York.

“Supplemental Resolution” means any resolution supplemental to or amendatory of the Resolution, adopted by the Corporation and effective in accordance with the Resolution.

“Tender Agent” means any entity appointed to serve as Tender Agent by the Corporation in accordance with the Resolution, and its successors and any corporation resulting from or surviving any consolidation or merger to which it or its successors may be a party, or any successor Tender Agent appointed in accordance with the terms of the Resolution. If no Tender Agent has been so appointed, “Tender Agent” means the Trustee.

“Tender Agent Agreement” means the agreement among the Trustee, as Trustee and Tender Agent, the Corporation, the Mortgagor and the Remarketing Agent, to be entered into in connection with a change in the method of determining the interest rate on the 2005 Bonds from an ARS Rate to a Weekly Rate, a Term Rate or the Fixed Rate, as the same may be amended or supplemented from time to time, or any replacement thereof.

“Tender Date” means any Change Date.

“Trustee” means the trustee designated as Trustee in the Resolution and its successor or successors and any other person at any time substituted in its place pursuant to the Resolution.

“2005 Bonds” means the 2005 Series A Bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to the Resolution.

“Wrongful Dishonor” means (i) an uncured and willful default by the Credit Facility Provider, or (ii) an uncured default resulting from the gross negligence of the Credit Facility Provider, in each case, of its obligations to honor (a) as to the Initial Credit Facility Provider, a request for payment made in accordance with the terms of the Initial Credit Facility or (b) as to any other Credit Facility Provider, a drawing as required pursuant to the terms of the Alternate Security.

## ACTIVITIES OF THE CORPORATION

The Corporation is engaged in the various activities and programs described below.

**I. BOND PROGRAMS.** The Corporation issues bonds and notes to fund mortgage loans for multi-family residential developments under the programs described below. The multi-family residential developments financed under the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds Bond Resolution adopted by the Corporation on July 27, 1993, and any amendments thereof or supplements thereto made in accordance with its terms (the “General Resolution”), are described below in “Section B – Housing Revenue Bond Program.” As of November 30, 2004, the Corporation had bonds outstanding in the aggregate principal amount of approximately \$3,803,547,049. All of the bonds are separately secured, except for the bonds issued under the General Resolution which are equally and ratably secured by the assets pledged under the General Resolution. None of the bonds under the bond programs described in “Section A–Multi-Family Program,” “Section C–Liberty Bond Program,” and “Section D–Section 223(f) Refinancing Program” provide security under the General Resolution, and none of the bonds under these programs is secured by the General Resolution.

**A. Multi-Family Program.** The Corporation established its Multi-Family Program to develop privately-owned multi-family rental housing, all or a portion of which is reserved for low income tenants. The following describes the Corporation’s activities under its Multi-Family Program.

(1) Rental Projects; Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac Enhanced: The Corporation has issued tax-exempt and/or taxable bonds which either (i) are secured by mortgage loan payments, which payments are secured by obligations of Fannie Mae under various collateral agreements, (ii) are secured by a Direct Pay Credit Enhancement Instrument issued by Fannie Mae or (iii) are secured by a Direct Pay Credit Enhancement Agreement with Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (“Freddie Mac”).

(2) Rental Projects; Letter of Credit Enhanced: The Corporation has issued tax-exempt and/or taxable bonds to finance a number of mixed income projects and entirely low income projects, which bonds are secured by letters of credit issued by investment-grade rated commercial lending institutions.

(3) Rental Projects; FHA-Insured Mortgage Loan: The Corporation has issued bonds to finance a number of mixed income projects with mortgages insured by the Federal Housing Administration (“FHA”).

(4) Hospital Staff Housing; Credit Enhanced: The Corporation has issued bonds to provide financing for residential facilities for hospital staff, which bonds are secured by bond insurance or letters of credit issued by investment-grade rated institutions.

(5) Cooperative Housing; SONYMA-Insured Mortgage Loan: The Corporation has issued tax-exempt obligations in order to fund underlying mortgage loans to cooperative housing developments. Each mortgage loan in this program is insured by the State of New York Mortgage Agency (“SONYMA”).

(6) Rental Project; REMIC-Insured Mortgage Loan: The Corporation has issued tax-exempt bonds to finance a mortgage loan for a residential facility, which mortgage loan is insured by the New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation (“REMIC”), which is a subsidiary of the Corporation.

(7) Senior Housing; Letter of Credit Enhanced: The Corporation has issued tax-exempt obligations to finance a mortgage loan for low-income senior housing, which obligations are secured by letters of credit issued by investment-grade rated commercial lending institutions.

**B. Housing Revenue Bond Program.** Under its Housing Revenue Bond Program, the Corporation may issue bonds payable solely from and secured by the assets held under the General Resolution which include a pool of mortgage loans, some of which are construction loans (which pool contains FHA-insured mortgage loans,

REMIC-insured mortgage loans, SONYMA-insured mortgage loans, GNMA mortgage-backed securities, other mortgage loans and participation interests in mortgage loans), the revenues received on account of all such loans and securities, and other assets pledged under such resolution and any supplemental resolution for a particular series of bonds. Certain of the projects, which secure a portion of the mortgage loans, receive the benefits of subsidy payments. As of November 30, 2004, forty-two (42) series of bonds have been issued under the Housing Revenue Bond Program.

C. *Liberty Bond Program.* In accordance with Section 301 of the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002, the Corporation has issued tax-exempt and taxable bonds, each secured by a letter of credit, to finance the development of multi-family housing within an area of lower Manhattan designated in such legislation as the “Liberty Zone.”

D. *Section 223(f) Refinancing Program.* Under this program, the Corporation acquires mortgages originally made by The City of New York (the “City”), obtains federal insurance thereon and either sells such insured mortgages or issues its obligations secured by said insured mortgages and pays the net proceeds of the sale of such mortgages or issuance of obligations to the City. Each series of bonds issued under this program is secured by a mortgage loan insured by FHA pursuant to Section 223(f) of Title II of the National Housing Act of 1934, as amended (the “National Housing Act”). Debt service on each series of bonds is paid only from monies received on account of the applicable mortgage loan securing such series, including, with respect to certain projects, interest reduction subsidy payments received by the Corporation pursuant to Section 236 of the National Housing Act.

The following table summarizes bonds outstanding under these bond programs as of November 30, 2004:

	<u>No. of Units</u>	<u>Bonds Issued</u>	<u>Bonds Outstanding</u>	<u>Year of Issue</u>
<b><u>MULTI-FAMILY PROGRAM</u></b>				
<i>Multi-Family Rental Housing Revenue Bonds – Rental Projects; Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac Enhanced</i>				
Related-Carnegie Park	461	\$66,800,000	\$66,800,000	1997
Related-Columbus Green	95	\$13,775,000	\$13,775,000	1997
Related-Monterey	522	\$104,600,000	\$104,600,000	1997
Related-Tribeca Tower	440	\$55,000,000	\$55,000,000	1997
One Columbus Place Development	729	\$150,000,000	\$142,400,000	1998
Parkgate Development	207	\$37,315,000	\$36,500,000	1998
100 Jane Street Development	148	\$17,875,000	\$16,575,000	1998
Brittany Development	272	\$57,000,000	\$57,000,000	1999
West 43 <sup>rd</sup> Street Development	375	\$55,820,000	\$53,320,000	1999
Related-West 89 <sup>th</sup> Street Development	265	\$53,000,000	\$53,000,000	2000
Westmont Apartments	163	\$24,200,000	\$24,200,000	2000
Queenswood Apartments	296	\$10,800,000	\$10,800,000	2001
Related-Lyric Development	285	\$91,000,000	\$90,000,000	2001
James Tower Development	201	\$22,200,000	\$21,895,000	2002
The Foundry	222	\$60,400,000	\$59,600,000	2002
Related Sierra Development	212	\$56,000,000	\$56,000,000	2003

Related Westport Development	371	\$124,000,000	\$124,000,000	2004
West End Towers	1,000	\$135,000,000	\$135,000,000	2004
<i>Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds – Rental Projects; Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac Enhanced</i>				
Columbus Apartments Project	166	\$23,570,000	\$21,870,000	1995
West 48 <sup>th</sup> Street Development	109	\$22,500,000	\$20,000,000	2001
First Avenue Development	231	\$44,000,000	\$44,000,000	2002
<i>Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds – Rental Projects; Letter of Credit Enhanced</i>				
Fountains at Spring Creek Project	102	\$7,500,000	\$7,500,000	2001
The Lafayette Project	47	\$3,700,000	\$3,700,000	2001
400 West 55 <sup>th</sup> Street Development	149	\$65,000,000	\$65,000,000	2002
Atlantic Court Apartments	321	\$92,700,000	\$92,700,000	2003
Related-Upper East	262	\$70,000,000	\$70,000,000	2003
92 <sup>nd</sup> & First Residential Tower	196	\$57,300,000	\$57,300,000	2003
Manhattan Court Development	123	\$17,500,000	\$17,500,000	2004
East 165 <sup>th</sup> Street Development	136	\$13,800,000	\$13,800,000	2004
Aldus Street Apartments	164	\$14,200,000	\$14,200,000	2004
Hoe Avenue Apartments	136	\$11,900,000	\$11,900,000	2004
Peter Cintron Apartments	165	\$14,400,000	\$14,400,000	2004
<i>Multi-Family Rental Housing Revenue Bonds – Rental Projects; Letter of Credit Enhanced</i>				
Chelsea Centro	356	\$86,900,000	\$84,200,000	2002
<i>MBIA Insured Residential Revenue Refunding Bonds – Hospital Staff Housing</i>				
Royal Charter Properties East, Inc. Project	520	\$103,300,000	\$89,200,000	1998
<i>Residential Revenue Bonds – Hospital Staff Housing; Letter of Credit Enhanced</i>				
East 17 <sup>th</sup> Street Properties	236	\$36,600,000	\$30,900,000	1993
Montefiore Medical Center Project	116	\$8,400,000	\$8,200,000	1993
The Animal Medical Center	42	\$10,140,000	\$10,140,000	2003
<i>Mortgage Revenue Bonds – Cooperative Housing; SONYMA-Insured Mortgage Loan</i>				
Maple Court Cooperative	134	\$12,330,000	\$11,065,000	1994
Maple Plaza Cooperative	154	\$16,750,000	\$15,745,000	1996
<i>Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds –Rental Project; REMIC-Insured Mortgage Loan</i>				
Barclay Avenue Development	66	\$5,620,000	\$5,275,000	1996

<i>Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds – Senior Housing; Letter of Credit Enhanced</i>				
55 Pierrepont Development	189	\$6,100,000	\$5,400,000	2000
<b><u>MILITARY HOUSING REVENUE BONDS</u></b>				
Fort Hamilton Housing	228	\$47,545,000	\$47,545,000	2004
<b><u>HOUSING REVENUE BOND PROGRAM</u></b>				
<i>Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds**</i>	76,395	\$1,611,970,000	\$1,197,665,000	1993-2004
<b><u>LIBERTY BOND PROGRAM</u></b>				
<i>Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds</i>				
2 Gold Street	650	\$178,500,000	\$178,500,000	2003
63 Wall Street	476	\$143,800,000	\$143,800,000	2003
90 Washington Street	398	\$82,000,000	\$82,000,000	2003
90 West Street	410	\$106,500,000	\$106,500,000	2004
<b><u>SECTION 223(f) REFINANCING PROGRAM</u></b>				
<i>Multifamily Housing Limited Obligations Bonds; FHA-Insured Mortgage Loan</i>	5,252 14,801	\$79,998, 100 \$299,886,700	\$63,572,094 \$149,504,955	1977 1978
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>108,994</b>	<b>\$4,429,194,800</b>	<b>\$3,803,547,049</b>	

**II. MORTGAGE LOAN PROGRAMS.** The Corporation funds mortgage loans under various mortgage loan programs, including the significant programs described below. These mortgage loans are funded from bond proceeds and/or the Corporation’s unrestricted reserves. See “PART I—BOND PROGRAMS” above.

A. *Affordable Housing Permanent Loan Program.* The Corporation has established a program to make permanent mortgage loans for projects constructed or rehabilitated, often in conjunction with The City of New York Department of Housing Preservation and Development (“HPD”) and other lender loan programs. All of the mortgage loans under this program have been financed by monies of the Corporation or proceeds of the 1997 Series C Bonds.

B. *Low-Income Affordable Marketplace Program.* The Low-income Affordable Marketplace Program (“LAMP”) finances the creation of predominately low-income housing using tax-exempt bonds and as of right 4% tax credits with 10% to 30% of the project reserved for formerly homeless households. LAMP allows the direct infusion of subsidy from the Corporation’s reserves. The funds are advanced during construction and remain in the project through the term of the permanent mortgage loan. During construction, the funds bear interest at 1%. While in the permanent phase, the funds must at least bear interest at 1%, but may provide for amortization, depending on the particular project.

C. *Mixed Income.* Under the Mixed-Income Program, HDC combines the use of credit enhanced variable rate, tax-exempt private activity bonds with subordinate loans funded from the Corporation’s reserves to finance mixed-income multi-family rental housing. Typically, the developments reserve 50% of the units for market rate tenants, 30% of the units for moderate to middle income tenants and 20% of the units for low income tenants.

D. *New Housing Opportunities Program.* The Corporation has established a New Housing Opportunities Program (“New HOP”) to make construction and permanent mortgage loans for developments

\*\* Aggregate information for all forty-two (42) series of bonds that the Corporation has issued under its Housing Revenue Bond Program from 1993 through 2004 as described in Section B above.

intended to house low and moderate income tenants. The developments also receive subordinate loans from the Corporation. The first mortgage loans under New HOP have been, or are expected to be, financed by the proceeds of obligations issued under the Housing Revenue Bond Program. See “Section B—Housing Revenue Bond Program” in PART I—BOND PROGRAMS above.

**III. OTHER LOAN PROGRAMS.** In addition to funding mortgage loans, the Corporation funds loans not secured by a mortgage under various programs, including the programs described below.

A. New Ventures Incentive Program. The Corporation participates in the New Ventures Incentive Program (“NewVIP”), a multi-million dollar public-private partnership between the City and member banks established in the fall of 2003. The NewVIP program is intended to provide up to \$40 million per year in loans for a period of up to five years for acquisition and pre-development costs to encourage residential development in derelict manufacturing areas which are appropriate for rezoning into residential use. The Corporation will (i) originate of all NewVIP loans that are approved by the NewVIP loan committee; (ii) sell 100% participation to member banks with an absolute right to put the loans to the banks under the terms of the loan purchase and servicing agreement; and (iii) service the loans on behalf of the member banks. The Corporation will also assume the obligation to purchase any defaulted NewVIP loan up to \$8 million. The Corporation maintains an equal voting position on the NewVIP Loan Committee.

B. Other. Among other programs, the Corporation has provided interest-free working capital loans to not-for-profit sponsors of projects through HPD’s Special Initiatives Program. The proceeds of such loans are used for rent-up expenses and initial operation costs of such projects. The Corporation also has provided interim assistance in the form of unsecured, interest-free loan to the Neighborhood Partnership Housing Development Fund Company, Inc. to fund certain expenses associated with HPD’s Neighborhood Entrepreneurs Program.

**IV. LOAN SERVICING.** The Corporation services the majority of its own loans and also services loans for others. Such loan servicing activities, which are described below, relate to over 1,300 mortgage loans with an approximate aggregate face amount of \$5.8 billion.

A. Portfolio Servicing. The Corporation acts as loan servicer in connection with the permanent mortgage loans made to approximately 530 developments under its bond, mortgage loan and other loan programs (including its Housing Revenue Bond Program) in the approximate aggregate face amount of \$1.6 billion.

B. HPD Loan Servicing. The Corporation acts as loan servicer in connection with certain construction and permanent housing loan programs of HPD pursuant to several agreements with HPD. As of November 30, 2004, the Corporation was servicing construction and permanent loans made to approximately 530 developments in the approximate aggregate face amount of \$1.8 billion.

C. Section 223(f) Loan Servicing. The Corporation acts as a loan servicer in connection with thirty-one (31) subordinate permanent mortgage loans, with an aggregate outstanding principal balance of approximately \$202 million as of November 30, 2004, held by U.S. Bank National Association as trustee for the NYC Mortgage Loan Trust. In the case of twenty-seven (27) of these mortgage loans, each such mortgage loan is subordinate to one of the FHA-insured mortgage loans which secure certain of the bonds issued by the Corporation under its Section 223(f) Refinancing Program described above in “Section D—Section 223(f) Refinancing Program” in PART I—BOND PROGRAMS.

D. Loan Servicing Monitoring. In addition to the Corporation’s loan servicing activities, the Corporation monitors the loan servicing activities of other servicers who service approximately 260 mortgage loans made under the Corporation’s various bond, mortgage loan and other loan programs in the approximate aggregate face amount of \$2.2 billion.

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**PROPOSED FORM OF BOND COUNSEL OPINION**

Upon delivery of the 2005 Bonds, Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, Bond Counsel, proposes to issue its approving opinion in substantially the following form:

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING  
DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION  
110 William Street  
New York, New York 10038

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have examined a record of proceedings relating to the issuance of \$74,800,000 Multi-Family Rental Housing Revenue Bonds (90 Washington Street), 2005 Series A (the “2005 Bonds”) of the New York City Housing Development Corporation (the “Corporation”), a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation of the State of New York (the “State”), created and existing under and pursuant to the New York City Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law (Chapter 44-b of the Consolidated Laws of New York), as amended (the “Act”).

The 2005 Bonds are authorized to be issued pursuant to the Act and the Multi-Family Rental Housing Revenue Bonds (90 Washington Street) Bond Resolution of the Corporation, adopted January 21, 2005 (herein called the “Resolution”). The 2005 Bonds are being issued for the purpose of financing the Mortgage Loan (as defined in the Resolution) in order to refinance the Project (as defined in the Resolution).

The 2005 Bonds are dated, mature, are payable, bear interest and are subject to redemption and tender as provided in the Resolution.

The Corporation is authorized to issue other Bonds (as defined in the Resolution), in addition to the 2005 Bonds, for the purposes and upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Resolution, and such Bonds, when issued, shall, with the 2005 Bonds and with all other such Bonds theretofore issued, be entitled to the equal benefit, protection and security of the provisions, covenants and agreements of the Resolution.

We have not examined nor are we passing upon matters relating to the real and personal property referred to in the Mortgage, nor are we passing upon the Loan Agreement, the Mortgage, the other Mortgage Documents or the Assignment (as such terms are defined in the Resolution). In rendering this opinion, we have assumed the validity and enforceability of the Loan Agreement, the Mortgage, the other Mortgage Documents and the Assignment.

Upon the basis of the foregoing, we are of the opinion that:

(1) The Corporation has been duly created and validly exists as a corporate governmental agency constituting a public benefit corporation, under and pursuant to the laws of the State (including the Act), and has good right and lawful authority, among other things, to finance the Mortgage Loan, to provide sufficient funds therefor by the adoption of the Resolution and the issuance and sale of the 2005 Bonds, and to perform its obligations under the terms and conditions of the Resolution, including financing the Mortgage Loan, as covenanted in the Resolution.

(2) The Resolution has been duly adopted by the Corporation, is in full force and effect, and is valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with its terms.

(3) The 2005 Bonds have been duly authorized, sold and issued by the Corporation in accordance with the Resolution and the laws of the State, including the Act.

(4) The 2005 Bonds are valid and legally binding special revenue obligations of the Corporation payable solely from the revenues, funds or moneys pledged for the payment thereof pursuant to the Resolution, are enforceable in accordance with their terms and the terms of the Resolution, and are entitled to the equal benefit, protection and security of the provisions, covenants and agreements of the Resolution.

(5) The Bonds, including the 2005 Bonds, are secured by a pledge in the manner and to the extent set forth in the Resolution. The Resolution creates the valid pledge of and lien on the Revenues (as defined in the Resolution) and all the Accounts (other than the Rebate Fund) established by the Resolution and moneys and securities therein, which the Resolution purports to create, subject only to the provisions of the Resolution permitting the use and application thereof for or to the purposes and on the terms and conditions set forth in the Resolution.

(6) Pursuant to the Resolution, the Corporation has validly covenanted in the manner and to the extent provided in the Resolution, among other things, to finance the Mortgage Loan, subject to the requirements of the Resolution with respect thereto.

(7) The 2005 Bonds are not a debt of the State or The City of New York and neither is liable thereon, nor shall the 2005 Bonds be payable out of any funds of the Corporation other than those of the Corporation pledged for the payment thereof.

(8) Under existing statutes and court decisions, (i) interest on the 2005 Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), except that no opinion is expressed as to such exclusion of interest on any 2005 Bond for any period during which such 2005 Bond is held by a person who, within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code, is a "substantial user" of the facilities financed with the proceeds of the 2005 Bonds or a "related person," and (ii) interest on the 2005 Bonds is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals and corporations under the Code; such interest, however, is included in the adjusted current earnings of certain corporations for purposes of calculating the alternative minimum tax imposed on such corporations. In rendering this opinion, we have relied on certain representations, certifications of fact, and statements of reasonable expectations made by the Corporation, the Mortgagor (as defined in the Resolution) and others, in connection with the 2005 Bonds, and we have assumed compliance by the Corporation and the Mortgagor with certain ongoing covenants to comply with applicable requirements of the Code to assure the exclusion of interest on the 2005 Bonds from gross income under Section 103 of the Code. In addition, under existing statutes, interest on the 2005 Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes imposed by the State or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York).

We express no opinion regarding any other Federal or state tax consequences with respect to the 2005 Bonds. We render our opinion under existing statutes and court decisions as of the issue date, and we assume no obligation to update our opinion after the issue date to reflect any future action, fact or circumstance, or change in law or interpretation or otherwise. We express no opinion on the effect of an action hereafter taken or not taken in reliance upon an opinion of other counsel on the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on the 2005 Bonds, or under state and local tax law.

In rendering this opinion, we are advising you that the enforceability of rights and remedies with respect to the 2005 Bonds and the Resolution may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights or remedies heretofore or hereafter enacted and is subject to the general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law).

We have examined an executed 2005 Bond and in our opinion the forms of said Bond and their execution are regular and proper.

Very truly yours,

## ARS PROVISIONS

**Definitions**

In addition to the words and terms elsewhere defined in this Official Statement, the following words and terms as used in this Appendix D and elsewhere in this Official Statement have the following meanings with respect to the 2005 Bonds in an ARS Rate Period unless the context or use indicates another or different meaning or intent:

“Agent Member” means a member of, or participant in, the Securities Depository who will act on behalf of a Bidder.

“All Hold Rate” means, as of any Auction Date, 60% of the ARS Index in effect on such Auction Date.

“ARS Bonds” means the 2005 Bonds while they bear interest at the ARS Rate.

“ARS Index” will have the meaning specified in the “ARS Index” of this Appendix D.

“ARS Multiple” means, as of any Auction Date, the Percentage of the ARS Index (in effect on such Auction Date) determined as set forth below, based on the Prevailing Rating of the ARS Bonds in effect at the close of business on the Business Day immediately preceding such Auction Date:

<u>Prevailing Rating</u>	<u>Percentage of ARS Index</u>
AAA	175%
AA	200
A	225
BBB	250
Below BBB	275

“ARS Rate” means the rate of interest to be borne by the 2005 Bonds during each Auction Period determined in accordance with the Resolution as summarized under “Determination of ARS Rate” of this Appendix D; provided, however, in no event may the ARS Rate exceed the Maximum Rate.

“ARS Rate Period” means after the Initial Period any period of time commencing on the day following the Initial Period to but not including an Interest Method Change Date and the period from and including the conversion of 2005 Bonds to an ARS Rate to but excluding the next Interest Method Change Date.

“Auction” means each periodic implementation of the Auction Procedures.

“Auction Agent” means the auctioneer appointed in accordance with the Resolution, and will initially be The Bank of New York.

“Auction Agreement” means an agreement dated as of January 31, 2005 by and among the Auction Agent, the Mortgagor and the Trustee pursuant to which the Auction Agent agrees to follow the procedures specified in the Resolution with respect to 2005 Bonds while bearing interest at an ARS Rate, as such agreement may from time to time be amended, supplemented or restated, or any agreement entered into in substitution therefor.

“Auction Date” means, during any period in which the Auction Procedures are not suspended in accordance with the provisions of the Resolution, the last Business Day of such Auction Period, if it is followed by another Auction Period (whether or not an Auction will be conducted on such date). The first Auction Date for the 2005 Bonds is February 14, 2005.

“Auction Period” means:

- (a) a Special Auction Period;
- (b) with respect to ARS Bonds in a seven-day Auction Period and with Auctions generally conducted on (i) Fridays, a period of generally seven days beginning on a Monday (or the day following the last day of the prior Auction Period if the prior Auction Period does not end on a Sunday) and ending on the Sunday thereafter (unless such Sunday is not followed by a Business Day, in which case on the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day), (ii) Mondays, a period of generally seven days beginning on a Tuesday (or the day following the last day of the prior Auction Period if the prior Auction Period does not end on a Monday) and ending on the Monday thereafter (unless such Monday is not followed by a Business Day, in which case on the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day), (iii) Tuesdays, a period of generally seven days beginning on a Wednesday (or the day following the last day of the prior Auction Period if the prior Auction Period does not end on a Tuesday) and ending on the Tuesday thereafter (unless such Tuesday is not followed by a Business Day, in which case on the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day), (iv) Wednesdays, a period of generally seven days beginning on a Thursday (or the day following the last day of the prior Auction Period if the prior Auction Period does not end on a Wednesday) and ending on the Wednesday thereafter (unless such Wednesday is not followed by a Business Day, in which case on the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day), and (v) Thursdays, a period of generally seven days beginning on a Friday (or the day following the last day of the prior Auction Period if the prior Auction Period does not end on a Thursday) and ending on the Thursday thereafter (unless such Thursday is not followed by a Business Day, in which case on the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day); and
- (c) with respect to ARS Bonds in a monthly Auction Period the period from, and including, an Interest Payment Date to, but excluding, the next succeeding Interest Payment Date.

“Auction Procedures” means the procedures for conducting Auctions for the 2005 Bonds during an ARS Rate Period set forth in the Resolution and summarized in this Appendix D.

“Auction Rate” means for each Auction Period, (a) if Sufficient Clearing Bids exist, the Winning Bid Rate, provided, however, if all of the 2005 Bonds are the subject of Submitted Hold Orders, the All Hold Rate and (ii) if Sufficient Clearing Bids do not exist, the Maximum ARS Rate.

“Available Bonds” means on each Auction Date, the aggregate principal amount of 2005 Bonds that are not the subject of Submitted Hold Orders.

“Bid” has the meaning specified in subsection (a) of “Orders by Existing Owners and Potential Owners” of this Appendix D.

“Bidder” means each Existing Owner and Potential Owner who places an Order.

“Broker-Dealer” means initially Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, or any other broker or dealer (each as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended), commercial bank or other entity permitted by law to perform the function required of a Broker-Dealer set forth in the Resolution that (a) is a DTC participant (or affiliate of a DTC participant), (b) has been selected by the Mortgagor, with the consent of the Corporation and approved in writing by the Credit Facility Provider, and (c) has entered into a Broker-Dealer Agreement that remains effective with the Auction Agent.

“Broker-Dealer Agreement” means an agreement dated as of January 31, 2005 by and among the Auction Agent, the Mortgagor and a Broker-Dealer and each other agreement by and among the Auction Agent, the Mortgagor and a Broker-Dealer, approved in writing by the Credit Facility Provider, pursuant to which the Broker-Dealer agrees to participate in Auctions as set forth in the Resolution, as such agreement is amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, or any agreement entered into in substitution therefor.

“Default Rate” means a per annum rate equal to three hundred percent (300%) of the ARS Index determined on the Auction Date next preceding the first day of such Auction Period, provided, however, the Default Rate will not exceed the Maximum Rate.

“Existing Owner” means a Person who is listed as the beneficial owner of the 2005 Bonds in the records of the Auction Agent.

“Hold Order” has the meaning specified in subsection (a) of “Orders by Existing Owners and Potential Owners” of this Appendix D.

“Initial Period” means the period from the Closing Date to but not including February 15, 2005 for the 2005 Bonds.

“LIBOR” means, on any date of determination for an Auction Period, the offered rate (rounded up to the next highest one thousandth of one percent (0.001%)) for deposits in U.S. dollars for a one-month period (in the case of Auction Periods of 180 days or less) or a six-month period (in the case of Auction Periods of more than 180 days) which appears on the Telerate page 3750 at approximately 11:00 A.M., London time, on such date, or if such date is not a date on which dealings in U.S. dollars are transacted in the London interbank market, then on the next preceding day on which such dealings were transacted in such market.

“Maximum ARS Rate” means as of any Auction Date, the product of the ARS Index multiplied by the ARS Multiple.

“Order” means a Hold Order, Bid or Sell Order.

“Potential Owner” means any Person, including any Existing Owner, who may be interested in acquiring a beneficial interest in 2005 Bonds in addition to the 2005 Bonds currently owned by such Person, if any.

“Prevailing Rating” means (a) AAA if the 2005 Bonds will have a rating of AAA or better by S&P, (b) if not AAA, AA if the 2005 Bonds will have a rating of AA- or better by S&P and, (c) if not AAA or AA, A if the 2005 Bonds will have a rating of A- or better by S&P, (d) if not AAA, AA or A, BBB, if the 2005 Bonds will have a rating of BBB- or better by S&P, and (e) if not AAA, AA, A or BBB then below BBB, whether or not the 2005 Bonds are rated by any securities rating agency. For purposes of this definition, S&P’s rating categories of “AAA”, “AA,” “A-” and “BBB-” will be deemed to refer to and include the respective rating categories correlative thereto in the event that any such Rating Agency will have changed or modified their generic rating categories or if any successor thereto appointed in accordance with the definitions thereof will use different rating categories. If there is no rating, then the ARS Rate will be the Maximum ARS Rate.

“Securities Depository” means The Depository Trust Company and its successors and assigns or any other securities depository selected by the Corporation which agrees to follow the procedures required to be followed by such securities depository in connection with the 2005 Bonds.

“Sell Order” has the meaning specified in “Orders by Existing Owners and Potential Owners” of this Appendix D.

“Special Auction Period” means, any period which begins on the Business Day immediately succeeding the last day of the prior Auction Period and ends not later than the final scheduled maturity date of the 2005 Bonds.

“Submission Deadline” means 1:00 p.m., New York City time, on each Auction Date, or such other time on such date as will be specified from time to time by the Auction Agent pursuant to the Auction Agreement as the time by which Broker-Dealers are required to submit Orders to the Auction Agent.

“Submitted Bid” has the meaning specified in “Determination of ARS Rate” of this Appendix D.

“Submitted Hold Order” has the meaning specified in “Determination of ARS Rate” of this Appendix D.

“Submitted Order” has the meaning specified in “Determination of ARS Rate” of this Appendix D.

“Submitted Sell Order” has the meaning specified in “Determination of ARS Rate” of this Appendix D.

“Sufficient Clearing Bids” means an Auction for which the aggregate principal amount of the 2005 Bonds that are the subject of Submitted Bids by Potential Owners specifying one or more rates not higher than the Maximum ARS Rate is not less than the aggregate principal amount of such 2005 Bonds that are the subject of Submitted Sell Orders and of Submitted Bids by Existing Owners specifying rates higher than the Maximum ARS Rate.

“Winning Bid Rate” means the lowest rate specified in any Submitted Bid for the 2005 Bonds which if selected by the Auction Agent as the ARS Rate would cause the aggregate principal amount of 2005 Bonds that are the subject of Submitted Bids specifying a rate not greater than such rate to be not less than the aggregate principal amount of Available Bonds.

## **Auction Procedures**

### ***Orders by Existing Owners and Potential Owners.***

(a) Prior to the Submission Deadline on each Auction Date:

(i) each Existing Owner may submit to a Broker-Dealer, in writing or by such other method as will be reasonably acceptable to such Broker-Dealer, information as to:

(A) the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds, if any, held by such Existing Owner which such Existing Owner irrevocably commits to continue to hold for the next succeeding Auction Period without regard to the rate determined by the Auction Procedures for such Auction Period;

(B) the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds, if any, held by such Existing Owner which such Existing Owner irrevocably commits to continue to hold for the next succeeding Auction Period if the rate determined by the Auction Procedures for such Auction Period will not be less than the rate per annum then specified by such Existing Owner (and which such Existing Owner irrevocably offers to sell on the Business Day next succeeding such Auction Date if the rate determined by the Auction Procedures for the next succeeding Auction Period will be less than the rate per annum then specified by such Existing Owner); and/or

(C) the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds, if any, held by such Existing Owner which such Existing Owner irrevocably offers to sell on the Business Day next succeeding such Auction Date without regard to the rate determined by the Auction Procedures for the next succeeding Auction Period.

(ii) for the purpose of implementing the Auctions and thereby to achieve the lowest possible interest rate on the 2005 Bonds, the Broker-Dealers will contact Potential Owners, including Persons that are Existing Owners, to determine the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds, if any, which each such Potential Owner irrevocably offers to purchase if the rate determined by the Auction Procedures for the next succeeding Auction Period is not less than the rate per annum then specified by such Potential Owner.

For the purposes hereof, an Order containing the information referred to in clause (i)(A) above is herein referred to as a “Hold Order”, an Order containing the information referred to in clause (i)(B) or (ii) above is herein referred to as a “Bid”, and an Order containing the information referred to in clause (i)(C) above is herein referred to as a “Sell Order.”

(b)(i) A Bid by an Existing Owner will constitute an irrevocable offer to sell:

(A) the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds specified in such Bid if the rate determined by the Auction Procedures on such Auction Date will be less than the rate specified therein; or

(B) such principal amount or a lesser principal amount of the 2005 Bonds to be determined as described in subsection (a)(v) of the section below entitled “Allocation of 2005 Bonds” if the rate determined by the Auction Procedures on such Auction Date will be equal to such specified rate; or

(C) a lesser principal amount of the 2005 Bonds to be determined as described in subsection (b)(iv) of the section below entitled “Allocation of 2005 Bonds” if such specified rate will be higher than the Maximum ARS Rate and Sufficient Clearing Bids do not exist.

(ii) A Sell Order by an Existing Owner will constitute an irrevocable offer to sell:

(A) the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds specified in such Sell Order; or

(B) such principal amount or a lesser principal amount of the 2005 Bonds as described in subsection (iv) of the section below entitled “Allocation of 2005 Bonds” if Sufficient Clearing Bids do not exist.

(iii) A Bid by a Potential Owner will constitute an irrevocable offer to purchase:

(A) the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds specified in such Bid if the rate determined by the Auction Procedures on such Auction Date will be higher than the rate specified therein; or

(B) such principal amount or a lesser principal amount of the 2005 Bonds as described in subsection (a)(vi) of the section below entitled “Allocation of 2005 Bonds” if the rate determined by the Auction Procedures on such Auction Date will be equal to such specified rate.

(c) Anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding:

(i) for purposes of any Auction, any Order which specifies the 2005 Bonds to be held, purchased or sold in a principal amount which is not \$25,000 or an integral multiple of \$25,000 will be rounded down to the nearest \$25,000 or \$0 if the original order was less than \$25,000, and the Auction Agent will conduct the Auction Procedures as if such Order had been submitted in such lower amount;

(ii) any portion of an Order of an Existing Owner which relates to an ARS Bond which has been called for redemption on or prior to the Business Day immediately succeeding the Auction Date next succeeding such Auction will be invalid with respect to such portion and the Auction Agent will conduct the Auction Procedures as if such portion of such Order had not been submitted; and

(iii) the Auction Procedures will be suspended during the period commencing on the date of the Auction Agent’s receipt of notice from the Trustee or the Corporation of the occurrence of an Event of Default resulting from a failure to pay the holder of any 2005 Bond principal, premium or interest on any 2005 Bond when due but will resume two Business Days after the date on which the Auction Agent receives notice from the Trustee that such Event of Default has been waived or cured, with the next Auction to occur on the next regularly scheduled Auction Date occurring at least two (2) Business Days thereafter.

***Submission of Orders by Broker-Dealers to Auction Agent.***

(a) Each Broker-Dealer will submit to the Auction Agent in writing or by such other method as will be reasonably acceptable to the Auction Agent, including such electronic communication acceptable to the parties, prior to the Submission Deadline on each Auction Date, all Orders obtained by such Broker-Dealer and, if requested, specifying with respect to each Order:

(i) the name of the Bidder placing such Order;

(ii) the aggregate principal amount of the 2005 Bonds, if any, that are the subject of such Order;

- (iii) to the extent that such Bidder is an Existing Owner:
  - (A) the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds, if any, subject to any Hold Order placed by such Existing Owner;
  - (B) the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds, if any, subject to any Bid placed by such Existing Owner and the rate specified in such Bid; and
  - (C) the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds, if any, subject to any Sell Order placed by such Existing Owner.
- (iv) to the extent such Bidder is a Potential Owner, the rate specified in such Bid.
- (b) If any rate specified in any Bid contains more than three figures to the right of the decimal point, the Auction Agent will round such rate up to the next highest one thousandth of one percent (0.001%).
  - (c) If an Order or Orders covering all of the 2005 Bonds held by an Existing Owner is not submitted to the Auction Agent prior to the Submission Deadline, the Auction Agent will deem a Hold Order to have been submitted on behalf of such Existing Owner covering the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds held by such Existing Owner and not subject to Orders submitted to the Auction Agent; provided, however, that if there is a conversion from one Auction Period to another Auction Period and Orders have not been submitted to the Auction Agent prior to the Submission Deadline covering the aggregate principal amount of the 2005 Bonds to be converted held by such Existing Owner, the Auction Agent will deem a Sell Order to have been submitted on behalf of such Existing Owner covering the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds to be converted held by such Existing Owner not subject to Orders submitted to the Auction Agent.
  - (d) If one or more Orders covering in the aggregate more than the principal amount of 2005 Bonds held by any Existing Owner are submitted to the Auction Agent, such Orders will be considered valid as follows:
    - (i) all Hold Orders will be considered Hold Orders, but only up to and including in the aggregate the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds held by such Existing Owner;
    - (ii) (A) any Bid of an Existing Owner will be considered valid as a Bid of an Existing Owner up to and including the excess of the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds held by such Existing Owner over the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds subject to Hold Orders referred to in paragraph (i) above;
      - (B) subject to clause (A) above, all Bids of an Existing Owner with the same rate will be aggregated and considered a single Bid of an Existing Owner up to and including the excess of the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds held by such Existing Owner over the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds held by such Existing Owner subject to Hold Orders referred to in paragraph (i) above;
      - (C) subject to clause (A) above, if more than one Bid with different rates is submitted on behalf of such Existing Owner, such Bids will be considered Bids of an Existing Owner in the ascending order of their respective rates up to the amount of the excess of the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds held by such Existing Owner over the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds held by such Existing Owner subject to Hold Orders referred to in paragraph (i) above; and
      - (D) the principal amount, if any, of such 2005 Bonds subject to Bids not considered to be Bids of an Existing Owner under this paragraph (ii) will be treated as the subject of a Bid by a Potential Owner.
    - (iii) all Sell Orders will be considered Sell Orders, but only up to and including a principal amount of the 2005 Bonds equal to the excess of the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds held by such Existing Owner over the sum of the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds considered to be subject to Hold Orders pursuant to paragraph (i)

above and the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds considered to be subject to Bids of such Existing Owner pursuant to paragraph (ii) above.

(e) If more than one Bid is submitted on behalf of any Potential Owner, each Bid submitted with the same rate will be aggregated and considered a single Bid and each Bid submitted with a different rate will be considered a separate Bid with the rate and the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds specified therein.

(f) Neither the Corporation, the Mortgagor, the Trustee, the Credit Facility Provider, the Servicer nor the Auction Agent will be responsible for the failure of any Broker-Dealer to submit an Order to the Auction Agent on behalf of any Existing Owner or Potential Owner.

***Determination of ARS Rate.***

(a) Not later than 9:30 a.m., New York City time, on each Auction Date, the Auction Agent will advise the Broker-Dealers and the Trustee by telephone or other electronic communication acceptable to the parties of the All Hold Rate, the Maximum ARS Rate and the ARS Index for the 2005 Bonds.

(b) Promptly after the Submission Deadline on each Auction Date for the 2005 Bonds, the Auction Agent will assemble all Orders submitted or deemed submitted to it by the Broker-Dealers (each such Order as submitted or deemed submitted by a Broker-Dealer being hereinafter referred to as a "Submitted Hold Order," a "Submitted Bid" or a "Submitted Sell Order," as the case may be, and collectively as a "Submitted Order") and will determine (i) the Available Bonds, (ii) whether there are Sufficient Clearing Bids, (iii) the Auction Rate, and (iv) the immediately succeeding Auction-Date.

(c) Promptly after the Auction Agent has made the determinations pursuant to subsection (b) above, the Auction Agent will advise the Trustee by telephone (promptly confirmed in writing), telex or facsimile transmission or other electronic communication acceptable to the parties of the Auction Rate for the next succeeding Auction Period and the Trustee will promptly notify the Securities Depository, the Credit Facility Provider and the Servicer of such determination.

(d) In the event the Auction Agent fails to calculate or, for any reason, fails to provide the Auction Rate for any Auction Period, (i) if the preceding Auction Period was a period of 35 days or less, the new Auction Period will be the same as the preceding Auction Period and the ARS Rate for the new Auction Period will be the same as the ARS Rate for the preceding Auction Period, and (ii) if the preceding Auction Period was a period of greater than 35 days, the preceding Auction Period will be extended to the seventh day following the day that would have been the last day of such Auction Period had it not been extended (or if such seventh day is not followed by a Business Day then to the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day) and the ARS Rate in effect for the preceding Auction Period will continue in effect for the Auction Period as so extended. In the event an Auction Period is extended as set forth in clause (ii) of the preceding sentence, an Auction will be held on the last Business Day of the Auction Period as so extended to take effect for an Auction Period beginning on the Business Day immediately following the last day of the Auction Period as extended which Auction Period will end on the date it would otherwise have ended on had the prior Auction Period not been extended; provided, however, that if the Auction Procedures are suspended due to the failure to pay principal of, premium or interest on, any 2005 Bond, the ARS Rate for the next succeeding Auction Period will be the Default Rate.

(e) In the event of a failed Interest Method Change Date, or in the event of a failure to change the length of the current Auction Period due to the lack of Sufficient Clearing Bids at the Auction on the Auction Date for the first new Auction Period, then:

(i) if the 2005 Bonds are in a seven-day Auction Period immediately prior to the failed Interest Method Change Date or the failed change in the length of the Auction Period, the ARS Rate for the next Auction Period will be the Maximum ARS Rate and the Auction Period will be a seven-day Auction Period. Thereafter, the ARS Rate for each succeeding seven-day Auction Period will be determined in accordance with the Auction Procedures; and

(ii) if the 2005 Bonds are in a monthly Auction Period or a Special Auction Period immediately prior to the failed Interest Method Change Date or the failed change in the length of the Auction Period, the ARS Rate for the next Auction Period will be the Maximum ARS Rate and the Auction Period will be a Special Auction Period, commencing on, and including, the failed Interest Method Change Date or date of the failed change in the length of the Auction Period, as the case may be, to and including, the seventh day thereafter, but if such seventh day is not a Business Day, then the next succeeding Business Day (a “seven-day Special Auction Period”). The ARS Rate for each succeeding Auction Period will be determined in accordance with the Auction Procedures and the Auction Period immediately following such seven-day Special Auction Period will be a Special Auction Period commencing on, and including, the Business Day immediately succeeding the last day of the seven-day Special Auction Period to and including, the next succeeding 14<sup>th</sup> calendar day of the month, but if such 14<sup>th</sup> day is not followed by a Business Day then to the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day. Thereafter the Auction Period will be a monthly Auction Period unless the length of the Auction Period is changed in accordance with Section 809 hereof or the interest rate on the 2005 Bonds is adjusted to a Weekly Rate, Term Rate or Fixed Rate in accordance with this Appendix D.

(f) If the 2005 Bonds are not rated or if the 2005 Bonds are no longer maintained in book-entry-only form by the Securities Depository, then the ARS Rate will be the Maximum ARS Rate.

***Allocation of 2005 Bonds.***

(a) In the event of Sufficient Clearing Bids for the 2005 Bonds, subject to the further provisions of subsections (c) and (d) below, Submitted Orders for such series will be accepted or rejected as follows in the following order of priority:

(i) the Submitted Hold Order of each Existing Owner will be accepted, thus requiring each such Existing Owner to continue to hold the 2005 Bonds that are the subject of such Submitted Hold Order;

(ii) the Submitted Sell Order of each Existing Owner will be accepted and the Submitted Bid of each Existing Owner specifying any rate that is higher than the Winning Bid Rate will be rejected, thus requiring each such Existing Owner to sell the 2005 Bonds that are the subject of such Submitted Sell Order or Submitted Bid;

(iii) the Submitted Bid of each Existing Owner specifying any rate that is lower than the Winning Bid Rate will be accepted, thus requiring each such Existing Owner to continue to hold the 2005 Bonds that are the subject of such Submitted Bid;

(iv) the Submitted Bid of each Potential Owner specifying any rate that is lower than the Winning Bid Rate will be accepted, thus requiring each such Potential Owner to purchase the 2005 Bonds that are the subject of such Submitted Bid;

(v) the Submitted Bid of each Existing Owner specifying a rate that is equal to the Winning Bid Rate will be accepted, thus requiring each such Existing Owner to continue to hold the 2005 Bonds that are the subject of such Submitted Bid, but only up to and including the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds obtained by multiplying (A) the aggregate principal amount of Outstanding 2005 Bonds which are not the subject of Submitted Hold Orders described in paragraph (i) above or of Submitted Bids described in paragraphs (iii) or (iv) above by (B) a fraction the numerator of which will be the principal amount of Outstanding 2005 Bonds held by such Existing Owner subject to such Submitted Bid and the denominator of which will be the aggregate principal amount of Outstanding 2005 Bonds subject to such Submitted Bids made by all such Existing Owners that specified a rate equal to the Winning Bid Rate, and the remainder, if any, of such Submitted Bid will be rejected, thus requiring each such Existing Owner to sell any excess amount of the 2005 Bonds;

(vi) the Submitted Bid of each Potential Owner specifying a rate that is equal to the Winning Bid Rate will be accepted, thus requiring each such Potential Owner to purchase the 2005 Bonds that are the subject of such Submitted Bid, but only in an amount equal to the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds obtained by multiplying (A) the aggregate principal amount of Outstanding 2005 Bonds which are not the subject of Submitted Hold Orders described in paragraph (i) above or of Submitted Bids described in paragraphs (iii), (iv) or (v) above by (B) a

fraction the numerator of which will be the principal amount of Outstanding 2005 Bonds subject to such Submitted Bid and the denominator of which will be the sum of the aggregate principal amount of Outstanding 2005 Bonds subject to such Submitted Bids made by all such Potential Owners that specified a rate equal to the Winning Bid Rate, and the remainder of such Submitted Bid will be rejected; and

(vii) the Submitted Bid of each Potential Owner specifying any rate that is higher than the Winning Bid Rate will be rejected.

(b) In the event there are not Sufficient Clearing Bids for the 2005 Bonds, subject to the further provisions of subsections (c) and (d) below, Submitted Orders, for each series of the 2005 Bonds will be accepted or rejected as follows in the following order of priority:

(i) the Submitted Hold Order of each Existing Owner will be accepted, thus requiring each such Existing Owner to continue to hold the 2005 Bonds that are the subject of such Submitted Hold Order;

(ii) the Submitted Bid of each Existing Owner specifying any rate that is not higher than the Maximum ARS Rate, will be accepted, thus requiring each such Existing Owner to continue to hold the 2005 Bonds that are the subject of such Submitted Bid;

(iii) the Submitted Bid of each Potential Owner specifying any rate that is not higher than the Maximum ARS Rate, will be accepted, thus requiring each such Potential Owner to purchase the 2005 Bonds that are the subject of such Submitted Bid;

(iv) the Submitted Sell Orders of each Existing Owner will be accepted as Submitted Sell Orders and the Submitted Bids of each Existing Owner specifying any rate that is higher than the Maximum ARS Rate, will be deemed to be and will be accepted as Submitted Sell Orders, in both cases only up to and including the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds obtained by multiplying (A) the aggregate principal amount of the 2005 Bonds subject to Submitted Bids described in paragraph (iii) of this subsection (b) by (B) a fraction the numerator of which will be the principal amount of Outstanding 2005 Bonds held by such Existing Owner subject to such Submitted Sell Order or such Submitted Bid deemed to be a Submitted Sell Order and the denominator of which will be the principal amount of Outstanding 2005 Bonds subject to all such Submitted Sell Orders and such Submitted Bids deemed to be Submitted Sell Orders, and the remainder of each such Submitted Sell Order or Submitted Bid will be deemed to be and will be accepted as a Hold Order and each such Existing Owner will be required to continue to hold such excess amount of the 2005 Bonds; and

(v) the Submitted Bid of each Potential Owner specifying any rate that is higher than the Maximum ARS Rate will be rejected.

(c) If, as a result of the procedures described in subsection (a) or (b) above, any Existing Owner or Potential Owner would be required to purchase or sell an aggregate principal amount of the 2005 Bonds which is not an integral multiple of \$25,000 on any Auction Date, the Auction Agent will by lot, in such manner as it will determine in its sole discretion, round up or down the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds to be purchased or sold by any Existing Owner or Potential Owner on such Auction Date so that the aggregate principal amount of the 2005 Bonds purchased or sold by each Existing Owner or Potential Owner on such Auction Date will be an integral multiple of \$25,000, even if such allocation results in one or more of such Existing Owners or Potential Owners not purchasing or selling any 2005 Bonds on such Auction Date.

(d) If, as a result of the procedures described in subsection (a) above, any Potential Owner would be required to purchase less than \$25,000 in principal amount of the 2005 Bonds on any Auction Date, the Auction Agent will by lot, in such manner as it will determine in its sole discretion, allocate the 2005 Bonds for purchase among Potential Owners so that the principal amount of ARS purchased on such Auction Date by any Potential Owner will be an integral multiple of \$25,000, even if such allocation results in one or more of such Potential Owners not purchasing the 2005 Bonds on such Auction Date.

***Notice of ARS Rate.***

(a) On each Auction Date, the Auction Agent will notify by telephone or other telecommunication device or other electronic communication acceptable to the parties or in writing each Broker-Dealer that participated in the Auction held on such Auction Date of the following with respect to the 2005 Bonds for which an Auction was held on such Auction Date:

- (i) the ARS Rate determined on such Auction Date for the succeeding Auction Period;
- (ii) whether Sufficient Clearing Bids existed for the determination of the Winning Bid Rate;
- (iii) if such Broker-Dealer submitted a Bid or a Sell Order on behalf of an Existing Owner, whether such Bid or Sell Order was accepted or rejected and the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds, if any, to be sold by such Existing Owner;
- (iv) if such Broker-Dealer submitted a Bid on behalf of a Potential Owner, whether such Bid was accepted or rejected and the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds, if any, to be purchased by such Potential Owner;
- (v) if the aggregate principal amount of the 2005 Bonds to be sold by all Existing Owners on whose behalf such Broker-Dealer submitted Bids or Sell Orders is different from the aggregate principal amount of the 2005 Bonds to be purchased by all Potential Owners on whose behalf such Broker-Dealer submitted a Bid, the name or names of one or more Broker-Dealers (and the Agent Member, if any, of each such other Broker Dealer) and the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds to be (A) purchased from one or more Existing Owners on whose behalf such other Broker-Dealers submitted Bids or Sell Orders or (B) sold to one or more Potential Owners on whose behalf such Broker-Dealer submitted Bids; and
- (vi) the immediately succeeding Auction Date.

(b) On each Auction Date, with respect to the 2005 Bonds for which an Auction was held on such Auction Date, each Broker-Dealer that submitted an Order on behalf of any Existing Owner or Potential Owner will: (i) advise each Existing Owner and Potential Owner on whose behalf such Broker-Dealer submitted an Order as to (A) the ARS Rate determined on such Auction Date, (B) whether any Bid or Sell Order submitted on behalf of each such Owner was accepted or rejected and (C) the immediately succeeding Auction Date; (ii) instruct each Potential Owner on whose behalf such Broker-Dealer submitted a Bid that was accepted, in whole or in part, to instruct such Existing Owner's Agent Member to pay to such Broker-Dealer (or its Agent Member) through the Securities Depository the amount necessary to purchase the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds to be purchased pursuant to such Bid (including accrued interest if the purchase date is not an Interest Payment Date for such Bond) against receipt of such 2005 Bonds; and (iii) instruct each Existing Owner on whose behalf such Broker-Dealer submitted a Sell Order that was accepted or a Bid that was rejected, in whole or in part, to instruct such Existing Owner's Agent Member to deliver to such Broker-Dealer (or its Agent Member) through the Securities Depository the principal amount of the 2005 Bonds to be sold pursuant to such Bid or Sell Order against payment therefor.

***ARS Index.***

- (a) The ARS Index is LIBOR.
- (b) If for any reason on any Auction Date the ARS Index will not be determined as hereinabove provided in this Appendix D, the ARS Index will be the ARS Index for the Auction Period ending on such Auction Date.
- (c) The determination of the ARS Index as provided herein will be conclusive and binding upon the Corporation, the Mortgagor, the Credit Facility Provider, the Servicer, the Trustee, the Broker-Dealers, the Auction Agent and the Owners of the 2005 Bonds.

***Miscellaneous Provisions Regarding Auctions.***

(a) In this Appendix D, each reference to the purchase, sale or holding of “2005 Bonds” will refer to beneficial interests in the 2005 Bonds, unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(b) During an ARS Rate Period, the provisions of the Resolution and the definitions contained therein and described in this Appendix D, including without limitation the definitions of Default Rate, Maximum ARS Rate, Maximum Rate, All Hold Rate, ARS Index, Interest Payment Date, ARS Multiple and the ARS Rate, may be amended pursuant to the Resolution, by obtaining the consent of the Credit Facility Provider and the owners of all Outstanding 2005 Bonds bearing interest at an ARS Rate as follows. If on the first Auction Date occurring at least 20 days after the date on which the Trustee mailed notice of such proposed amendment to the registered owners of the Outstanding 2005 Bonds as required by the Resolution, (i) the ARS Rate which is determined on such date is the Winning Bid Rate and (ii) there is delivered to the Mortgagor, the Corporation, the Credit Facility Provider and the Trustee an Opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that such amendment will not adversely affect the validity of the 2005 Bonds or any exemption from Federal income tax to which the interest on such 2005 Bonds would otherwise be entitled, the proposed amendment will be deemed to have been consented to by the owners of all affected Outstanding 2005 Bonds bearing interest at an ARS Rate.

(c) If the Securities Depository notifies the Corporation that it is unwilling or unable to continue as owner of the 2005 Bonds or if at any time the Securities Depository will no longer be registered or in good standing under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or other applicable statute or regulation and a successor to the Securities Depository is not appointed by the Corporation within 90 days after the Corporation receives notice or becomes aware of such condition, as the case may be, the Corporation will execute and the Trustee will authenticate and deliver certificates representing the 2005 Bonds. Such 2005 Bonds will be registered in such names and authorized denominations as the Securities Depository, pursuant to instructions from the Agent Members or otherwise, will instruct the Corporation and the Trustee.

During an ARS Rate Period, so long as the ownership of the 2005 Bonds is maintained in book-entry form by the Securities Depository, an Existing Owner or a beneficial owner may sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of a 2005 Bonds only pursuant to a Bid or Sell Order in accordance with the Auction Procedures or to or through a Broker-Dealer, provided that (i) in the case of all transfers other than pursuant to Auctions such Existing Owner or its Broker-Dealer or its Agent Member advises the Auction Agent of such transfer and (ii) a sale, transfer or other disposition of the 2005 Bonds from a customer of a Broker-Dealer who is listed on the records of that Broker-Dealer as the holder of such 2005 Bonds to that Broker-Dealer or another customer of that Broker-Dealer will not be deemed to be a sale, transfer or other disposition for purposes of this paragraph if such Broker-Dealer remains the Existing Owner of the 2005 Bonds so sold, transferred or disposed of immediately after such sale, transfer or disposition.

***Changes in Auction Period.***

(a) (i) During any ARS Rate Period, the Mortgagor may, with the consent of the Corporation and the Credit Facility Provider, from time to time on any Business Day immediately following the last day of an Auction Period, change the length of the Auction Period with respect to all of the 2005 Bonds in an ARS Rate Period among a seven-day, monthly and a Special Auction Period in order to accommodate economic and financial factors that may affect or be relevant to the length of the Auction Period and the interest rate borne by such 2005 Bonds; provided, however, in the case of a change from a Special Auction Period, the date of such change will be the Business Day immediately following the last day of such Special Auction Period. The Mortgagor will initiate the change in the length of the Auction Period by giving written notice to the Trustee, the Auction Agent, the Broker-Dealers and the Securities Depository that the Auction Period will change if the conditions described herein are satisfied and the proposed effective date of the change, at least 10 Business Days prior to the Auction Date for such Auction Period.

(ii) Any such changed Auction Period will be for a period of seven-days, monthly or a Special Auction Period and will be for all of the 2005 Bonds in an ARS Rate Period.

(iii) The change in the length of the Auction Period for the 2005 Bonds will not be allowed unless Sufficient Clearing Bids existed at both the Auction before the date on which the notice of the proposed change was given as provided in this subsection (a) and the Auction immediately preceding the proposed change.

(iv) The change in length of the Auction Period for the 2005 Bonds will take effect only if (A) the Trustee and the Auction Agent receive, by 11:00 a.m., New York City time, on the Business Day before the Auction Date for the first such Auction Period, a certificate from the Corporation and the Credit Facility Provider consenting to the change in the length of the Auction Period specified in such certificate and (B) Sufficient Clearing Bids exist at the Auction on the Auction Date for such first Auction Period. For purposes of the Auction for such first Auction Period only, each Existing Owner will be deemed to have submitted Sell Orders with respect to all of its 2005 Bonds except to the extent such Existing Owner submits an Order with respect to such 2005 Bonds. If the condition referred to in (A) above is not met, the Auction Rate for the next Auction Period will be determined pursuant to the Auction Procedures and the Auction Period will be the Auction Period determined without reference to the proposed change. If the condition referred to in (A) is met but the condition referred to in (B) above is not met, the Auction Rate for the next Auction Period will be the Maximum ARS Rate, and the Auction Period will be a seven-day Auction Period. 2005 Bonds selected for conversion from one Auction Period to another, any 2005 Bonds which are not the subject of a specific Hold Order or Bid will be deemed to be subject to a Sell Order.

### **Auction Agent**

#### ***Auction Agent.***

The Trustee will enter into an Auction Agreement acceptable to the Credit Facility Provider with the initial Auction Agent for the 2005 Bonds. The Auction Agent will serve as such under the terms and provisions of the Resolution and of the Auction Agreement.

#### ***Qualifications of Auction Agent; Resignation; Removal.***

The Auction Agent, including any successor appointed pursuant to the Resolution, must be approved by the Credit Facility Provider and be (a) a bank or trust company duly organized under the laws of the United States of America or any state or territory thereof, and having a combined capital stock, surplus and undivided profits of at least \$50,000,000, or (b) a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., having a capitalization of at least \$50,000,000 and, in either case, authorized by law to perform all the duties imposed upon it by the Resolution and the Auction Agreement. The Auction Agent may at any time resign by giving at least ninety (90) days prior written notice to the Corporation, the Credit Facility Provider, the Mortgagee, the Trustee, the Tender Agent and the Servicer but in no event shall such resignation take effect prior to the date a successor Auction Agent is appointed and serving under the Resolution and the Auction Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the Auction Agent has not been compensated for its services under and pursuant to the Auction Agreement, the Auction Agent may resign by giving thirty (30) days notice to the Corporation, the Credit facility provider, the Mortgagee and the Trustee, and upon the expiration of such thirty (30) days, the Auction Agent may resign even if a successor has not yet been appointed. The Auction Agent may be removed at any time by the Corporation, with the prior written consent of the Mortgagee and the Credit Facility Provider, by written notice, to the Auction Agent, the Trustee, the Tender Agent and the Servicer. Upon the receipt of a notice of resignation or removal of the Auction Agent as provided in this paragraph, the Corporation, with the prior written consent of the Mortgagee and the Credit Facility Provider, will appoint a successor Auction Agent satisfying the requirements set forth in this paragraph. If the Corporation fails or refuses to make such appointment prior to the effective date of the resignation or removal, the Credit Facility Provider may appoint a successor Auction Agent by written notice to the Corporation, the Mortgagee, the Trustee, the Tender Agent and the Servicer. Upon the receipt of a notice of resignation or removal of the Auction Agent, the Corporation, with the prior written consent of the Mortgagee and the Credit Facility Provider, will appoint a successor Auction Agent satisfying the requirements of this paragraph. If the Corporation fails or refuses to make such appointment prior to the effective date of the resignation or removal, the Credit Facility Provider may appoint a successor Auction Agent by written notice to the Corporation, the Mortgagee, the Trustee, the Tender Agent and the Servicer.

**FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT**

This Continuing Disclosure Agreement (the “Disclosure Agreement”) is executed and delivered by the JDM Washington Street LLC (the “Mortgagor”) and The Bank of New York (the “Bond Trustee”) in connection with the issuance of \$74,800,000 aggregate principal amount of New York City Housing Development Corporation, Multi-Family Rental Housing Revenue Bonds (90 Washington Street), 2005 Series A (the “Bonds”). The Bonds are being issued pursuant to a Resolution adopted by the New York City Housing Development Corporation (the “Issuer”), adopted on January 21, 2005 (the “Resolution”). The Mortgagor and the Bond Trustee covenant and agree as follows:

**SECTION 1. Purpose of the Disclosure Agreement.** This Disclosure Agreement is being executed and delivered by the Mortgagor and the Bond Trustee for the benefit of the Holders and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds and in order to assist the Participating Underwriters in complying with the Rule (defined below).

**SECTION 2. Definitions.** In addition to the definitions set forth in the Resolution, which apply to any capitalized term used in this Disclosure Agreement unless otherwise defined in this Section, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

“Annual Report” shall mean any Annual Report provided by the Mortgagor pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Disclosure Agreement.

“Beneficial Owner” shall mean any person which has or shares the power, directly or indirectly, to make investment decisions concerning ownership of any Bonds (including persons holding Bonds through nominees, depositories or other intermediaries).

“Disclosure Representative” shall mean the President or any Vice President of the managing member of the Mortgagor or his or her designee, or such other officer or employee as the Mortgagor shall designate in writing to the Bond Trustee from time to time.

“Dissemination Agent” shall mean any dissemination agent (which may be the Bond Trustee) designated in writing by the Mortgagor and which (if not the Bond Trustee) has filed with the Bond Trustee a written acceptance of such designation.

“Listed Events” shall mean any of the events listed in Section 5(a) of this Disclosure Agreement.

“National Repository” shall mean any Nationally Recognized Municipal Securities Information Repository for purposes of the Rule. The National Repositories currently approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission are set forth in Exhibit B.

“Official Statement” means the final Official Statement dated January 21, 2005 relating to the Bonds.

“Participating Underwriters” shall mean any of the original underwriters of the Bonds required to comply with the Rule in connection with offering of the Bonds.

“Repository” shall mean each National Repository and the State Repository.

“Rule” shall mean Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same may be amended from time to time.

“State” shall mean the State of New York.

“State Repository” shall mean any public or private repository or entity designated by the State as the state repository for the purpose of the Rule and recognized as such by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

SECTION 3. Provision of Annual Reports.

(a) So long as the Bonds bear interest at an ARS Rate, a Term Rate or a Fixed Rate, the Mortgagor shall, or shall cause the Dissemination Agent, if any, to, not later than six months after the end of the Mortgagor's fiscal year (presently December 31), commencing with the report for the 2004 Fiscal Year, provide to each Repository an Annual Report which is consistent with the requirements of Section 4 of this Disclosure Agreement. In each case, the Annual Report may be submitted as a single document or as separate documents comprising a package, and may cross-reference other information as provided in Section 4 of this Disclosure Agreement; provided that the audited consolidated financial statements of the Mortgagor may be submitted separately from the balance of the Annual Report and later than the date required above for the filing of the Annual Report if they are not available by that date. If the Mortgagor's fiscal year changes, the Mortgagor shall give notice of such change in the same manner as for a Listed Event under Section 5(f).

(b) Not later than fifteen (15) Business Days prior to the date specified in subsection (a) for providing the Annual Report to Repositories, the Mortgagor shall provide the Annual Report to the Dissemination Agent, if any, and the Bond Trustee. If by such date, the Bond Trustee has not received a copy of the Annual Report, the Bond Trustee shall contact the Mortgagor and the Dissemination Agent, if any, to determine if the Mortgagor is in compliance with the first sentence of this subsection (b).

(i) If the Bond Trustee is unable to verify that an Annual Report has been provided to the Repositories by the date required in subsection (a), the Bond Trustee shall send a notice to each Repository in substantially the form attached as Exhibit A.

SECTION 4. Content of Annual Reports. The Mortgagor's Annual Report shall contain or include by reference the following:

The audited consolidated financial statements of the Mortgagor for the prior fiscal year, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated from time to time by the Financial Accounting Standards Board. If such audited financial statements are not available by the time the Annual Report is required to be filed pursuant to Section 3(a), the Annual Report shall contain unaudited financial statements and the audited financial statements shall be filed in the same manner as the Annual Report when they become available.

To the extent not otherwise included in the audited consolidated financial statements provided pursuant to paragraph (a) above, the financial information and operating data of the type contained under the heading "THE PROJECT AND THE MORTGAGOR" in the Official Statement.

Any or all of the items listed above may be included by specific reference to other documents, including official statements of debt issues with respect to which the Mortgagor is an "obligated person" (as defined by the Rule), which have been filed with each of the Repositories or the Securities and Exchange Commission. If the document included by reference is a final official statement, it must be available from the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. The Mortgagor shall clearly identify each such other document so included by reference.

SECTION 5. Reporting of Significant Events.

(a) Pursuant to the provisions of this Section 5, the Mortgagor shall give, or cause to be given, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds, if material:

- (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies;
- (2) non-payment related defaults;
- (3) modifications to rights of Bondholders;
- (4) optional, contingent or unscheduled bond calls;

- (5) defeasances;
- (6) rating changes;
- (7) adverse tax opinions or events adversely affecting the tax-exempt status of the Bonds;
- (8) unscheduled draws on the debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
- (9) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
- (10) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; or
- (11) release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds.

(b) The Bond Trustee shall, within five (5) Business Days of obtaining actual knowledge of the occurrence of any of the Listed Events, contact the Disclosure Representative, inform such person of the event and request that the Mortgagor promptly notify the Bond Trustee in writing whether or not to report the event pursuant to subsection (d).

(c) Whenever the Mortgagor obtains knowledge of the occurrence of a Listed Event, because of a notice from the Bond Trustee pursuant to subsection (b) or otherwise, the Mortgagor shall as soon as possible determine if such event would be material under applicable federal securities laws.

(d) If the Mortgagor has determined that knowledge of the occurrence of a Listed Event would be material under applicable federal securities laws, the Mortgagor shall file, or cause the Dissemination Agent, if any, to file, a notice of such occurrence with the Repositories. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notice of Listed Events described in subsections (a)(4) and (5) need not be given by the Mortgagor under this subsection if the Trustee is required under the Resolution to file such notice and need not be given any earlier than the time that the notice (if any) of the underlying event is given to Holders of affected Bonds pursuant to the Resolution.

(e) If in response to a request under subsection (b), the Mortgagor determines that the Listed Event would not be material under applicable federal securities laws, the Mortgagor shall so notify the Bond Trustee in writing.

**SECTION 6. Termination of Reporting Obligation.** The Mortgagor's obligations under this Disclosure Agreement shall terminate upon the legal defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all of the Bonds and at such time that the Mortgagor ceases to be an "obligated person" (as defined by the Rule). If the Mortgagor's obligations under the Agreement are assumed in full by some other entity, such person shall be responsible for compliance with this Disclosure Agreement in the same manner as if it were the Mortgagor and the Mortgagor shall have no further responsibility hereunder. If such termination or substitution occurs prior to the final maturity of the Bonds, the Mortgagor shall give notice of such termination, or shall cause notice of such termination to be given, in the same manner as for a Listed Event under Section 5(d).

**SECTION 7. Dissemination Agent.** The Mortgagor may, from time to time, appoint or engage a Dissemination Agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under this Disclosure Agreement, and may discharge any such Agent, with or without appointing a successor Dissemination Agent. The Dissemination Agent shall not be responsible in any manner for the content of any notice or report prepared by the Mortgagor pursuant to this Disclosure Agreement, including but not limited to determining whether the contents of any Annual Report satisfy the requirements of Section 4 of the Agreement.

**SECTION 8. Amendment; Waiver.** Notwithstanding any other provision of this Disclosure Agreement, the Mortgagor may amend this Disclosure Agreement (and the Bond Trustee shall agree to any amendment so requested by the Mortgagor), and any provision of this Disclosure Agreement may be waived, provided that the following conditions are satisfied:

(a) If the amendment or waiver relates to the provisions of Sections 3(a), 4, or 5(a), it may only be made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature or status of an obligated person with respect to the Bonds or the type of business conducted;

(b) The undertaking, as amended or taking into account such waiver, would, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the original issuance of the Bonds, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(c) The amendment or waiver either (i) is approved by the Holders of the Bonds in the same manner as provided in the Resolution for amendments to the Resolution with the consent of Holders, or (ii) does not, in the opinion of the Bond Trustee or nationally recognized bond counsel, materially impair the interests of the Holders or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds.

In the event of any amendment or waiver of a provision of this Disclosure Agreement, the Mortgagor shall describe such amendment in the next Annual Report, and shall include, as applicable, a narrative explanation of the reason for the amendment or waiver and its impact on the type (or, in the case of a change of accounting principles, on the presentation) of financial information or operating data being presented by the Mortgagor. In addition, if the amendment relates to the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, (i) notice of such change shall be given in the same manner as for a Listed Event under Section 5(f), and (ii) the Annual Report for the year in which the change is made should present a comparison (in narrative form and also, if feasible, in quantitative form) between the financial statements as prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles.

SECTION 9. Additional Information. Nothing in this Disclosure Agreement shall be deemed to prevent the Mortgagor from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Agreement or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Agreement. If the Mortgagor chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Agreement, the Mortgagor shall have no obligation under this Agreement to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event.

SECTION 10. Default. In the event of a failure of the Mortgagor or the Bond Trustee to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Agreement, the Bond Trustee may (and, at the request of any Participating Underwriter or the Holders of at least 51% aggregate principal amount of Outstanding Bonds, subject to its right to be indemnified to its satisfaction, shall), or any Holder or Beneficial Owner of the Bonds may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause the Mortgagor or Bond Trustee, as the case may be, to comply with its obligations under this Disclosure Agreement. A default under this Disclosure Agreement shall not be deemed an Event of Default under the Resolution or the Lease, and the sole remedy under this Disclosure Agreement in the event of any failure of the Mortgagor or the Bond Trustee to comply with this Disclosure Agreement shall be an action to compel performance.

SECTION 11. Duties, Immunities and Liabilities of Bond Trustee. For the purposes of defining the standards of care and performance and the protections and indemnities applicable to the Bond Trustee in the performance of its obligations under this Disclosure Agreement, Article XI of the Resolution is hereby made applicable to this Disclosure Agreement as if this Disclosure Agreement were (solely for this purpose) contained in the Resolution. Anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, other than as explicitly set forth herein, the Bond Trustee shall have no duty to investigate or monitor compliance by the Mortgagor with the terms of this Disclosure Agreement, including without limitation, reviewing the accuracy or completeness of any notices or filings filed by the Mortgagor hereunder.

SECTION 12. Notices. Any notices or communications to or among any of the parties to this Disclosure Agreement may be given as follows:

To the Mortgagor: JDM Washington Street LLC  
c/o The Moinian Group  
399 Park Avenue, 22nd Floor  
New York, New York 10022  
Attention: General Counsel

To the Bond Trustee: The Bank of New York  
101 Barclay Street, Floor 21W  
New York, New York 10286  
Attention: New York Municipal Finance Unit

Any person may, by written notice to the other persons listed above, designate a different address or telephone number(s) to which subsequent notices or communications should be sent.

SECTION 13. Beneficiaries. This Disclosure Agreement shall inure solely to the benefit of the Mortgagor, the Bond Trustee, the Dissemination Agent, if any, the Participating Underwriters and Holders and Beneficial Owners from time to time of the Bonds, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

SECTION 14. Counterparts. This Disclosure Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which shall constitute but one and the same instrument.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_, 2005

JDM Washington Street LLC

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name:  
Title:

The Bank of New York, as Bond Trustee

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name:  
Title:

EXHIBIT A

NOTICE TO REPOSITORIES OF FAILURE TO FILE ANNUAL REPORT

Name of Issuer: New York City Housing Development Corporation  
Name of Bond Issue: \$74,800,000 New York City Housing Development Corporation, Multi-Family Rental  
Housing Revenue Bonds (90 Washington Street), 2005 Series A  
Name of Borrower: JDM Washington Street LLC  
Date of Issuance: \_\_\_\_\_, 2005

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that JDM Washington Street LLC has not provided an Annual Report with respect to the above-named Bonds. The Mortgagor anticipates that the Annual Report will be filed by \_\_\_\_\_.

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

The Bank of New York,  
on behalf of Mortgagor

cc: Mortgagor

EXHIBIT B

Nationally Recognized Municipal Securities Information Repositories approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission as of January 21, 2005:

**Bloomberg Municipal Repository**

100 Business Park Drive  
Skillman, New Jersey 08558  
Phone: (609) 279-3225  
Fax: (609) 279-5962  
Email: munis@Bloomberg.com

**DPC Data Inc.**

One Executive Drive  
Fort Lee, New Jersey 07024  
Phone: (201) 346-0701  
Fax: (201) 947-0107  
Email: nrmsir@dpdata.com

**FT Interactive Data**

Attn: NRMSIR  
100 William Street  
New York, New York 10038  
Phone: (212) 771-6999  
Fax: (212) 771-7390 (Secondary Market Information)  
(212) 771-7391 (Primary Market Information)  
Email: NRMSIR@FTID.com

**Standard & Poor's J.J. Kenny Repository**

55 Water Street  
45th Floor  
New York, New York 10041  
Phone: (212) 438-4595  
Fax: (212) 438-3975  
Email: nrmsir\_repository@sandp.com

The address of the **Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board** is:

1818 N Street, N.W.  
Suite 800  
Washington, D.C. 20036-2491  
phone: (202) 223-9347  
fax: (202) 872-0347



