

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED DECEMBER [__], 2021

NEW ISSUE—BOOK-ENTRY ONLY

Moody's: "[Aa2]"
(see "RATING" herein)

This cover page contains information for quick reference only. It is not a summary of the information contained in this Official Statement. Investors must read the entire Official Statement to obtain information essential to making an informed investment decision.

\$[_____]*

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
Housing Impact Bonds, 2021 Series A
(Sustainable Development Bonds)

[LOGO]

Dated: Date of delivery

Due: as shown on the inside cover page

Purpose

The Corporation will use the proceeds of the Housing Impact Bonds, 2021 Series A (the "2021 Bonds") to finance two mortgage loans (the "2021 Mortgage Loans") to Harlem River Preservation LLC (the "2021 Borrower"), to enable the 2021 Borrower to pay a portion of the cost of acquiring, rehabilitating and equipping 693 units in 8 tenant-occupied public housing buildings located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York (collectively, the "2021 Developments") in connection with the conversion of the 2021 Developments to multifamily residential facilities receiving housing assistance payments authorized by Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, and to pay certain other costs related thereto. See "PLAN OF FINANCING."

Tax Exemption

In the opinion of Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Bond Counsel to the Corporation ("Bond Counsel"), based on an analysis of existing laws, regulations, rulings and court decisions, and assuming, among other matters, the accuracy of certain representations and compliance with certain covenants, interest on the 2021 Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"), except that no opinion is expressed as to the status of interest on any 2021 Bond for any period that such 2021 Bond is held by a "substantial user" of the facilities financed by the 2021 Bonds or by a "related person" within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code. In the further opinion of Bond Counsel, interest on the 2021 Bonds is not a specific preference item for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax. Bond Counsel is also of the opinion that interest on the 2021 Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York and any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York). A complete copy of the proposed form of opinion of Bond Counsel is set forth in Appendix D hereto. See "TAX MATTERS."

Redemption and Mandatory Tender

The 2021 Bonds are subject to mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation prior to maturity and are subject to redemption prior to maturity, all as described herein.

Interest

Interest on the 2021 Bonds is payable on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing [February 1, 2022].

Security

The 2021 Bonds are special revenue obligations of the Corporation and will be payable solely from and secured by the Revenues and assets pledged therefor pursuant to the Resolution, including, without limitation, certain payments to be made under or with respect to the Mortgage Loans, including the 2021 Mortgage Loans. The 2021 Bonds are being issued on a parity with and shall be entitled to the same benefit and security as other Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) issued and to be issued under the General Resolution, except as described herein.

The 2021 Borrower is expected to enter into, and the Mortgagors of the Mortgage Loans financed to date have entered into, contracts to receive Section 8 subsidy payments with respect to the related Developments. The 2021 Mortgage Loans will be secured by Supplemental Security in the form of a standby credit enhancement agreement to be issued by Freddie Mac and a funding agreement to be provided by the Corporation, and the Mortgage Loans financed to date are secured by Supplemental Security provided by Freddie Mac, Fannie Mae or the Corporation.

The 2021 Bonds are not a debt of the State of New York or The City of New York, and neither the State of New York nor The City of New York shall be liable thereon, nor shall the 2021 Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation pledged therefor. The Corporation has no taxing power.

Denominations

\$5,000 or integral multiples thereof.

Bond Counsel

Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP.

Underwriters' Counsel

Tiber Hudson LLC.

Disclosure Counsel

Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP.

Trustee

U.S. Bank National Association.

Book-Entry System

The Depository Trust Company. See "BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM" herein.

Delivery

The 2021 Bonds are offered when, as and if issued and received by the Underwriters, subject to certain conditions. The 2021 Bonds are expected to be delivered on or about December __, 2021.

* Preliminary, subject to change.

Corporation Website

Information about the Corporation is available at www.nychdc.com.

BofA Securities
Academy Securities
Citigroup
J.P. Morgan
Ramirez & Co., Inc.
UBS

Bancroft Capital
Drexel Hamilton, LLC
Morgan Stanley
Raymond James

Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC
Barclays
Jefferies
Multi-Bank Securities, Inc.
Roosevelt & Cross Incorporated
Wells Fargo Securities

Dated: December __, 2021

MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, PRICES*

\$[_____] 2021 Series A Bonds

\$_____ 2021 Series A Fixed Rate Serial Bonds

<u>Due</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Price</u>	<u>CUSIP No.</u> [†]
	\$	%	%	

\$_____ % 2021 Series A Fixed Rate Term Bonds due _____, 20__—Price ___% CUSIP No.[†]

\$_____ % 2021 Series A Fixed Rate Term Bonds due _____, 20__—Price ___% CUSIP No.[†]

\$_____ % 2021 Series A Fixed Rate Term Bonds due _____, 20__—Price ___% CUSIP No.[†]

\$_____ % 2021 Series A Fixed Rate Term Bonds due _____, 20__—Price ___% CUSIP No.[†]

Interest Payment Dates: Interest on the 2021 Bonds is payable on February 1 and August 1, commencing [February 1, 2022], and on any redemption or tender date.

Authorized Denominations: \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

Senior Managing Underwriter: BofA Securities, Inc.

Co-Senior Managing Underwriter: Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC

Co-Managing Underwriters: Academy Securities, Inc., Bancroft Capital, LLC, Barclays Capital Inc., Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Drexel Hamilton, LLC, Jefferies LLC, J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, Multi-Bank Securities, Inc., Samuel A. Ramirez & Co., Inc., Raymond James & Associates, Inc., Roosevelt & Cross, Incorporated, UBS Financial Services Inc. and Wells Fargo Securities

* Preliminary, subject to change.

[†] CUSIP numbers have been assigned by an independent company not affiliated with the Corporation and are included solely for the convenience of the owners of the 2021 Bonds. The Corporation is not responsible for the selection or uses of these CUSIP numbers, and no representation is made as to their correctness on the 2021 Bonds or as indicated above. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the 2021 Bonds as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part of such maturity, tender and remarketing, or as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the 2021 Bonds.

This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the 2021 Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized by the New York City Housing Development Corporation or any of the Underwriters named on the inside cover page (collectively, the “Underwriters”) to give any information or to make any representations other than as contained in this Official Statement. If given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing.

The information set forth herein has been obtained from the New York City Housing Development Corporation and other sources which are believed to be reliable but is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness, and is not to be construed as a representation by the Underwriters or by any of such sources as to information from any other source. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall under any circumstances create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the New York City Housing Development Corporation or the other matters described herein since the date hereof.

The Underwriters have provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement: The Underwriters have reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, their respective responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriters do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

References to web site addresses presented herein are for informational purposes only and may be in the form of a hyperlink solely for the reader’s convenience. Unless specified otherwise, such web sites and the information or links contained therein are not incorporated into, and are not part of, this Official Statement for purposes of, and as that term is defined in, paragraph (b)(5) of Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

THE 2021 BONDS HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION, NOR HAS THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

IN CONNECTION WITH THIS OFFERING, THE UNDERWRITERS MAY OVER-ALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS WHICH STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICE OF THE 2021 BONDS AT A LEVEL ABOVE THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME. THE UNDERWRITERS MAY OFFER AND SELL THE 2021 BONDS TO CERTAIN DEALERS AND DEALER BANKS AND OTHERS AT PRICES LOWER THAN THE PUBLIC OFFERING PRICES STATED ON THE INSIDE COVER PAGE AND SUCH PUBLIC OFFERING PRICES MAY BE CHANGED FROM TIME TO TIME BY THE UNDERWRITERS.

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT

\$[_____]*
NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
Housing Impact Bonds, 2021 Series A
(Sustainable Development Bonds)

INTRODUCTION

Purpose of this Official Statement

This Official Statement, which includes the cover page, inside cover page and the appendices, provides certain information concerning the New York City Housing Development Corporation (the “Corporation”) in connection with the sale of \$[_____]* principal amount of its Housing Impact Bonds, 2021 Series A (the “2021 Bonds”).

The following is a description of certain information concerning the Corporation, its program to finance mortgage loans including for the rehabilitation and conversion of public housing developments to multifamily residential facilities receiving housing assistance payments authorized by Section 8 of the Housing Act (as defined herein), the 2021 Bonds and all other bonds issued or to be issued under the General Resolution (defined below) and the security therefor. A more complete description of such information and additional information that may affect decisions to invest in the 2021 Bonds is contained throughout this Official Statement, which should be read in its entirety together with the exhibits attached hereto. Certain terms used in this Official Statement are defined in APPENDIX A hereto.

Authorization of Issuance

The 2021 Bonds are to be issued in accordance with the New York City Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law, constituting Chapter 44-b of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York, as amended (the “Act”), and pursuant to a resolution entitled “Housing Impact Bonds Bond Resolution” adopted by the Members of the Corporation on November 26, 2019 (as the same may be amended and supplemented from time to time, the “General Resolution” or the “Resolution”) and a supplemental resolution for the 2021 Bonds entitled “Fifth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Housing Impact Bonds, 2021 Series A” (the “2021 Supplemental Resolution”) adopted by the Members of the Corporation on November 30, 2021. The General Resolution and the 2021 Supplemental Resolution are referred to herein, collectively, as the “Resolutions.”

The Corporation

The Corporation is a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation, organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York (the “State”). The Corporation was created by the Act for the purpose of providing and encouraging the investment of private capital in safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations in the City of New York (the “City”) within the financial reach of families and persons of low income, which include families and persons whose need for housing accommodations cannot be provided by the ordinary operations of private enterprise, through the provision of low interest mortgage loans.

* Preliminary, subject to change.

Use of Proceeds

The proceeds of the 2021 Bonds are expected to be used by the Corporation to finance two mortgage loans (the “2021 Mortgage Loans”) to Harlem River Preservation LLC (the “2021 Borrower”), to enable the 2021 Borrower to pay a portion of the cost of acquiring, rehabilitating and equipping 693 units in 8 tenant-occupied public housing buildings located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York (collectively, the “2021 Developments”) in connection with the conversion of the 2021 Developments to multifamily residential facilities receiving housing assistance payments authorized by Section 8 of the Housing Act, and to pay certain other costs related thereto. The 2021 Developments are collectively referred to herein as the “2021 Project.” See “PLAN OF FINANCING.”

The financing of the 2021 Mortgage Loans for the 2021 Project is part of the City’s “Permanent Affordability Commitment Together” program (the “PACT Program”) to rehabilitate and preserve public housing developments owned by the New York City Housing Authority (“NYCHA”) by converting the developments into Section 8 assisted housing through various asset repositioning methodologies of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (“HUD”), including the Rental Assistance Demonstration program (“RAD”), Section 18 (“Section 18”) of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (the “Housing Act”), and the 24 C.F.R. Part 200 conversion process (“Part 200” and, collectively with RAD and Section 18, the “HUD Programs”). See “PLAN OF FINANCING” and “THE PROGRAM—The PACT Program.” For further information regarding the Section 8 program, see “THE PROGRAM—Section 8 Program.”

Security for the Bonds

The 2021 Bonds are special revenue obligations of the Corporation, and payment of the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on the 2021 Bonds will be secured by the Revenues and assets pledged to such payment including, without limitation, certain payments to be made under or with respect to the Mortgage Loans, including the 2021 Mortgage Loans. The 2021 Bonds are being issued on a parity with, and shall be entitled to the same benefit and security of the General Resolution as, all other Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) issued and to be issued thereunder. As of the date hereof, the aggregate principal balance of Bonds Outstanding is \$664,065,000. See “BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM.”

Pursuant to the General Resolution (except as otherwise expressly provided therein or in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a series of bonds), all bonds issued thereunder, together with any Qualified Hedge Payments, are equally and ratably secured by the Revenues and assets pledged thereunder. All bonds issued or to be issued under the General Resolution, including the 2021 Bonds, are herein referred to as the “Bonds.” See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS.”

The 2021 Borrower is expected to enter into contracts to receive Section 8 subsidy payments with respect to the 2021 Developments. See “PLAN OF FINANCING.”

The 2021 Mortgage Loans will be evidenced by two Mortgage Notes payable to the Corporation. One 2021 Mortgage Loan (the “HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan”), in a principal amount of \$[_____]*, will be secured by Supplemental Security in the form of a funding agreement to be provided by the Corporation (the “HDC Loan Funding Agreement”). The other 2021 Mortgage Loan (the “Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan”), in a principal amount of \$[_____]*, will be secured by Supplemental Security in the form of a standby credit enhancement agreement to be issued by Freddie

* Preliminary, subject to change.

Mac (the “Freddie Mac 2021 Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement”). See “PLAN OF FINANCING” and “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Supplemental Security.”

The Mortgagors of the Mortgage Loans financed to date under the General Resolution have entered into contracts to receive Section 8 subsidy payments with respect to the related Developments, and such Mortgage Loans are secured by Supplemental Security provided by Freddie Mac, Fannie Mae or the Corporation. See “THE PROGRAM—General” and “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Supplemental Security.”

The Corporation expects to issue additional Bonds to finance additional Mortgage Loans in furtherance of the Program (including in support of the PACT Program).

Under the General Resolution, the Corporation is authorized to issue Bonds to finance any of its corporate purposes for which bonds may be issued under the Act, or any other applicable law now or hereafter enacted, including but not limited to financing mortgage loans. Issuance of such additional Bonds under the General Resolution requires delivery of a Cash Flow Statement.

If Mortgage Loans are to be financed by any such additional Bonds and pledged to secure the Bonds, such Mortgage Loans need not create a first mortgage lien on such Projects and such Mortgage Loans or the Projects financed thereby may, but are not required to, be subject to Supplemental Security insuring or securing against Mortgage Loan default losses.

The General Resolution does not require that the Corporation pledge its interests in the assets financed with the proceeds of additional Bonds, or the revenues derived therefrom, to secure the Bonds. Moreover, the Corporation may withdraw Mortgage Loans and surplus revenues from the pledge and lien of the General Resolution upon delivering a Cash Flow Statement or (with respect to surplus revenues) a Cash Flow Certificate, as more fully described under the subheading “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates”.

The Bonds are not a debt of the State or the City, and neither the State nor the City shall be liable thereon, nor shall the Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation pledged therefor. The Corporation has no taxing power.

Descriptions of the Corporation, the 2021 Mortgage Loans, the 2021 Borrower, the 2021 Developments, the 2021 Bonds, sources of payment therefor, the Program and the Resolutions are included in this Official Statement. All summaries or descriptions herein of documents and agreements are qualified in their entirety by reference to such documents and agreements, and all summaries herein of the 2021 Bonds are qualified in their entirety by reference to the Resolutions and the provisions with respect thereto included in the aforesaid documents and agreements. The Corporation has committed to provide certain information on an ongoing basis to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. For a description of the Corporation’s undertaking with respect to ongoing disclosure, see “CONTINUING DISCLOSURE.” Summaries of the Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs are qualified in their entirety by reference to any statutes, regulations or agreements mentioned in such summaries.

Recent Developments Regarding COVID-19

The outbreak of COVID-19 has altered the behavior of businesses and people in a manner that has had, and is expected to continue to have, negative effects on the City and its economy. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Corporation is adhering to all State and federal mandates and is adapting its business accordingly. The Corporation’s management is continuing to monitor operations to minimize potential disruptions.

Federal, State and local bodies are continuing to contemplate and enact legislative actions, regulations and/or other administrative directives and guidance to mitigate the impacts of COVID-19 on the general population and the economy. The United States Congress (“Congress”) has approved several COVID-19-related bills, including three stimulus packages to provide direct financial aid to American families, economic relief for businesses, distressed industries, states and local governments, and the capital markets, as well as funding for the pandemic response and the public health workforce.

With respect to multifamily mortgage loans that are purchased or securitized by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac, the Federal Housing Finance Agency may provide mortgage loan forbearance to multifamily property owners. During the period of any such forbearance, the borrower may not evict any tenant solely for nonpayment of rent. Multifamily mortgage loans that are insured, guaranteed or supplemented or assisted in any way by any HUD program may also be eligible for forbearance with HUD’s approval.

In addition to the limitations on eviction described above, residential tenants in New York may be protected from eviction until January 15, 2022 if they submit a Hardship Declaration Form stating that: (a) they have a financial hardship related to, or during COVID-19 that prevents them from being able to pay their rent in full or move; or (b) someone in the household is at increased risk of severe illness from COVID-19. Owners may request a hearing in housing court to challenge hardship claims submitted by tenants.

The Corporation is reviewing the possible impacts of the state and federal eviction protections on its financial condition, operations and cash flow. Other proposed federal, State, and local legislation may make additional allowances for eviction protections, various periods of forbearance on mortgage payments (including extending the forbearance periods described above) and certain restrictions on the enforcement of remedies upon a default and provide direct and indirect financial support. Enacted federal and state legislation, the stimulus packages passed by Congress, and such other legislative proposals, if enacted, may have both adverse and positive effects on the Corporation’s operations and financial condition.

Construction Loans

On July 7, 2020, NYCHA’s Real Estate Development Department issued safety guidelines to inform PACT Program developers, contractors, and consultants (“PACT Partners”) on the procedures for the reopening of construction and pre-development activities. NYCHA’s safety guidelines are applicable to all personnel and visitors related to the PACT Program work as well as residents residing in units where PACT Program work is underway. The guidelines build upon existing requirements established by federal, state, and local governments and are subject to change.

Under NYCHA’s safety guidelines, all PACT Partners are required to develop a NYCHA-approved COVID-19 Reopening Safety Plan to conduct in-unit construction. The guidelines also lay out requirements around safe work practices such as mandatory screening assessments, protective gear, cleaning and hygiene, and physical distancing. PACT Partners must also implement certain safety practices with the cooperation of households living in units where PACT Program work is underway. The Corporation is monitoring the progress of existing PACT Program work.

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT BONDS

The 2021 Bonds, which allow investors to invest directly in bonds that finance socially beneficial projects, are designated by the Corporation as “Sustainable Development Bonds.” The Corporation’s Sustainable Development Bonds designation reflects the use of the proceeds of the 2021 Bonds in a manner that is consistent with the “Social Bond Principles” and “Sustainability Bond Guidelines” as promulgated by the International Capital Market Association (“ICMA”). The Sustainable Development Bonds

designation also reflects the use of the proceeds of the 2021 Bonds in a manner that is consistent with “Goal 1: No Poverty” and “Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities” of the United Nations 17 Sustainable Development Goals (referred to as “UNSDGs” generally and “SDG 1” and “SDG 11” specifically). The UNSDGs were adopted by the United Nations General Assembly in September 2015 as part of its 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. SDG 1 is focused on ending poverty in all its forms everywhere, and SDG 11 is focused on making cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable.

Use of Proceeds. The proceeds of the 2021 Bonds are expected to be used to finance a portion of the cost of acquiring, rehabilitating and equipping 693 units in 8 tenant-occupied public housing buildings in the Borough of Manhattan, New York County, New York (collectively, the “2021 Developments”) in connection with the conversion of the 2021 Developments to multifamily residential facilities receiving housing assistance payments authorized by Section 8 of the Housing Act. The 2021 Developments are expected to receive subsidy payments under the federal Section 8 program. A portion of the units are currently occupied by households with incomes above 50% of AMI. Upon vacancy, those units and all other units in the 2021 Developments will be set aside for households with incomes at or below 50% of AMI.

Project Evaluation and Selection. The Corporation’s mission is to provide financing for the purpose of increasing the City’s supply of multi-family housing, stimulating economic growth and revitalizing neighborhoods through the creation and preservation of affordable housing for low-, moderate- and middle-income City residents. In furtherance of such purpose, the Corporation seeks to foster thriving, diverse and sustainable neighborhoods; finance new construction for residents of a mix of incomes; preserve affordability within existing housing stock; and protect the City’s most vulnerable residents through supportive housing developments. The Corporation promotes these goals by providing subsidized financing for multi-family housing developments through a variety of subsidy programs.

Management of Proceeds. Upon the issuance of the 2021 Bonds, the proceeds thereof will be applied to fully fund the 2021 Mortgage Loans by advancing such proceeds (other than amounts to be deposited in the Revenue Account as described below) to a rehabilitation escrow account that secures the 2021 Mortgage Loans and will be held by the Corporation pursuant to a Rehabilitation Escrow, Building and Project Loan Agreement by and among the Corporation, the Servicer, Freddie Mac and the 2021 Borrower, from which disbursements to the 2021 Borrower will be made. Such disbursements will be tracked by the Corporation.

Post-Issuance Reporting. The Corporation will provide annual updates regarding the disbursement of the proceeds of the 2021 Bonds to the 2021 Borrower. The Corporation will cease to update such information when such proceeds have been fully disbursed to the 2021 Borrower. This reporting is separate from the Corporation’s obligations described under “CONTINUING DISCLOSURE” and will be provided on the Corporation’s website (www.nychdc.com). Failure by the Corporation to provide such updates shall not be a default or an event of default under the General Resolution or the Disclosure Agreement. In limited instances, small portions of the proceeds of a Series of Bonds designated as Sustainable Development Bonds will be used at the discretion of the Corporation for other purposes permitted under the Act.

The term “Sustainable Development Bonds” is neither defined in nor related to provisions in the Resolutions. The use of such term herein is for identification purposes only and is not intended to provide or imply that an owner of Sustainable Development Bonds is entitled to any additional security beyond that provided therefor in the Resolutions. Holders of Sustainable Development Bonds do not assume any specific risk with respect to any of the funded Developments by reason of a Series of Bonds being designated as Sustainable Development Bonds and such Bonds are secured on a parity with all other Bonds issued and to be issued under the General Resolution (other than Subordinate Bonds).

SOURCES AND USES

The proceeds of the 2021 Bonds received by the Corporation upon the sale of the 2021 Bonds, together with other available monies of the Corporation, are expected to be applied approximately as follows:

<u>SOURCES</u>	
Proceeds of Bonds	\$
Other Available Monies.....	_____
TOTAL SOURCES	_____
 <u>USES</u>	
Deposit to Bond Proceeds Account [†]	\$
Cost of Issuance ^{††}	_____
TOTAL USES.....	_____

[†] Upon funding the 2021 Mortgage Loans, a portion thereof funded from other funds of the 2021 Borrower (not reflected in “Other Available Monies” above), in the aggregate amount of \$_____ (equal to the first full month’s interest payment on the 2021 Mortgage Loans, plus one month’s principal and interest payment thereon upon commencement of amortization) will be deposited to the Revenue Account.

^{††} Includes compensation to the Underwriters of the 2021 Bonds. See “UNDERWRITING.”

PLAN OF FINANCING

General

Upon the issuance of the 2021 Bonds, the proceeds of the 2021 Bonds are expected to be used by the Corporation to finance two mortgage loans (the “2021 Mortgage Loans”) to Harlem River Preservation LLC (the “2021 Borrower”), for the acquisition and rehabilitation of 693 units in 8 tenant-occupied public housing buildings in the Borough of Manhattan, New York (collectively, the “2021 Developments”) in connection with the conversion of the 2021 Developments to multifamily residential facilities receiving housing assistance payments authorized by Section 8 of the Housing Act, and to pay certain other costs related thereto. The 2021 Developments are collectively referred to herein as the “2021 Project.”

Senior Non-Accelerating Loan

A portion of the costs of the 2021 Developments is expected to be financed through an additional mortgage loan from the Corporation in a principal amount of \$[_____]* (the “Senior Non-Accelerating Loan”) to be funded from proceeds of bonds [to be] issued under the Corporation’s Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds Bond Resolution adopted on July 27, 1993, as amended, or other funds of the Corporation. **The Senior Non-Accelerating Loan will not be pledged to secure Bonds under the Resolution, and will be secured by a series of first mortgage liens that will be senior to the lien of the mortgages securing the 2021 Mortgage Loans, as described below.**

The Senior Non-Accelerating Loan is intended to be similar in effect to a fixed real property tax liability with respect to the 2021 Developments. The Senior Non-Accelerating Loan will be evidenced by a series of mortgage notes (each, a “Senior Note” and, collectively, the “Senior Notes”), one for each separate year during which the Senior Non-Accelerating Loan remains outstanding. Each Senior Note will

* Preliminary, subject to change.

be payable to the Corporation and subject to a separate mortgage on the 2021 Project. Each Senior Note will mature in a fixed amount in a particular year of the Senior Non-Accelerating Loan term of forty (40)* years. The 2021 Borrower will be obligated to make monthly principal and interest payments on each Senior Note during the year in which such Senior Note matures. The blended interest rate (inclusive of servicing fees) for the Senior Non-Accelerating Loan is anticipated to be [____]%*.

The only default that can occur under a Senior Note is the failure to pay amounts due under such Senior Note on the maturity date thereof. A default under a Senior Note when it becomes due in a particular year will not result in an acceleration of the remaining Senior Notes that are due in future years. The Senior Notes will be secured by the mortgages in inverse order of priority (i.e., the Senior Note maturing after the first year will be secured by the mortgage that is in last position compared to other Senior Notes) in order to ensure that any foreclosure of the mortgage securing a Senior Note will be subject to the remaining, more senior mortgages securing Senior Notes that are due in future years. The exercise of foreclosure remedies with respect to a 2021 Mortgage Loan would require payment of the unpaid balance of any Senior Note that is currently due or overdue, and any such foreclosure would not eliminate the senior liens of the mortgages securing the remaining Senior Notes that are due on future dates.

2021 Mortgage Loans

The 2021 Mortgage Loans will be evidenced by two Mortgage Notes payable to the Corporation. One 2021 Mortgage Loan (the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan) will be in a principal amount of \$[_____]*, and the other 2021 Mortgage Loan (the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan) will be in a principal amount of \$[_____]*. The interest rate (inclusive of servicing and credit enhancement fees of [____]%* not pledged under the Resolution) for the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan is anticipated to be [____]%*. The interest rate (inclusive of servicing and credit enhancement fees of [____]%* not pledged under the Resolution) for the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan is anticipated to be [____]%*. The 2021 Borrower will be required to make payments of interest only during the first [four]* years of each 2021 Mortgage Loan. The maturity date for each 2021 Mortgage Loan is anticipated to be [_____] 1, 20[____]*, and each 2021 Mortgage Loan is expected to amortize over a period of forty (40)* years.

The HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan is subordinate to the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan. In the event the 2021 Borrower makes a payment on the 2021 Mortgage Loans that is less than the total of the amounts then due thereon, such payment will be allocated first toward satisfaction of the amount then due on the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan and then (if the payment exceeds such amount) toward satisfaction of the amount then due on the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan.

Each 2021 Mortgage Loan is expected to contain provisions prohibiting the 2021 Borrower from making any voluntary prepayment prior to approximately ten (10)* years after [the closing of the 2021 Mortgage Loans][the completion of rehabilitation of the 2021 Project]; however, the Corporation may waive a prohibition on prepayments contained in the 2021 Mortgage Loans.

The Corporation will service the Senior Non-Accelerating Loan and Merchants Capital Corp. will service the 2021 Mortgage Loans.

Supplemental Security for the 2021 Mortgage Loan

HDC 2021 Loan Funding Agreement

* Preliminary, subject to change.

The HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan will be secured by Supplemental Security in the form of a funding agreement to be provided by the Corporation (the “HDC Loan Funding Agreement”). The HDC Loan Funding Agreement will provide that if a payment default occurs under the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan, the Corporation will advance an amount equal to the unpaid amount of principal and/or interest (excluding servicing and credit enhancement fees) due on the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan to the Trustee. Such payment obligation will be a general obligation of the Corporation. See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Supplemental Security – HDC Loan Funding Agreement” and “THE CORPORATION – Certain Financial Information of the Corporation.” In the event of a default under the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan, the Corporation may direct acceleration of the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan, which may result in redemption of 2021 Bonds. See “DESCRIPTION OF THE 2021 BONDS – Special Optional Redemption or Special Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2021 Bonds.”

Freddie Mac 2021 Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement

The Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan will be secured by Supplemental Security in the form of a standby credit enhancement agreement to be issued by Freddie Mac (the “Freddie Mac 2021 Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement”) pursuant to which, if a payment default occurs under the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan and subject to certain requirements set forth therein, Freddie Mac will advance an amount equal to the unpaid amount of principal and/or interest (excluding servicing and credit enhancement fees) due on the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan to the Corporation, which payments are pledged to secure the Bonds. In the event of a default under the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan, Freddie Mac may direct acceleration of the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan, which may result in redemption of 2021 Bonds. See “DESCRIPTION OF THE 2021 BONDS – Special Optional Redemption or Special Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2021 Bonds” and “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Supplemental Security – Freddie Mac 2021 Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement.”

2021 Developments and the 2021 Borrower

The following information concerning the 2021 Developments and the 2021 Borrower has been provided by representatives of the 2021 Borrower and has not been independently confirmed or verified by the Corporation or the Underwriters. No representation is made herein as to the accuracy or adequacy of such information or as to the absence of material adverse changes in such information subsequent to the date hereof.

2021 Developments

The 2021 Developments are located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York County, New York. The 2021 Developments contain a total of 693 apartment units located in 8 residential buildings. Rehabilitation of the 2021 Developments is anticipated to be completed in approximately 42 months. NYCHA is the current owner of the 2021 Developments, and will enter into a long-term lease (the “Lease”) of the 2021 Developments to the 2021 Borrower, as further described under “—Lease” below. The 2021 Developments are expected to be the subject of a Payment in Lieu of Tax Agreement between NYCHA and the City providing for no real property taxation or payments in lieu thereof (except with respect to certain non-residential space) during the term of the Lease assuming compliance with certain requirements relating primarily to residential unit rent limits and occupancy by low-income families.

Unit and common area improvements and amenities will include: a wide range of energy efficiency upgrades, building system repairs, including new boilers, new apartment windows, new bathrooms and

kitchens, new simulated wood flooring, modern security system implementation, and renovations to exterior components of the buildings. There are approximately 9 parking spaces for resident use only.

The 2021 Developments are expected to receive Section 8 rental subsidy through one or more conversion methods described in the table below:

2021 Developments

2021 Development	HUD Program	Expected HAP Contract Units*	Residential Buildings	Total Units
Harlem River	Section 18	574	7	577**
Harlem River II	RAD/Section 18	115	1	116***
Total		689	8	693

* Expected total number of units that are expected to be added to the HAP Contracts (not including the two to-be-constructed units described in the following footnote). See discussion under this heading “2021 Developments” below.

** Includes one manager’s unit, and two tenant units which are to be constructed through conversion of space currently used for non-residential purposes; these two tenant units will be added to a Section 18 PBV HAP Contract after they are leased out following their construction.

*** Includes one manager’s unit.

The Section 8 rental subsidies for one 2021 Development—Harlem River—are expected to be governed by Project-Based Voucher HAP Contracts (as defined in “THE PROGRAM—Section 8 Program” herein) entered into as a result of Section 18 disposition approvals (“Section 18 PBV HAP Contracts”). With respect to the other 2021 Development—Harlem River II—the Section 8 rental subsidies for approximately 80% of the residential units in such 2021 Development are expected to be governed by Section 18 PBV HAP Contracts, and the Section 8 rental subsidies for approximately 20% of the units in such 2021 Development are expected to be governed by a form of Project-Based Voucher HAP Contract applicable to RAD (“RAD HAP Contracts”).

The RAD HAP Contracts will be administered in accordance with RAD and any applicable waivers approved by HUD. The Section 18 PBV HAP Contracts will be administered in accordance with Section 8(o)(13) of the Housing Act and 24 C.F.R. Part 983, together with any waiver approved by HUD in relation thereto. Each Section 18 PBV HAP Contract and RAD HAP Contract will have an initial term of twenty years. The 2021 Borrower will be obligated under the Lease and other documents entered into with NYCHA to renew the Section 18 PBV HAP Contracts and RAD HAP Contracts for additional twenty-year terms on an indefinite basis. Payments under the Section 18 PBV HAP Contracts and RAD HAP Contracts are subject to annual federal appropriations for the Section 8 voucher program. For further information regarding the Section 8 program, see “THE PROGRAM—Section 8 Program.”

[It is a condition to the issuance of the HDC 2021 Loan Funding Agreement and the Freddie Mac 2021 Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement that approximately [__]% of the units in the 2021 Developments are the subject of Section 8 leases signed by current residents, which is a requirement for receipt of Section 8 payments. As of [_____], 2021, [__]% of the units in the 2021 Developments are the subject of Section 8 leases signed by current residents.]

In addition to the 2021 Mortgage Loans and the Senior Non-Accelerating Loan, the 2021 Borrower’s other anticipated sources of financing for the rehabilitation of the 2021 Developments include,

but are not limited to, a loan to be made by NYCHA to the 2021 Borrower (the “NYCHA Loan”) to be secured by a mortgage subordinate to the mortgages securing the 2021 Mortgage Loans, and a construction-period loan (not secured by a mortgage on the 2021 Developments) to be made to the 2021 Borrower by JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. (the “HTC Bridge Loan”) that is expected to be repaid from capital contributions to be made to the 2021 Borrower by the Master Tenant (as defined below) from and upon receipt of capital contributions to the Master Tenant by the Historic Tax Credit Investor (as defined below).

Lease

The 2021 Developments will be owned in fee by NYCHA. Under the Lease and a declaration of interest and nominee agreement, Harlem River Preservation LLC (the “2021 Borrower”) will be the leasehold beneficial owner of, and Harlem River Preservation Housing Development Fund Company, Inc., a New York not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Article XI of the Private Housing Finance Law and the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law of the State of New York (the “2021 Nominee”), will be the leasehold nominal owner of, the 2021 Developments.

The Lease will have a term of 99 years and will have a memorandum of lease recorded in the land records to memorialize its terms. Capitalized rent payments will be memorialized by a purchase money note (the “NYCHA Seller Note”) and mortgage (subordinate to the mortgages securing the 2021 Mortgage Loans) in the amount of \$31,100,000.

The 2021 Borrower and the 2021 Nominee will enter into a sublease (the “Master Lease”) of the 2021 Developments to Harlem River Preservation HTC LLC, a New York limited liability company (the “Master Tenant”).

2021 Borrower

The 2021 Borrower is a New York limited liability company that has been formed for the specific purpose of acquiring, rehabilitating and owning the 2021 Developments. As such, the 2021 Borrower has not previously engaged in any other business operations and does not have assets or historical earnings other than its interests in the 2021 Developments. Accordingly, it is expected that the 2021 Borrower will not have any sources of funds to make payments on the 2021 Mortgage Loans other than revenues generated by the 2021 Developments.

The managing member of the 2021 Borrower is Harlem River Preservation MM LLC, a New York limited liability company (the “Managing Member”), whose managing member is SHF WHGA HRP MM LLC a New York limited liability company. SHF WHGA HRP MM LLC, through the Managing Member, will have responsibility for supervising the operations of the 2021 Borrower and will be responsible for overseeing the rehabilitation and management of the 2021 Developments. The other member of the Managing Member is NYCHA SH PACT LLC, a New York limited liability company, whose members are the 2021 Nominee and NYCHA III Parent Housing Development Fund Corporation, an affiliate of NYCHA. The Managing Member is also the managing member of the Master Tenant. The other member of the Master Tenant is Chase Community Equity, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “Historic Tax Credit Investor”), which is expected to receive federal rehabilitation tax credits and New York State Commercial Rehabilitation Tax Credits in connection with its expected equity investment in the Master Tenant.

SHF WHGA HRP MM LLC’s members are SHF WHGA HRP LLC (initially 99.9% converting to 20% upon construction completion) and L&M Henge HRP Investor LLC (initially 0.01% converting to 80% upon construction completion). SHF WHGA HRP MM LLC’s members are Settlement Housing Fund, Inc. (80%) and West Harlem Group Assistance, Inc. (20%). L&M Henge HRP Investor LLC’s

members are L&M Harlem River Investor LLC, a New York limited liability company ([92.5]%), an affiliate of L+M Development Partners LLC, and Henge HRP Investor LLC, a New York limited liability company ([7.5]%), an affiliate of Henge Development LLC.

Settlement Housing Fund, Inc. (“SHF”) is one of the 2021 Developments’ non-profit co-developers. SHF has developed over 8,700 affordable apartments and led educational and community programs across New York City. In 2018, SHF completed a project to renovate 893 apartments in the Bronx, installing new kitchens, bathrooms, and building systems.

West Harlem Group Assistance, Inc. (“WHGA”) is the other of the 2021 Developments’ non-profit co-developers. WHGA is the longest active community development corporation in Harlem. WHGA serves 80,000 New Yorkers and has created and redeveloped over 1,800 affordable homes. WHGA previously rehabilitated NYCHA’s Randolph Houses, restoring the building’s exterior, completing interior upgrades, and providing social services.

L+M Development Partners LLC has experience developing apartments and preserving long-term affordability. River City Builders LLC, an affiliate of L&M Builders Group LLC, is the 2021 Developments’ general contractor. L&M Builders Group LLC has worked on over 9,000 units of tenant in place rehabilitation, including 1,500 units in NYCHA developments.

Henge Development LLC is a black- and woman-owned firm founded in 2021. Henge’s leadership has more than a decade of community development and affordable housing experience, and the firm is responsible for the preservation and development of over 3,000 housing units, representing nearly \$1 billion in total capitalization.

C&C Apartment Management LLC (“C+C”) is the 2021 Developments’ property manager. C+C manages over 18,000 apartments across New York and New Jersey. C+C’s portfolio includes multiple developments partially or fully owned by NYCHA, such as Baychester and Murphy Houses, Saratoga Square, and Bronxchester Houses.

Presbyterian Senior Services (“PSS”) is the 2021 Developments’ social services provider. PSS is a multi-service agency operating ten Senior Centers, two senior apartments (including the first ever of its kind, Grandparent Family Apartments), the Circle of Care Caregiving Program serving Caregivers in all five New York boroughs, Coming of Age (helping people over 50 to live with passion and purpose), and PSS Life! University community education portal. The mission of PSS is to strengthen the capacity of older adults, their families, and communities to thrive.

DESCRIPTION OF THE 2021 BONDS

General

The 2021 Bonds will bear interest at fixed rates to maturity or to the date, if any, on which the 2021 Bonds are purchased upon mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation. The 2021 Bonds will mature on the dates and in the amounts set forth on the inside cover page of this Official Statement. U.S. Bank National Association is the Trustee for the Bonds, including the 2021 Bonds.

The 2021 Bonds will be dated the date of delivery thereof and will be issued as fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. Interest on the 2021 Bonds will accrue from their dated date and be payable on February 1 and August 1 in each year, commencing [February 1, 2022], and on any redemption date or mandatory tender date, at the rates per annum set forth on the inside cover page of this Official Statement. Interest on the 2021 Bonds will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.

The 2021 Bonds are subject to optional redemption or mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation, special optional redemption or special mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation and sinking fund redemption prior to maturity, as described below.

This Official Statement in general describes the 2021 Bonds only prior to the date, if any, on which the 2021 Bonds are purchased upon mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation.

Optional Redemption or Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2021 Bonds*

The 2021 Bonds are subject to redemption or mandatory tender for purchase, at the option of the Corporation, in whole or in part, from any source, at any time prior to maturity on or after [_____] 1, 20[___], at a Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount of the 2021 Bonds or portions thereof to be so redeemed or purchased, plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date or purchase date.

Special Optional Redemption or Special Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2021 Bonds*

The 2021 Bonds are subject to special redemption or special mandatory tender for purchase, at the option of the Corporation, in whole or in part, at any time prior to maturity, at a Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount of the 2021 Bonds or portions thereof to be so redeemed or purchased, plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date or purchase date, from any source other than: (i) Voluntary Sale Proceeds[†]; (ii) proceeds of bonds issued, or caused to be issued, by the Corporation for the purpose of refunding all or a portion of the 2021 Bonds or refinancing all or a portion of any Mortgage Loan (“Refunding Bonds”), except that the proceeds of Refunding Bonds described in the succeeding paragraph may be applied to the special redemption or special mandatory tender for purchase of the 2021 Bonds; or (iii) any other unencumbered funds of the Corporation not subject to the lien of the Resolutions.

The 2021 Bonds are subject to the foregoing special redemption or special mandatory tender for purchase from the proceeds of Refunding Bonds issued in an amount not greater than any prepayment of a Mortgage Loan (including a 2021 Mortgage Loan) received by the Corporation, which prepayment is not used to redeem Bonds.

Amounts that may be applied to the foregoing special redemption or special mandatory tender for purchase include, but are not limited to: any prepayment of a 2021 Mortgage Loan by the 2021 Borrower, or proceeds of foreclosure proceedings or proceeds of any credit enhancement with respect to a 2021 Mortgage Loan which is in default; upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement, any prepayment of, or any such proceeds with respect to, any other Mortgage Loans (except any Mortgage Loan financed under a Supplemental Resolution that prohibits such use); unexpended proceeds of the 2021 Bonds; and, upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement, amounts held in the Revenue Account that are not required to be used for other purposes.

Sinking Fund Redemption of 2021 Bonds*

The 2021 Bonds maturing on [_____] 1, 20[___] are subject to redemption at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date

* Preliminary, subject to change.

† “Voluntary Sale Proceeds” means the proceeds of the sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition of any Mortgage Loan (including any 2021 Mortgage Loan), except a sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition required pursuant to the General Resolution in the event of a default under the General Resolution or made when, in the sole judgment of the Corporation, such Mortgage Loan is in default.

of redemption thereof, from mandatory Sinking Fund Payments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on February 1 and August 1 of each year the principal amount of such 2021 Bonds specified for each of the Redemption Dates shown below:

2021 BONDS
MATURING ON [_____] 1, 20[__]

<u>Redemption Date</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>	<u>Redemption Date</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>
	\$	†	\$

† Stated maturity

The 2021 Bonds maturing on [_____] 1, 20[__] are subject to redemption at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption thereof, from mandatory Sinking Fund Payments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on February 1 and August 1 of each year the principal amount of such 2021 Bonds specified for each of the Redemption Dates shown below:

2021 BONDS
MATURING ON [_____] 1, 20[__]

<u>Redemption Date</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>	<u>Redemption Date</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>
	\$	†	\$

† Stated maturity

The 2021 Bonds maturing on [_____] 1, 20[__] are subject to redemption at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption thereof, from mandatory Sinking Fund Payments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on February 1 and August 1 of each year the principal amount of such 2021 Bonds specified for each of the Redemption Dates shown below:

2021 BONDS
MATURING ON [_____] 1, 20[__]

<u>Redemption Date</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>	<u>Redemption Date</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>
	\$	†	\$

† Stated maturity

The 2021 Bonds maturing on [_____] 1, 20[__] are subject to redemption at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption thereof, from mandatory Sinking Fund Payments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on February 1 and August 1 of each year the principal amount of such 2021 Bonds specified for each of the Redemption Dates shown below:

2021 BONDS
MATURING ON [_____] 1, 20[___]

<u>Redemption Date</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>	<u>Redemption Date</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>
	\$	†	\$

† Stated maturity

The amounts accumulated for each Sinking Fund Payment may be applied by the Trustee, at the direction of the Corporation, prior to the forty-fifth (45th) day preceding the due date of such Sinking Fund Payment, to the purchase of the 2021 Bonds to be redeemed from such Sinking Fund Payments, at prices (including any brokerage and other charges) not exceeding the applicable Redemption Price, plus accrued interest to the date of purchase; provided, however, that the purchase of such 2021 Bonds may, to the extent permitted by law, be at prices exceeding the applicable Redemption Price if the Corporation files a Cash Flow Statement with the Trustee as provided in the General Resolution.

Upon the purchase or redemption of any 2021 Bonds of a maturity for which Sinking Fund Payments shall have been established, other than by application of Sinking Fund Payments, (i) in the case of a purchase or redemption other than from Recoveries of Principal, an amount equal to the principal amount of the 2021 Bonds so purchased or redeemed shall be credited toward the next Sinking Fund Payment thereafter to become due with respect to the 2021 Bonds of such maturity and the amount of any excess of the amounts so credited over the amount of such Sinking Fund Payment shall be credited by the Trustee against future Sinking Fund Payments in direct chronological order, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an Authorized Officer at the time of such purchase or redemption, and (ii) in the case of a purchase or redemption from Recoveries of Principal, an amount equal to the principal amount of the 2021 Bonds so purchased or redeemed shall be credited toward the Sinking Fund Payments for the 2021 Bonds of such maturity on a reasonably proportionate basis among such Sinking Fund Payments based upon the principal amount of such Sinking Fund Payments, unless specifically directed otherwise by written instructions of an Authorized Officer accompanied by a Cash Flow Statement.

Provisions with Respect to Redemption of 2021 Bonds

Selection of 2021 Bonds to be Redeemed

Subject to the redemption requirements set forth in the 2021 Supplemental Resolution, in the event of a redemption of 2021 Bonds in connection with Recoveries of Principal, the maturity or maturities, CUSIP Numbers and the amount thereof to be so redeemed shall be selected as directed by the Corporation in written instructions filed with the Trustee accompanied by a Cash Flow Statement. In the absence of such direction, (i) 2021 Bonds subject to redemption shall be redeemed in connection with Recoveries of Principal derived from or with respect to the Mortgage Loans financed from or allocated to such 2021 Bonds and (ii) 2021 Bonds of each maturity subject to redemption shall be redeemed in the proportion that the amount Outstanding of each such maturity bears to the total amount of all Outstanding 2021 Bonds. The maturities of 2021 Bonds to be redeemed at the option of the Corporation shall be selected as directed by the Corporation. In the event of a redemption of less than all of the 2021 Bonds of the same maturity and CUSIP Number, the Trustee shall select the 2021 Bonds to be redeemed by lot, using such method of selection as it shall deem proper in its sole discretion. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution or the 2021 Supplemental Resolution, no 2021 Bond shall be selected for

redemption if the portion of such 2021 Bond remaining after such redemption would not be in a denomination authorized by the General Resolution or the 2021 Supplemental Resolution.

Corporation's Right to Purchase 2021 Bonds

The Corporation retains the right to purchase any 2021 Bonds, at such times, in such amounts and at such prices as the Corporation shall determine, subject to the provisions of the General Resolution, and, thereby, reduce its obligations, including Sinking Fund Payments, if any, for such 2021 Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates."

Notice of Redemption

When the Trustee receives notice from the Corporation of its election or direction to redeem 2021 Bonds, or is otherwise required to redeem 2021 Bonds, the Trustee will give notice, in the name of the Corporation, of the redemption of such 2021 Bonds or portions thereof. Such notice will specify the maturities of the 2021 Bonds to be redeemed, the Redemption Date, any conditions precedent to such redemption and the place or places where amounts due upon such redemption will be payable. Not less than twenty (20) days before the Redemption Date for the 2021 Bonds (other than a Redemption Date that is also a mandatory tender date), the Trustee is to mail a copy of such notice to the registered owners of any 2021 Bonds or portions thereof which are to be redeemed, at their last addresses appearing upon the registry books. Interest will not be payable on any 2021 Bonds or portions thereof after the Redemption Date if notice has been given and if sufficient monies have been deposited with the Trustee to pay the principal or applicable Redemption Price of and interest on such 2021 Bonds on such date and all conditions precedent, if any, to such redemption shall have been satisfied.

Provisions with Respect to Tender of 2021 Bonds

No liquidity facility has been obtained to pay the Purchase Price of any 2021 Bonds that are tendered and not remarketed or redeemed, and the Corporation will be obligated to pay the Purchase Price of those 2021 Bonds only from monies available from and held under the General Resolution. Failure to pay the Purchase Price of the 2021 Bonds constitutes a 2021 Series A Event of Default under the 2021 Supplemental Resolution but does not, in and of itself, constitute an Event of Default under the General Resolution. The 2021 Supplemental Resolution provides that upon such 2021 Series A Event of Default the Trustee shall proceed to bring suit on behalf of the owners of the 2021 Bonds for such Purchase Price, with recovery limited to moneys available under the General Resolution. Failure to pay the unpaid principal amount and accrued interest on the 2021 Bonds upon their maturity constitutes an Event of Default under the General Resolution.

The Trustee is required to deliver, or mail by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the owner of each 2021 Bond subject to mandatory tender for purchase, at its address shown on the registration books of the Corporation held by the Trustee, a notice not later than twenty (20) days prior to the mandatory tender date. Any notice given in such manner shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the owner receives such notice. Such notice shall set forth, in substance, that such owners shall be deemed to have tendered their affected 2021 Bonds for purchase on such mandatory tender date, and the Purchase Price for such 2021 Bonds.

Owners of affected 2021 Bonds shall be required to tender their affected 2021 Bonds to the Tender Agent for purchase at the applicable Purchase Price on the mandatory tender date with an appropriate endorsement for transfer to the Tender Agent, or accompanied by a bond power endorsed in blank. Any 2021 Bonds not so delivered to the Tender Agent on or prior to the purchase date (the "Undelivered 2021 Bonds") for which there has been irrevocably deposited in trust with the Trustee or Tender Agent an amount

of moneys sufficient to pay the applicable Purchase Price of such Undelivered 2021 Bonds shall be deemed to have been purchased at the applicable Purchase Price on the mandatory tender date. IN THE EVENT OF A FAILURE BY AN OWNER OF AFFECTED 2021 BONDS TO DELIVER ITS AFFECTED 2021 BONDS ON OR PRIOR TO THE MANDATORY TENDER DATE, SAID OWNER SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO ANY PAYMENT (INCLUDING ANY INTEREST TO ACCRUE SUBSEQUENT TO THE MANDATORY TENDER DATE) OTHER THAN THE APPLICABLE PURCHASE PRICE FOR SUCH UNDELIVERED 2021 BONDS, AND ANY UNDELIVERED 2021 BONDS SHALL NO LONGER BE ENTITLED TO THE BENEFITS OF THE RESOLUTIONS, EXCEPT FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE APPLICABLE PURCHASE PRICE THEREFOR.

If, following the provision of notice of mandatory tender for purchase of the 2021 Bonds, the Trustee receives notice from the Corporation that such purchase cannot be effected or is canceled, the mandatory tender shall be canceled. The Trustee shall promptly deliver or mail by first class mail, postage prepaid, a notice to the owners of the 2021 Bonds stating that such mandatory tender shall not occur (and the reasons therefor) and shall be canceled.

The maturities of 2021 Bonds to be subject to mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation shall be selected as directed by the Corporation. If only a portion of the 2021 Bonds of the same maturity and CUSIP Number are to be subject to mandatory tender for purchase, such 2021 Bonds to be tendered (which shall be in authorized denominations) shall be selected by the Trustee by lot, using such method as it shall determine in its sole discretion except that the Trustee shall not select any 2021 Bond for tender which would result in any remaining 2021 Bond not being in an authorized denomination as provided in the Resolutions.

Book-Entry Only System

The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the 2021 Bonds. The 2021 Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC’s partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered 2021 Bond Certificate will be issued for all 2021 Bonds of like maturity, interest rate and initial CUSIP number, totaling in the aggregate the principal amount of such 2021 Bonds, and will be deposited with DTC. See “APPENDIX E—Book-Entry Only System” for a discussion of DTC and the book-entry only system. So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the 2021 Bonds, as nominee for DTC, references herein to Holders or registered owners of the 2021 Bonds (other than under the captions “Tax Matters” and “Continuing Disclosure”) shall mean Cede & Co., as aforesaid, and shall not mean the Beneficial Owners (as defined in “APPENDIX E—Book-Entry Only System”) of the 2021 Bonds.

SECURITY FOR THE BONDS

Pledge of the General Resolution

The General Resolution constitutes a contract among the Corporation, the Trustee and the owners of the Bonds issued thereunder and, except as otherwise provided under the General Resolution or in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a Series of Bonds, its provisions are for the equal benefit, protection and security of the owners of all such Bonds, each of which, regardless of maturity, is to be of equal rank without preference, priority or distinction. The General Resolution authorizes the issuance of Bonds having a charge and lien on the Revenues and other assets pledged under the General Resolution subordinate to the charge and lien of the Bonds (the “Subordinate Bonds”). Prior to the issuance of any Bonds, the General Resolution requires that the Trustee be provided with a Cash Flow Statement. See “—Additional Bonds” below.

The Bonds are special revenue obligations of the Corporation payable solely from the Revenues and Accounts described below.

Payment of the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on all Bonds and Qualified Hedge Payments, if any, is secured by a pledge of Revenues, which consist of, among other things, unless otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a Series of Bonds, all payments received by the Corporation from or on account of the Mortgage Loans, including scheduled, delinquent and advance payments of principal of and interest on the Mortgage Loans, proceeds from the sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition of the Mortgage Loans, amounts received on account of the acceleration of payments due under the Mortgage Loans or other remedial proceedings taken in the event of a default thereon, proceeds of any mortgage insurance or credit enhancement with respect to defaulted Mortgage Loans, proceeds of any hazard insurance or condemnation award, Hedge Receipts, Termination Receipts, and income derived from the investment of funds held by the Trustee in Accounts established under or pursuant to the General Resolution. Revenues do not, however, include amounts required to be deposited in the Rebate Fund, Escrow Payments, late charges or administrative, credit enhancement, financing, extension, servicing or settlement fees on account of any Mortgage Loan. Payment of the Bonds and Qualified Hedge Payments, if any, is also secured by a pledge by the Corporation of its right, title and interest in and to the Mortgage Loans and, except as otherwise provided in any Supplemental Resolution authorizing a particular Series of Bonds, of all Accounts established pursuant to the General Resolution (including the investments thereof, if any). Under the General Resolution, the Corporation is not required to subject to the pledge and lien of the General Resolution assets, including mortgage loans, financed by Bonds issued thereunder. In addition, under the General Resolution the Corporation may pledge Accounts created pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a particular Series of Bonds solely to the Bonds of such Series or exclude such Accounts from the pledge of the General Resolution. See “Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution.”

The foregoing pledges are also subject to the terms and provisions of the General Resolution requiring transfers of amounts to the Rebate Fund and permitting the application of the Revenues and amounts in such Accounts for certain purposes, including financing Mortgage Loans, funding the Debt Service Reserve Account in order to maintain such Account at its required level, paying certain amounts to the Trustee, the Corporation and Credit Facility Providers, if any, paying certain investment fees, if any, and paying Subordinate Obligations, if any. The Corporation is also authorized under the General Resolution to withdraw surplus revenues and any Mortgage Loans, free and clear of the pledge and lien of the General Resolution, upon filing a Cash Flow Statement or (with respect to surplus revenues) a Cash Flow Certificate with the Trustee. See “—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates” below and “Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Revenue Account.”

Mortgage Loans

Under the General Resolution, the Corporation is authorized to issue Bonds to finance any of its corporate purposes for which the Corporation may issue bonds under the Act, or any other applicable law now or hereafter enacted. Such corporate purposes include, but are not limited to, financing one or more Mortgage Loans. The term Mortgage Loan is defined under the General Resolution as a loan for a Project, evidenced by a note, secured by a Mortgage (but such Mortgage need not create a first mortgage lien on such Project) and specified in a Supplemental Resolution as being subject to the lien of the General Resolution. The General Resolution does not require Mortgage Loans to be secured by first mortgage liens on their respective Developments. The term Mortgage Loan also includes a participation by the Corporation with another party or parties, public or private, in a loan made to a Mortgagor with respect to a Project, or pool of such loans, and any instrument evidencing an ownership in any such loan or the cash flow therefrom, including, but not limited to, guaranteed mortgage-backed securities. The Corporation may withdraw Mortgage Loans and surplus revenues from the pledge and lien of the General Resolution upon the filing with the Trustee of a Cash Flow Statement or (with respect to surplus revenues) a Cash Flow Certificate. See “—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates” below. In addition to Mortgage Loans, the Corporation may finance mortgage loans and other assets that are not subject to the pledge of the General Resolution. See “THE PROGRAM—General” for a description of the Mortgage Loans financed under the Program to date.

If Mortgage Loans are financed under the General Resolution, such Mortgage Loans may, but are not required to, be subject to Supplemental Security insuring or securing against Mortgage Loan default losses. Such Supplemental Security, if any, may be in the form of, among other things, (a) mortgage insurance provided by (i) the Federal Housing Administration (“FHA”), including insurance through the FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance Program, (ii) the New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation, a subsidiary corporation of the Corporation (“REMIC”) and (iii) the State of New York Mortgage Agency (“SONYMA”), (b) mortgage-backed securities guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association (“GNMA”), (c) a credit enhancement instrument provided by the Federal National Mortgage Association (“Fannie Mae”) or Freddie Mac, (d) a risk share credit enhancement instrument provided by Freddie Mac, (e) bank letters of credit or other forms of supplemental security, or (f) a funding agreement provided by the Corporation, any or all of which may be obtained pursuant to one or more programs of the Federal, State or local government. See “—Supplemental Security” below.

In the case of most of its programs, the Corporation has not assumed sole responsibility for the underwriting of mortgage loans financed thereunder. For certain Mortgage Loans in the Program, the Corporation expects to rely on the underwriting criteria and expertise of other parties, including HUD, FHA, Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, REMIC, SONYMA, Mortgage Loan servicers, credit facility providers and/or The City of New York Department of Housing Preservation and Development (“HPD”). For certain other Mortgage Loans in the Program, the Corporation, in conjunction with conventional lenders, credit facility providers and/or HPD, may underwrite such Mortgage Loans. For certain Mortgage Loans in the Program, the Corporation may determine to undertake such underwriting responsibility by itself. In the General Resolution, the Corporation has covenanted to retain and employ competent personnel for the purposes of carrying out its powers thereunder.

Except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing Bonds, the Corporation shall do all acts and things necessary to receive and collect Revenues (including diligent enforcement of the prompt collection of all arrears on Mortgage Loans) and shall diligently enforce, and take all steps, actions and proceedings reasonably necessary in the judgment of the Corporation to protect its rights with respect to or to maintain any Supplemental Security on Mortgage Loans or any Subsidy Programs in connection with the Projects securing the Mortgage Loans or the occupancy thereof and to enforce all terms, covenants and conditions of the Mortgage Loans, including the collection, custody and prompt application

of all Escrow Payments for the purposes for which they were made. See “Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Covenants with Respect to the Mortgage Loans.” In the event of a default on Mortgage Loans that are not secured by Supplemental Security, the related mortgage liens would be the sole security for repayment of such Mortgage Loans (see “THE PROGRAM—Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy—New York Foreclosure Procedures”).

Supplemental Security

HDC 2021 Loan Funding Agreement for the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan

In the event the 2021 Borrower makes a payment on the 2021 Mortgage Loans that is less than the total of the amounts then due thereon, such payment will be allocated first toward satisfaction of the amount then due on the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan and then (if the payment exceeds such amount) toward satisfaction of the amount then due on the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan.

The HDC 2021 Loan Funding Agreement provides that, following a default with respect to payment of principal and/or interest due under the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan, and no later than the Business Day immediately preceding the next Interest Payment Date with respect to the 2021 Bonds, the Corporation will pay to the Trustee an amount equal to 100% of the unpaid amount of principal and/or interest (excluding servicing and credit enhancement fees) due on the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan. The Corporation will be under no obligation to pay to the Trustee, at any time, any amount that exceeds an amount equal the unpaid amount of principal and/or interest (excluding servicing and credit enhancement fees) that has theretofore come due on the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan.

Upon a default under the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan, the Corporation may declare all amounts due under the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan immediately due and payable, which may result in redemption of 2021 Bonds.

The Corporation’s payment obligations pursuant to the HDC 2021 Loan Funding Agreement will terminate upon the earliest of (a) the Trustee’s receipt of a Rating Confirmation reflecting termination of the HDC 2021 Loan Funding Agreement; (b) the maturity or prepayment in full of the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan or withdrawal of the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan from the lien of the General Resolution pursuant to the General Resolution; or (c) the date on which no Bonds remain Outstanding.

HDC 2020 Loan Funding Agreement

One of the Mortgage Loans previously financed under the Program, as indicated in “THE PROGRAM—General”, is secured by Supplemental Security in the form of a funding agreement provided by the Corporation (the “HDC 2020 Loan Funding Agreement”; together with the HDC 2021 Loan Funding Agreement, the “HDC Loan Funding Agreements”) pursuant to which, if a payment default occurs under such Mortgage Loan, the Corporation will advance an amount equal to the unpaid amount of principal and/or interest (excluding servicing and credit enhancement fees) due on such Mortgage Loan to the Trustee.

HDC Loan Funding Agreements

The obligation of the Corporation to make payments to the Trustee in accordance with each HDC Loan Funding Agreement is a general obligation of the Corporation payable out of any revenues or assets of the Corporation, subject only to any existing or future agreements pledging any particular revenues or assets to particular purposes. The payment obligations of the Corporation under each HDC Loan Funding

Agreement will not be a debt of either the State of New York or The City of New York and neither the State nor the City will be liable on the payment obligations of the Corporation thereunder, nor shall the amounts required to be paid by the Corporation thereunder be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation.

See “THE CORPORATION – Certain Financial Information of the Corporation.”

Freddie Mac 2021 Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement for the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan

The Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan will be secured by Supplemental Security in the form of the Freddie Mac 2021 Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement pursuant to which, if a payment default occurs under the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan and subject to certain requirements set forth therein, Freddie Mac will advance an amount equal to the unpaid amount of principal and/or interest (excluding servicing and credit enhancement fees) due on the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan to the Corporation, which payments are pledged to secure the Bonds.

The obligations of the 2021 Borrower to reimburse Freddie Mac for amounts drawn under the Freddie Mac 2021 Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement are evidenced by a Reimbursement and Security Agreement (the “Reimbursement Agreement”) among the 2021 Borrower and Freddie Mac. Under the Reimbursement Agreement, the 2021 Borrower has promised to repay Freddie Mac all sums of money Freddie Mac has advanced to the Corporation under the Freddie Mac 2021 Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement. The Reimbursement Agreement also provides that the 2021 Borrower will pay to Freddie Mac the Freddie Mac credit enhancement fee and the servicing fee to the servicer of the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan (the “Servicer”).

The 2021 Borrower’s reimbursement obligations to Freddie Mac under the Reimbursement Agreement are secured by a lien on the 2021 Borrower’s and the 2021 Nominee’s leasehold interests in the 2021 Developments (the “Freddie Mac Reimbursement Mortgage”), which is subordinate to the liens of the mortgages securing the Senior Non-Accelerating Loan and the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan but senior to the lien of the mortgage securing the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan.

Under the provisions of the Reimbursement Agreement, Freddie Mac may declare an event of default under the Reimbursement Agreement if:

- (a) the 2021 Borrower fails to pay any amounts due under the Reimbursement Agreement;
- (b) the 2021 Borrower fails to observe or perform any of the covenants set forth in the Reimbursement Agreement, subject to any applicable cure period;
- (c) an event of default occurs under the mortgage securing the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan, the Freddie Mac Reimbursement Mortgage, or any of the other 2021 Borrower documents referred to in the Reimbursement Agreement;
- (d) any representation or warranty made by or on behalf of the 2021 Borrower under the Reimbursement Agreement, in any of the other 2021 Borrower documents referred to in the Reimbursement Agreement or in any certificate delivered by the 2021 Borrower to Freddie Mac or the Servicer was inaccurate or incorrect in any material respect when made or deemed made;

- (e) a default or event of default occurs under the terms of any other indebtedness permitted to be incurred by the 2021 Borrower (after taking into account any applicable cure period), including but not limited to, the Senior Non-Accelerating Loan, the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan, the NYCHA Seller Note, the NYCHA Loan and the HTC Bridge Loan;
- (f) any transfer of (i) the 2021 Developments, (ii) any interest in the 2021 Developments, or (iii) any interest in the 2021 Borrower, the Master Tenant or the 2021 Nominee without any prior consent of the Contract Administrator (as defined in the Reimbursement Agreement) that is required under the HAP Contracts with respect to the 2021 Developments; or
- (g) failure of the 2021 Borrower to complete the proposed rehabilitation of the 2021 Developments on or before [_____], 20[___]. See “PLAN OF FINANCING—2021 Developments and 2021 Borrower—2021 Developments.”

Upon an event of default under the Reimbursement Agreement, Freddie Mac may declare all obligations of the 2021 Borrower under the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan or the Reimbursement Agreement immediately due and payable and take any other action at law or equity to protect its rights against the 2021 Borrower in the 2021 Developments; provided Freddie Mac may only foreclose against the 2021 Developments under the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan if the Freddie Mac 2021 Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement has been drawn in full. Such declaration may result in a redemption of 2021 Bonds.

Freddie Mac 2020 Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement

One of the Mortgage Loans previously financed under the Program, as indicated in “THE PROGRAM—General”, is secured by Supplemental Security in the form of a standby credit enhancement agreement issued by Freddie Mac (the “2020 Freddie Mac Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement”; together with the Freddie Mac 2021 Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement, the “Freddie Mac Standby Credit Enhancement Agreements”) pursuant to which, if a payment default occurs under such Mortgage Loan and subject to certain requirements set forth therein, Freddie Mac will advance an amount equal to the unpaid amount of principal and/or interest (excluding servicing and credit enhancement fees) due on such Mortgage Loan to the Corporation, which payments are pledged to secure the Bonds.

Freddie Mac

The information presented under this subcaption “Freddie Mac” has been supplied by Freddie Mac. None of the Corporation, the Trustee or the Underwriters have independently verified the information presented under this caption, and none assumes responsibility for the accuracy of such information. The information is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Incorporated Documents, as defined below.

General. Freddie Mac was chartered by Congress in 1970 under the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Act (the “Freddie Mac Act”). Freddie Mac’s statutory mission is to provide liquidity, stability and affordability to the housing market in the United States of America (the “U.S.”). Freddie Mac does this primarily by purchasing residential mortgages originated by lenders. In most instances, Freddie Mac packages these mortgages into mortgage-related securities, which are guaranteed by Freddie Mac and sold in the global capital markets. In addition, Freddie Mac transfers mortgage credit risk exposure to private investors through its credit risk transfer programs, which include securities- and insurance-based offerings. Freddie Mac also invests in mortgage and mortgage-related securities. Freddie Mac does not originate mortgage loans or lend money directly to borrowers.

Although Freddie Mac is chartered by Congress, Freddie Mac alone is responsible for making payments on its securities and obligations. Freddie Mac's payment obligations under the Credit Enhancement Agreement are not guaranteed by, and are not debts or obligations of, the United States or any federal agency or instrumentality other than Freddie Mac.

Freddie Mac's statutory mission, as defined in its charter, is to:

- Provide stability in the secondary market for residential mortgages;
- Respond appropriately to the private capital market;
- Provide ongoing assistance to the secondary market for residential mortgages (including activities relating to mortgages for low- and moderate-income families involving a reasonable economic return that may be less than the return earned on other activities) by increasing the liquidity of mortgage investments and improving the distribution of investment capital available for residential mortgage financing; and
- Promote access to mortgage credit throughout the U.S. (including central cities, rural areas and other underserved areas) by increasing the liquidity of mortgage investments and improving the distribution of investment capital available for residential mortgage financing.

Conservatorship. Freddie Mac continues to operate under the conservatorship that commenced on September 6, 2008, conducting its business under the direction of the Federal Housing Finance Agency ("FHFA"), Freddie Mac's conservator (the "Conservator"). To address deficits in Freddie Mac's net worth, FHFA, as Conservator, entered into a senior preferred stock purchase agreement (as amended, the "Purchase Agreement") with the U.S. Department of the Treasury ("Treasury"), and (in exchange for an initial commitment fee of senior preferred stock and warrants to purchase common stock) Treasury made a commitment to provide funding, under certain conditions. Freddie Mac is dependent upon the continued support of Treasury and FHFA in order to continue operating its business. Freddie Mac's ability to access funds from Treasury under the Purchase Agreement is critical to keeping Freddie Mac solvent and avoiding appointment of a receiver by FHFA under statutory mandatory receivership provisions. See the Incorporated Documents for additional information regarding Freddie Mac's conservatorship, the Purchase Agreement and the uncertainty surrounding Freddie Mac's future.

Additional Information. Freddie Mac's common stock is registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act"). As a result, Freddie Mac files annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC.

As described below, Freddie Mac incorporates certain documents by reference in this Official Statement, which means that Freddie Mac is disclosing information to you by referring you to those documents rather than by providing you with separate copies. Freddie Mac incorporates by reference in this Official Statement (1) its most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC; (2) all other reports Freddie Mac has filed with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act since the end of the year covered by that Form 10-K, excluding any information "furnished" to the SEC on Form 8-K; and (3) all documents that Freddie Mac files with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c) or 14 of the Exchange Act after the date of this Official Statement and prior to the termination of the offering of the related Bonds, excluding any information Freddie Mac "furnishes" to the SEC on Form 8-K.

These documents are collectively referred to as the “Incorporated Documents” and are considered part of this Official Statement. You should read this Official Statement in conjunction with the Incorporated Documents. Information that Freddie Mac incorporates by reference will automatically update information in this Official Statement. Therefore, you should rely only on the most current information provided or incorporated by reference in this Official Statement.

You may read and copy any document Freddie Mac files with the SEC at the SEC’s public reference room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the public reference room. The SEC also maintains an internet website at <http://www.sec.gov> that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding companies that file electronically with the SEC.

Freddie Mac makes no representations as to the contents of this Official Statement, the suitability of the 2021 Bonds for any investor, the feasibility of performance of any project, or compliance with any securities, tax or other laws or regulations. Freddie Mac’s role is limited to discharging its obligations under the Freddie Mac Standby Credit Enhancement Agreements.

FREDDIE MAC’S OBLIGATIONS WITH RESPECT TO ANY MORTGAGE LOAN SUPPORTED BY A FREDDIE MAC STANDBY CREDIT ENHANCEMENT AGREEMENT ARE SOLELY AS PROVIDED IN THE APPLICABLE FREDDIE MAC STANDBY CREDIT ENHANCEMENT AGREEMENT. THE OBLIGATIONS OF FREDDIE MAC UNDER THE FREDDIE MAC STANDBY CREDIT ENHANCEMENT AGREEMENTS WILL BE OBLIGATIONS SOLELY OF FREDDIE MAC, A SHAREHOLDER-OWNED, GOVERNMENT-SPONSORED ENTERPRISE ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. FREDDIE MAC HAS NO OBLIGATION TO PURCHASE, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, ANY OF THE 2021 BONDS. THE BONDS ARE NOT A DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, ANY AGENCY THEREOF, OR OF FREDDIE MAC, AND ARE NOT GUARANTEED BY THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA OR BY FREDDIE MAC.

Fannie Mae 2020 Standby Credit Enhancement Instrument

One of the Mortgage Loans previously financed under the Program, as indicated in “THE PROGRAM—General”, is secured by Supplemental Security in the form of a standby credit enhancement instrument issued by Fannie Mae (the “Fannie Mae 2020 Standby Credit Enhancement Instrument”) pursuant to which, if a payment default occurs under such Mortgage Loan and subject to certain requirements set forth therein, Fannie Mae will advance an amount equal to the unpaid amount of principal and/or interest (excluding servicing and credit enhancement fees of Fannie Mae’s servicer and Fannie Mae) due on such Mortgage Loan to the Corporation, which payments (other than servicing and credit enhancement fees of the Corporation) are pledged to secure the Bonds.

Fannie Mae

Fannie Mae is a federally chartered corporation organized and existing under the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act, 12 U.S.C. 1716 et seq. Fannie Mae was originally established in 1938 as a United States government agency to provide supplemental liquidity to the mortgage market and became a stockholder-owned and privately managed corporation by legislation enacted in 1968.

Fannie Mae purchases, sells, and otherwise deals in mortgages in the secondary market. It does not make direct mortgage loans, but instead acquires mortgage loans originated by others. In addition, Fannie Mae issues mortgage-backed securities (“MBS”) backed by pools of mortgage loans acquired from

lenders. Fannie Mae receives guaranty fees for its guarantee of the timely payment of principal and interest on MBS certificates.

On September 6, 2008, Fannie Mae's safety and soundness regulator, the Federal Housing Finance Agency, or FHFA, placed Fannie Mae into conservatorship. As the conservator, FHFA succeeded to all rights, titles, powers and privileges of Fannie Mae, and of any stockholder, officer, or director of Fannie Mae with respect to Fannie Mae and the assets of Fannie Mae.

On September 7, 2008 Fannie Mae, through its conservator, entered into two agreements with the U.S. Department of the Treasury ("Treasury") – a Senior Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement ("Stock Purchase Agreement") and a Common Stock Warrant ("Warrant"). Pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement, Fannie Mae issued to Treasury 1,000,000 shares of Senior Preferred Stock with an initial liquidation preference of \$1,000 per share. Under the terms of the Warrant Treasury may purchase, for a nominal price, shares of common stock equal to 79.9% of the outstanding common stock of Fannie Mae.

The Senior Preferred Stock and the Warrant were issued to Treasury as an initial commitment fee for Treasury's commitment (the "Commitment"), set forth in the Stock Purchase Agreement, to provide funds to Fannie Mae under the terms and conditions set forth therein. Fannie Mae generally may draw funds under the Commitment on a quarterly basis if Fannie Mae's total liabilities exceed its total assets on its consolidated balance sheet calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as of the end of a quarter (a "net worth deficit"). As of September 9, 2021, the amount of remaining funding from Treasury that is available to Fannie Mae under the Commitment is \$113.9 billion.

The Senior Preferred Stock provides for the quarterly payment of dividends. Fannie Mae's dividend payments on the Senior Preferred Stock for a dividend period are based on Fannie Mae's net worth, if any, as of the end of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter. If Fannie Mae does not have a positive net worth as of the end of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter, or if Fannie Mae's net worth does not exceed a specified capital reserve amount (discussed below) at the end of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter, then no dividend will accrue or be payable for the applicable dividend period on the Senior Preferred Stock.

The Stock Purchase Agreement and terms of the Senior Preferred Stock were amended in January 2021 to increase the specified capital reserve amount from \$25 billion to the amount of adjusted total capital necessary for Fannie Mae to meet the capital requirements and buffers under its enterprise regulatory capital framework. Fannie Mae estimates that had the enterprise regulatory capital framework been applicable to Fannie Mae as of December 31, 2020, it would have been required to hold approximately \$185 billion in adjusted total capital. Fannie Mae's quarterly dividend requirements under the terms of the Senior Preferred Stock will further shift on the "capital reserve end date" (defined as the last day of the second consecutive fiscal quarter during which Fannie Mae has maintained capital equal to, or in excess of, all of the capital requirements and buffers under its enterprise regulatory capital framework), to the lesser of (i) a 10% annual rate on the then-current liquidation preference of the Senior Preferred Stock, and (ii) the amount of Fannie Mae's quarterly increase in net worth.

The Stock Purchase Agreement and the Warrant contain covenants that significantly restrict Fannie Mae's business activities. These covenants include a prohibition on the issuance of equity securities (except in limited instances), a prohibition on the payment of dividends or other distributions on Fannie Mae's equity securities (other than the Senior Preferred Stock or the Warrant), a prohibition on Fannie Mae's issuance of subordinated debt securities, and limitations on the amount of debt securities Fannie Mae may have outstanding and the size of Fannie Mae's mortgage assets portfolio. The January 2021 amendment to the Stock Purchase Agreement also included new restrictive covenants that will impact Fannie Mae's

single-family and multifamily business activities, including caps on certain types of single-family mortgage acquisitions and a multifamily business volume cap.

Fannie Mae is incorporating by reference in this Official Statement the documents listed below that Fannie Mae publishes from time to time. This means that Fannie Mae is disclosing information to you by referring you to those documents. Those documents are considered part of this Official Statement, so you should read this Official Statement, and any applicable supplements or amendments, together with those documents before making an investment decision.

The securities of Fannie Mae are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

Information on Fannie Mae and its financial condition are contained in periodic reports that are filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). Fannie Mae’s SEC filings are available at the SEC’s website at www.sec.gov, and are also available on Fannie Mae’s web site at <http://www.fanniemae.com> or from Fannie Mae at the Office of Investor Relations at 202-752-1234.

You should rely only on the information provided or incorporated by reference in this Official Statement and any applicable supplement, and you should rely only on the most current information.

Fannie Mae incorporates by reference the following documents Fannie Mae has filed, or may file with the SEC:

- Fannie Mae’s Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, filed with the SEC on February 12, 2021;
- Fannie Mae’s Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2021, filed with the SEC on April 30, 2021;
- Fannie Mae’s Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2021, filed with the SEC on August 3, 2021; and
- all other proxy statements that Fannie Mae files with the SEC, and all documents Fannie Mae files with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c) or 14 of the Exchange Act after the date of this Official Statement and prior to the termination of the offering of securities under the Official Statement, excluding any information “furnished” to the SEC on Form 8-K.

Fannie Mae makes no representation as to the contents of this Official Statement, the suitability of the Bonds for any investor, the feasibility of performance of any project, or compliance with any securities, tax or other laws or regulations. Fannie Mae’s role is limited to issuing and discharging its obligations under the Fannie Mae 2020 Standby Credit Enhancement Instrument and exercising the rights reserved to it in the reimbursement agreement with the related Mortgagor.

Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates

The General Resolution provides that the Corporation shall file with the Trustee a current Cash Flow Statement: (i) whenever any Series of Bonds is issued, or any change in a term of an Outstanding Bond requiring Bondholder consent is made; (ii) upon purchase or redemption of Bonds of a Series from Recoveries of Principal, or the crediting of Sinking Fund Payments established for any Bond to be so

purchased or redeemed, in a manner other than (a) as contemplated in the last Cash Flow Statement filed by the Corporation with the Trustee or (b) on a basis whereby the Bonds of each maturity of such Series are purchased or redeemed in the proportion that the amount Outstanding of such maturity bears to the total amount of all Bonds Outstanding of such Series and each Sinking Fund Payment established for any Bond to be so purchased or redeemed is credited in the proportion that the amount of such Sinking Fund Payment bears to the total amount of all Sinking Fund Payments established for such Bond; (iii) prior to withdrawing monies for payment to the Corporation, pursuant to the General Resolution, free and clear of the pledge and lien of the General Resolution, in an amount in excess of the amounts determined to be available for such purpose in the last Cash Flow Statement filed with the Trustee; (iv) prior to selling Mortgage Loans not in default; (v) prior to the financing of or amending Mortgage Loans to contain terms that would adversely affect the cash flow projections contained in the last Cash Flow Statement filed with the Trustee; (vi) prior to the releasing of any Mortgage Loan from the pledge and lien of the General Resolution; (vii) prior to the application of Recoveries of Principal to any use other than the purchase or redemption of Bonds; (viii) prior to the purchase of Bonds pursuant to certain provisions of the General Resolution at prices in excess of those specified in the General Resolution; (ix) prior to the application of monies in the Redemption Account resulting from Recoveries of Principal derived from or with respect to any Mortgage Loans to the purchase or redemption of Bonds of a Series other than the Series issued to finance such Mortgage Loans; and (x) prior to entering into or amending a Qualified Hedge.

A Cash Flow Statement consists of a statement of an Authorized Officer giving effect to actions proposed to be taken and demonstrating in the current and each succeeding Bond Year in which Bonds are scheduled to be Outstanding that amounts then expected to be on deposit in the Accounts in each such Bond Year will be at least equal to all amounts required by the General Resolution to be on deposit in the Accounts for the payment of the principal and Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds and Qualified Hedge Payments, if any, and for the funding of the Debt Service Reserve Account to the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement. However, a Supplemental Resolution may provide that an Account established in such Supplemental Resolution not be taken into account when preparing the Cash Flow Statement. The Cash Flow Statement shall set forth the assumptions upon which the estimates therein are based, which assumptions are to be based upon the Corporation's reasonable expectations and must not adversely affect any of the Rating Agencies' ratings on the Rated Bonds. In calculating the amount of interest due in the current and each succeeding Bond Year in which Bonds are scheduled to be Outstanding on Bonds bearing interest at a variable rate, the interest rate used shall be assumed to be the fixed rate, which in the judgment of the remarketing agents for such Bonds, or such other financial consultant selected by the Corporation and experienced in the sale of municipal securities (having due regard to the prevailing market conditions), would be necessary to enable such Bonds to be sold at par in the secondary market on the date of such calculation or such higher or lower rate which does not adversely affect any of the Rating Agencies' ratings on the Rated Bonds. Upon filing a Cash Flow Statement with the Trustee, the Corporation is to perform its obligations under the General Resolution in accordance, in all material respects, with the assumptions set forth in such Cash Flow Statement. Except with respect to actions being taken contemporaneously with the delivery of a Cash Flow Statement, facts reflected in a Cash Flow Statement may be as of a date or reasonably adjusted to a date not more than 180 days prior to the date of delivery of such statement.

In lieu of filing a Cash Flow Statement, a Cash Flow Certificate may be filed in order to take the actions described in (1) clause (iii) of the first paragraph of this subsection or (2) clause (v) of the first paragraph of this subsection relating to amending Mortgage Loans but only if, in the judgment of the Corporation, such amendments do not materially adversely affect the cash flow projections contained in the last Cash Flow Statement. A Cash Flow Certificate shall consist of a statement of an Authorized Officer to the effect of one of the following:

- (a) The proposed action is consistent with the assumptions set forth in the latest Cash Flow Statement; or

(b) After giving effect to the proposed action, in the current and each succeeding Bond Year in which Bonds are scheduled to be Outstanding, amounts expected to be on deposit in the Accounts in each such Bond Year will be at least equal to all amounts required by the General Resolution to be on deposit in such Accounts for the payment of the principal and Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds and Qualified Hedge Payments, if any, and for the funding of the Debt Service Reserve Account to the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement, except that to the extent specified in a Supplemental Resolution an Account established in said Supplemental Resolution shall not be taken into account in connection with such Cash Flow Certificate; or

(c) The proposed action will not in and of itself adversely affect the amounts expected to be on deposit in the Accounts in the current and each succeeding Bond Year in which Bonds are scheduled to be Outstanding, except that the Cash Flow Certificate shall not consider any Accounts which a Supplemental Resolution specifies shall not be taken into account in connection with the delivery of a Cash Flow Certificate.

Bond Proceeds Account

Pursuant to the General Resolution, the Corporation has established a Bond Proceeds Account. Proceeds of the sale of Bonds are deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account. The General Resolution provides that amounts in the Bond Proceeds Account may only be expended to (i) finance Corporation Corporate Purposes, including, but not limited to, the financing of Mortgage Loans; (ii) pay costs of issuance; (iii) pay principal and interest on Bonds when due and Qualified Hedge Payments, if any, when due to the extent amounts in the Revenue Fund are insufficient; (iv) purchase or redeem Bonds; (v) pay, purchase or redeem bonds, notes or other obligations of the Corporation or any other entity; and (vi) reimburse a Credit Facility Provider for amounts obtained under a Credit Facility for the purposes described in clauses (iii), (iv) or (v). As of the date hereof, no amounts are on deposit in the Bond Proceeds Account.

Debt Service Reserve Account

Pursuant to the General Resolution, the Corporation has established a Debt Service Reserve Account. If on any Interest Payment Date or Redemption Date the amount available in the Revenue Account and Redemption Account, as applicable, is insufficient to pay Principal Installments and interest due on any Bonds and Qualified Hedge Payments, if any, due on such date, the Trustee must apply amounts from the Debt Service Reserve Account, if any, to the extent necessary to make good the deficiency.

Under the General Resolution, the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement is the aggregate of the amounts specified as the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for each Series of Bonds in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of such Series of Bonds. There is no minimum Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement under the General Resolution. The General Resolution further provides that the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for any Series of Bonds may be funded, in whole or in part, through Cash Equivalents if so provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Series. See “Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Debt Service Reserve Account.”

No amounts are on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account as of the date hereof and no amounts will be required to be deposited into the Debt Service Reserve Account in connection with the issuance of the 2021 Bonds.

Additional Bonds

Additional Bonds, subordinate to or on parity with the Bonds then Outstanding, may be issued by the Corporation pursuant to the General Resolution. Prior to the issuance of any such additional Bonds (other than the Subordinate Bonds), the General Resolution requires that the Trustee be provided with, among other things, a Cash Flow Statement. See “Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Provisions for Issuance of Bonds” for a description of the requirements that must be met under the General Resolution prior to the issuance of additional Bonds.

Qualified Hedges

The Corporation is permitted under the General Resolution to enter into Qualified Hedges. Prior to entering into a Qualified Hedge, the General Resolution requires that the Trustee be provided with a Cash Flow Statement. The net amount required to be paid by the Corporation under a Qualified Hedge on any Interest Payment Date (except for Termination Payments and fees, expenses or similar other charges or obligations thereunder) is payable from the Revenue Account (and then from amounts, if any, in the Debt Service Reserve Account) on a parity with the Principal Installments and interest then due on Outstanding Bonds. Termination Payments are Subordinate Obligations, payable from any amounts remaining in the Revenue Account on each Interest Payment Date after payment of the Principal Installments and interest due on Outstanding Bonds and certain other amounts. See “Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Revenue Account.” The net amounts required to be paid to the Corporation under a Qualified Hedge, including a Termination Receipt, constitute Pledged Receipts (subject to the Corporation’s right to apply all or a portion of a Termination Receipt to payment of the purchase price of another Qualified Hedge).

The Corporation has not entered into any Qualified Hedges under the General Resolution.

Bonds Not a Debt of the State or the City

The Bonds are not a debt of the State or the City and neither the State nor the City shall be liable thereon, nor shall the Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation pledged therefor. The Corporation has no taxing power.

Certain Investments

The Corporation at times may invest amounts held in the Accounts under the General Resolution in Investment Securities, including: repurchase agreements (which are collateralized and held by a third party), bank deposit agreements, guaranteed investment contracts (GICs), municipal securities, and U.S. Treasury and agency securities in accordance with the Corporation’s investment guidelines. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, any Investment Securities purchased by the Trustee with funds that are pledged pursuant to the General Resolution must, as of the date of such purchase, be rated by at least one nationally recognized rating agency in a category at least equivalent to the rating category of the Rated Bonds (without regard to any Credit Facility securing such Rated Bonds) (or “A-1” or “P-1,” as applicable, if the Investment Security has a remaining term at the time it is provided not exceeding one (1) year); provided, however, that the Trustee may purchase Investment Securities that are rated lower than that set forth above, so long as the purchase of such Investment Securities does not, as of the date of such purchase, in and of itself, result in a reduction or withdrawal of the then existing rating assigned to the Rated Bonds by any of the Rating Agencies. A change in the rating of any Investment Securities purchased by the Trustee, subsequent to the date of purchase, would not require the Trustee to sell such Investment Securities. If a rating agency were to downgrade or withdraw the rating on any Investment Securities previously purchased by the Trustee, the rating on the 2021 Bonds could be

negatively affected. See “RATING.” Investment earnings on Accounts are to be transferred to the Revenue Account except as otherwise provided by the General Resolution. See “Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Deposits and Investments” and “—Revenue Account.”

THE PROGRAM

General

The activities of the Corporation undertaken pursuant to the General Resolution, including activities relating to the PACT Program, are hereinafter referred to as the “Program.”

Under the Program, the Corporation may issue Bonds to finance any corporate purpose for which bonds may be issued under the Act or any other applicable law now or hereafter enacted. The Bonds may be issued to, among other things, finance Mortgage Loans and/or finance the acquisition of Mortgage Loans, for newly constructed or rehabilitated multi-family housing developments (“Developments”).

The General Resolution provides for the issuance of additional Bonds to be used for financing any corporate purpose including the financing of Mortgage Loans and Developments which are neither secured by Supplemental Security nor subsidized pursuant to a Subsidy Program. The General Resolution does not require Mortgage Loans to be secured by first mortgage liens on their respective Developments. A Mortgage Loan also may represent the Corporation’s participation interest in a mortgage loan or the cash flow therefrom. Moreover, the Corporation may withdraw Mortgage Loans and surplus revenues from the pledge and lien of the General Resolution upon the filing with the Trustee of a Cash Flow Statement or (with respect to surplus revenues) a Cash Flow Certificate. See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates.”

The Corporation has financed the following Developments and Mortgage Loans under the Program prior to the date hereof:

Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program

Name of Development(s)	Applicable Series of Bonds	Borough	No. of Units	Subsidy Program ⁽¹⁾	Outstanding Mortgage Loan Balance	Original Mortgage Loan Balance	Supplemental Security ⁽⁴⁾
PACT Brooklyn Bundle II (Armstrong I, Armstrong II, Weeksville, Berry Street-South 9th Street, Marcy Avenue-Green Avenue Site A and Site B, 572 Warren Street, Independence, Williams Plaza)	2020 Series A & B	Brooklyn	2,625	Section 8	\$337,500,000 ⁽²⁾	\$337,500,000 ⁽²⁾	Freddie Mac 2020 Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement
					\$37,500,000 ⁽²⁾	\$37,500,000 ⁽²⁾	HDC 2020 Loan Funding Agreement
PACT Manhattan Bundle (335 East 111 th Street; 344 East 28 th Street; Grampion; Manhattanville Rehab (Group 2 and 3); Park Avenue-East 122 nd and 123 rd Streets; Public School 139 (Conversion); Samuel (MHOP) I, II, and III; Fort Washington Avenue Rehab; Washington Heights Rehab (Groups 1&2); Washington Heights Rehab Phase III, Phase IV (C), and Phase IV (D); Wise Towers)	2020 Series C & D	Manhattan	1,718	Section 8	\$289,065,000 ⁽³⁾	\$289,065,000 ⁽³⁾	Fannie Mae 2020 Standby Credit Enhancement Instrument
TOTAL			4,343		\$664,065,000	\$664,065,000	

⁽¹⁾ See “—Section 8 Program” below.

⁽²⁾ The mortgages securing the Mortgage Loans for the listed Developments are subordinate to mortgages securing a \$122,000,000 loan from the Corporation, which is not pledged under the Resolution and the acceleration of which is limited in the same manner as the Senior Non-Accelerating Loan for the 2021 Developments, as described in “PLAN OF FINANCING—Senior Non-Accelerating Loan”.

⁽³⁾ The mortgages securing the Mortgage Loans for the listed Developments are subordinate to mortgages securing a \$70,000,000 loan from the Corporation, which is not pledged under the Resolution and the acceleration of which is limited in the same manner as the Senior Non-Accelerating Loan for the 2021 Developments, as described in “PLAN OF FINANCING—Senior Non-Accelerating Loan”.

⁽⁴⁾ See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Supplemental Security.”

The PACT Program

The City’s “Permanent Affordability Commitment Together” (the “PACT Program”) strategy, outlined in December 2018, is a 10-year comprehensive plan to rehabilitate and preserve at least 62,000 units of public housing in developments owned by the New York City Housing Authority (“NYCHA”) through various asset repositioning methodologies of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (“HUD”), including (i) the Rental Assistance Demonstration program (“RAD”) created by the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act of 2012 (Public Law 112-55) and the corresponding Notice H-2019-09 PIH-2019-23 (September 5, 2019), as amended, (ii) Section 18 of the Housing Act (“Section 18”), and (iii) the 24 C.F.R. Part 200 conversion process (“Part 200” and, collectively with RAD and Section 18, the “HUD Programs”).

Under the PACT Program, NYCHA seeks to identify resources and opportunities to make major improvements to its public housing developments while preserving long-term affordability and maintaining strong resident rights in line with public housing protections. The goal of the PACT Program is to convert at least 62,000 public housing units to Section 8 assisted housing by the end of 2028, thus addressing roughly \$12.8 billion of NYCHA’s capital needs. The conversion to Section 8 assisted housing is intended to stabilize the properties by placing them on a more secure financial footing, facilitate the raising of capital to rehabilitate the properties, streamline property management, and continue or enhance social services provision, thus ensuring the developments’ continued use as long-term affordable housing with no displacement of existing residents as a result of the conversion.

The Developments receiving financing through the PACT Program are currently owned by NYCHA and will be converted from public housing pursuant to the HUD Programs so that they may be preserved, rehabilitated and improved. NYCHA will lease the developments to for-profit and/or not-for-profit mortgagors, which will be formed in order to provide for the ownership, financing, rehabilitation and construction of the developments. NYCHA will retain ownership of the land on which a development is located and will lease the land pursuant to a long-term lease between NYCHA, as landlord, and the mortgagor, as tenant.

To date, NYCHA has converted [_____] units across [___] developments.

Section 8 Program

The following is a brief description of certain aspects of the housing assistance payments authorized by Section 8 of the Housing Act, which is qualified in its entirety by references to the applicable provisions of said Act and the regulations thereunder.

The Section 8 program is administered by HUD and authorizes subsidy payments (“Housing Assistance Payments”) pursuant to Housing Assistance Payments Contracts (“HAP Contracts”) to the owners of qualified housing for the benefit of low-income families (defined generally as families whose income does not exceed 80% of the median income for the area as determined by HUD) and very-low income families (defined generally as families whose income does not exceed 50% of the median income for the area as defined by HUD).

Section 8(o) of the Housing Act authorizes a variant of the Section 8 program, referred to as the “Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program”, pursuant to which HUD enters into annual contributions contracts (“ACCs”) with participating public housing agencies (“PHAs”), such as NYCHA, for the purpose of providing funds to the PHA to make monthly Housing Assistance Payments pursuant to HAP Contracts between the PHA and owners of qualified housing in the PHA’s jurisdiction. Funds appropriated by Congress in any federal fiscal year for the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program are allocated by HUD according to a formula among participating PHAs for use under such ACCs. PHAs may use such funds to make payments under HAP Contracts between the PHA and such owners with respect to dwelling units that eligible families who have been granted a voucher by the PHA have chosen to lease (“Tenant-Based Voucher HAP Contracts”). (Accordingly, appropriations for the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program historically have been referred to as appropriations for “tenant-based rental assistance”.) However, pursuant to Section 8(o)(13), PHAs also are permitted to use such funds to make payments under HAP Contracts between the PHA and such owners with respect to specified dwelling units in particular buildings selected by the PHA (“Project-Based Voucher HAP Contracts”).

The amount of the monthly Housing Assistance Payment to an owner provided in a Project-Based Voucher HAP Contract generally is, for each occupied dwelling unit, the difference between the “contract rent” applicable to the unit and the tenant’s contribution, which generally is 30% of such tenant’s income, as adjusted for family size, income and expenses, with certain adjustments, although a PHA may choose to require each assisted family to pay a minimum rent of up to \$50 per month.

In the case of a Project-Based Voucher HAP Contract for former public housing units converted under RAD (and not pursuant to Section 18), such as the RAD HAP Contracts referred to in “PLAN OF FINANCING—2021 Developments”, as a practical matter the contract rent for each dwelling unit generally is based initially on a month’s share of total annual federal public housing operating fund and public housing capital fund appropriations and tenant payments allocable to the unit in a specified year prior to conversion. Such contracts provide that the contract rent is adjusted annually thereafter during the contract term by multiplying the portion of the contract rent not used for loan debt service by an Operating Cost Adjustment

Factor (OCAF), which is determined periodically by HUD and intended to reflect increases in the cost of operating comparable rental properties, subject to the limitation that increases from the initial contract rent cannot cause the contract rent to exceed a rent established by the PHA as reasonable in relation to rents for comparable units in the area that are not assisted under Section 8.

In the case of any other Project-Based Voucher HAP Contract, including contracts resulting from dispositions or conversions of former public housing units pursuant to Section 18, Part 200 or certain other methods of conversion, such as the Section 18 PBV HAP Contracts referred to in “PLAN OF FINANCING—2021 Developments”, the contract rent for each dwelling unit is initially based on the “fair market rent” (“FMR”) periodically determined by HUD for units of the applicable size (number of bedrooms) in each locality, multiplied by a percentage determined by the PHA, referred to as a “payment standard”, of between 90% and 110% (or higher or lower with HUD approval). Such contracts provide that the contract rent will be adjusted annually thereafter during the contract term, if requested by the owner (or in certain cases upon a specified percentage decrease in FMRs), to the current FMR multiplied by the PHA’s current payment standard percentage or, if lower, a rent established by the PHA as reasonable in relation to rents for comparable units in the area that are not assisted under Section 8, except that a PHA is permitted to provide in such a contract that contract rents for units will not be adjusted to below their initial contract rents.

Generally, Housing Assistance Payments are payable with respect to a dwelling unit only for months during which it is occupied by an eligible tenant, but a PHA has the option to provide in a Project-Based Voucher HAP Contract that an amount of subsidy determined by the PHA up to the full contract rent is payable for a period determined by the PHA of up to two additional months after the month in which a unit is vacated, subject to compliance by the owner with certain conditions relating primarily to a diligent effort to re-rent the unit.

HAP Contracts contain numerous agreements on the part of the owner concerning, among other things, maintenance of the dwelling units as decent, safe and sanitary housing and compliance with a number of requirements typical of federal contracts (such as non-discrimination, equal employment opportunity and labor standards) as to which non-compliance could result in reduction or suspension of Housing Assistance Payments or termination of the contract.

A PHA is permitted to enter into Project-Based Voucher HAP Contracts with an initial contract term of as long as 20 years, and is permitted to renew such a contract upon expiration for renewal terms, of as long as 20 years each, determined by the PHA to be appropriate to continue providing affordable housing for low-income families.

Although Project-Based Voucher HAP Contracts have stated terms of multiple years, a PHA’s obligations to make Housing Assistance Payments pursuant to a Project-Based Voucher HAP Contract are subject to the annual appropriation by Congress of funds for the Housing Choice Voucher Program in amounts sufficient to fund Housing Assistance Payments under all participating PHAs’ Project-Based Voucher HAP Contracts and Tenant-Based Voucher HAP Contracts. No assurance can be given that Congress will timely appropriate sufficient funds each year for the Housing Choice Voucher Program to enable PHAs, such as NYCHA, to make Housing Assistance Payments pursuant to such HAP Contracts.

Mortgage Loan Servicing

All of the Mortgage Loans will be serviced by the Corporation or a designated servicer. Servicing by the Corporation includes the collection of mortgage payments from the Mortgagors of the applicable Developments.

With respect to each Mortgage Loan, an escrow account for the payment of taxes, hazard insurance and mortgage insurance, if any, will be maintained for each Development and will be funded from the monthly revenues of each such Development. Each Mortgagor will be required to maintain a reserve fund for replacements. These reserve funds for replacements will be funded from the monthly revenues of their respective Development. The Corporation will require financial statements for each Development to be furnished to the Corporation annually.

The Corporation will conduct annual site reviews to monitor the physical condition of the Developments. During these reviews, the Corporation will undertake various procedures to monitor the exterior and interior physical condition of the Developments.

The Corporation's inspection reviews will include recommendations for curing deficiencies. The Corporation will monitor those Developments which receive below average and unsatisfactory ratings in order to determine whether (i) required reports have been made and/or (ii) curative work has been undertaken and completed within a prescribed time frame. In order to cure deficiencies and thus improve the ratings of such Developments, the Corporation may advise the Mortgagor to request a drawdown on its respective reserve fund for replacements. If the reserves are not sufficient to cover the work required to improve a Development's rating or if the Corporation has determined that the low rating is due to Mortgagor neglect, the Corporation will meet with the Mortgagor to discuss corrective actions in all review reporting areas which include management practices, financial operations and vouchering procedures, as well as physical condition. In addition, the Corporation will conduct an annual review of the Developments to monitor their financial condition and financial management controls.

In addition to any insurance coverage required by the applicable Supplemental Security provider, the Corporation will require property, liability, boiler and machinery, and fidelity insurance for the Mortgage Loans. Property insurance must cover at least the replacement cost of the Development.

Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans

Scheduled Payments of Principal and Interest

The ability of the Corporation to pay the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds, including the 2021 Bonds, is dependent on the Revenues derived from the assets pledged to secure the Bonds, including the Mortgage Loans (including the 2021 Mortgage Loans), and with respect to such Mortgage Loans, the proceeds under the applicable Supplemental Security program, if any, in the event of a default on a Mortgage Loan, and the full and timely receipt of subsidy payments under the applicable Subsidy Program, if any. The ability of each Mortgagor to make the required payments under its Mortgage Loan is and will be affected by a variety of factors, including the maintenance of a sufficient level of occupancy, the maintenance of the physical condition of its Development, the level of operating expenses, sound management of its Development, timely receipt of subsidy payments, as applicable, the ability to achieve and maintain rents sufficient to cover payments under such Mortgage Loan and operating expenses (including taxes, utility rates and maintenance costs), any changes in the amount of subsidy payments, if any, changes in applicable laws and governmental regulations, and the financial condition of the Mortgagor. In addition, the continued feasibility of a Development may depend in part upon general economic conditions and other factors in the surrounding area of a Development. Accordingly, in the event of the

occurrence of substantial increases in operating costs without corresponding increases in rent levels on a timely basis, substantial reductions in occupancy or a reduction, loss or termination of subsidy payments, there may be a default with regard to one or more of the Mortgage Loans. In the event of any such default, the Corporation is required to apply for payment of proceeds under the applicable Supplemental Security program, if any, due with regard to any such Mortgage Loan. In the event of any such default where such Mortgage Loan is not secured by Supplemental Security, such mortgage lien would likely be the sole security for repayment of such Mortgage Loan (see “—New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy—New York Foreclosure Procedures” below and “Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Covenants with Respect to the Mortgage Loans”). Such proceeds, when received, together with other monies available under or pursuant to the General Resolution may be applied to redeem an allocable portion of certain Bonds. For a discussion of Supplemental Security, see “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Supplemental Security.”

Prepayments of Principal

General. The Corporation may receive amounts relating to the principal of the Mortgage Loans financed with the proceeds of the Bonds prior to the scheduled due date of such principal. See “PLAN OF FINANCING—2021 Mortgage Loans” for information regarding the expected provisions of the 2021 Mortgage Loans with respect to voluntary prepayment. The Mortgage Loans financed under the Program to date contain provisions prohibiting the applicable Mortgagor from making any voluntary prepayment prior to approximately ten years after, as the case may be (depending on the particular Mortgage Loan), either (i) the closing of the applicable Mortgage Loan, or (ii) the completion of rehabilitation of the applicable Project; however, the Corporation may waive a prohibition on prepayments contained in a Mortgage Loan. Prepayments of principal may be subject to the payment of certain fees and expenses and other terms and conditions, including the payment of penalties and premiums. There may be certain other restrictions outside the Mortgage Loan documents that limit the ability of the applicable Mortgagor to prepay. It is expected that prior written notice of any optional prepayment to the Corporation will be required. Any such prepayment could result in the special redemption of Bonds at any time.

Under the General Resolution, advance payments of amounts to become due pursuant to a Mortgage Loan, including those made at the option of a Mortgagor, shall be deposited in the Revenue Account and then shall be transferred to the Redemption Account and applied to the redemption of Bonds as soon as practically possible. Unless specifically directed otherwise by written instructions of an Authorized Officer and accompanied by a Cash Flow Statement, any monies in the Redemption Account resulting from such Recoveries of Principal shall be applied to the purchase or redemption of Bonds of the Series issued to finance the Mortgage Loans which gave rise to the Recoveries of Principal.

Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, if the Corporation files a Cash Flow Statement with the Trustee, it may transfer such Recoveries of Principal to the Bond Proceeds Account or retain such Recoveries of Principal in the Revenue Account in lieu of applying such monies to purchase or redeem Bonds. See “Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Bond Proceeds Account” and “—Revenue Account” with respect to the right of the Corporation to apply prepayments of the Mortgage Loans for purposes other than the purchase or redemption of Bonds, and the right of the Corporation to withdraw surplus revenues in the Revenue Account from the pledge and lien of the General Resolution.

New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy

Below are descriptions of current foreclosure procedures in New York State and current bankruptcy provisions for mortgage loans generally. Such descriptions are relevant for any Mortgage Loans under the Program not fully secured by Supplemental Security.

New York Foreclosure Procedures. In order to recover the debt due on a defaulted mortgage loan, the holder of the mortgage loan may either commence an action on the mortgage debt or commence an action to foreclose the mortgage. New York law restricts the ability of the holder of a mortgage loan to simultaneously bring an action to recover the mortgage debt and foreclose the mortgage. For purposes of these restrictions, actions to recover the mortgage debt include actions against the party primarily liable on the mortgage debt, actions against any guarantor of the mortgage debt and actions on insurance policies insuring the mortgaged premises. If an election is made to commence an action to foreclose the mortgage, no other action on the mortgage debt may be commenced to recover any part of the mortgage debt without leave of court. If an election is made to commence an action on the mortgage debt, where final judgment has been rendered in such an action, an action may not be commenced to foreclose the mortgage unless the sheriff has been issued an execution against the property of the defendant, which has been returned wholly or partially unsatisfied. In addition, there is New York case law indicating that if an action is commenced on the mortgage debt where final judgment has not been rendered and a subsequent action is commenced to foreclose the mortgage, then the action on the mortgage debt must be stayed or discontinued to prevent the mortgagee from pursuing both actions simultaneously.

Where a foreclosure action is brought, every person having an estate or interest in possession or otherwise in the property whose interest is claimed to be subject and subordinate to the mortgage must be made a party defendant to the action in order to have its interest in the property extinguished. At least twenty (20) days before a final judgment directing a sale is rendered, the mortgagee must file, in the clerk's office for the county where the mortgaged property is located, a notice of the pendency of the action. Judicial foreclosure in New York is a lengthy process, as judicial intervention is required at all stages, including but not limited to (1) the appointment of a referee to compute the amount due, (2) the appointment of a receiver to operate the property during the pendency of the action, (3) the confirmation of the referee's oath and report, (4) the issuance of the judgment of foreclosure and sale, (5) the confirmation of the sale, and (6) the issuance of a deficiency judgment and/or rights to surplus monies. If during the pendency of the action the mortgagor pays into court the amount due for principal and interest and the costs of the action together with the expenses of the proceedings to sell, if any, the court will (i) dismiss the complaint without costs against the mortgagee if the payment is made before judgment directing the sale or (ii) stay all proceedings upon judgment if the payment is made after judgment directing sale but before sale.

Where the mortgage debt remains partly unsatisfied after the sale of the property, the court, upon application, may award the mortgagee a deficiency judgment for the unsatisfied portion of the mortgage debt, or as much thereof as the court may deem just and equitable, against a mortgagor who has appeared or has been personally served in the action. Prior to entering a deficiency judgment, the court determines the fair and reasonable market value of the mortgaged premises as of the date such premises were bid in at auction or such nearest earlier date as there shall have been any market value thereof. In calculating the deficiency judgment, the court will reduce the amount to which the mortgagee is entitled by the higher of the sale price of the mortgaged property and the fair market value of the mortgaged property as determined by the court.

The mortgagee may also, at its discretion, negotiate with the delinquent mortgagor to offer a deed in lieu of foreclosure to the mortgagee, where appropriate. In some situations this would allow the mortgagee to reduce the cost of, and the time involved in, acquiring the property.

The 2021 Mortgage Loans and the Mortgage Loans previously financed under the Program are non-recourse to the respective Mortgagors. Therefore, the Corporation may only have limited rights to pursue the enforcement of an action on the debt or seek a deficiency judgment post-foreclosure. Consequently, with respect to such Mortgage Loans, the above provisions relating to an action on the mortgage debt or seeking a deficiency judgement are not applicable.

For a description of provisions regarding enforcement and foreclosure of the Mortgage Loans under the General Resolution, see “Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Covenants with Respect to the Mortgage Loans.”

Bankruptcy. If a petition for relief under Federal bankruptcy law were filed voluntarily by a mortgagor, or involuntarily against a mortgagor by its creditors, the filing would operate as an automatic stay of the commencement or continuation of any judicial or other proceedings, including, without limitation, foreclosure proceedings, against such mortgagor and its property. If a bankruptcy court so ordered, the mortgagor’s property, including its revenues, could be used for the benefit of the mortgagor, despite the rights granted the mortgagee or a trustee. Certain provisions of the mortgage that make the initiation of bankruptcy and related proceedings by or against the mortgagor an event of default thereunder are not enforceable in the mortgagor’s bankruptcy proceeding.

In addition, if a bankruptcy court concludes that a mortgagee is “adequately protected,” it might (A) substitute other security for the property presently pledged and (B) subordinate the lien of the mortgagee or a trustee to (i) claims by persons supplying goods and services to the mortgagor after commencement of such bankruptcy proceedings, (ii) the administrative expenses of the bankruptcy proceedings and (iii) a lien granted a lender providing funds to the mortgagor during the pendency of the bankruptcy case.

In bankruptcy proceedings initiated by the filing of a petition under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code, a mortgagor or another party-in-interest could elect to file a plan of reorganization that seeks to modify the rights of creditors generally, or any class of creditors, including secured creditors. In the event a mortgagor files under Chapter 11, the mortgagor may seek to modify the terms of the mortgage note and the mortgage in a plan of reorganization. In a reorganization case, a mortgagee holds a secured claim equal to the lesser of the value of the mortgaged premises or the debt. If the adjusted value is less than the pre-petition debt, then the mortgagee is not entitled to post-petition interest and the deficiency will be treated as an unsecured claim. With respect to the mortgagee’s secured claim, if the debtor intends to retain the premises, the debtor will generally propose to treat the mortgage as unimpaired by curing any monetary defaults and reinstating the terms of the mortgage. Alternatively, the debtor may seek to alter the terms, however, the mortgagee is entitled to retain its lien under a plan and must receive deferred cash payments totaling the amount of the claim with a present value not less than the value of the mortgaged premises. If the premises are to be sold by the debtor, the mortgagee can bid at the bankruptcy court sale and offset its claim against the selling price at such sale.

Section 8 Assisted Developments with Low Inspection Ratings

Any Development subsidized through the Section 8 program which receives an unsatisfactory physical condition rating (including any Development subject to Section 8 Housing Quality Standards inspections conducted by NYCHA) may have its subsidy payments reduced, suspended or terminated. In the event such payments were reduced, suspended or terminated in respect of a Mortgage Loan subsidized by a HAP Contract, such reduced, suspended or terminated payments would not be available to pay debt service on such Mortgage Loan, which could result in a default on such Mortgage Loan.

THE CORPORATION

Purposes and Powers

The Corporation, which commenced operations in 1972, is a corporate governmental agency constituting a public benefit corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State, created for the purposes of providing, and encouraging the investment of private capital in, safe and sanitary dwelling

accommodations in The City of New York (the “City”) for families and persons of low income, which include families and persons whose need for housing accommodations cannot be provided by the ordinary operations of private enterprise, or in areas designated as blighted through the provision of low interest mortgage loans. Powers granted the Corporation under the Act include the power to issue bonds, notes and other obligations to obtain funds to carry out its corporate purposes, and to refund the same; to acquire, hold and dispose of real and personal property; to make mortgage loans to specified private entities; to purchase loans from lending institutions; to make loans insured or co-insured by the Federal government for new construction and rehabilitation of multiple dwellings; to make and to contract for the making of loans for the purpose of financing the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of multi-family housing accommodations; to acquire and to contract to acquire any Federally-guaranteed security evidencing indebtedness on a mortgage securing a loan; to acquire mortgages from the City, obtain Federal insurance thereon and either sell such insured mortgages or issue its obligations secured by said insured mortgages and to pay the net proceeds of such sale of mortgages or issuance of obligations to the City; and to do any and all things necessary or convenient to carry out its purposes. The Act further provides that the Corporation and its corporate existence shall continue at least so long as its bonds, including the Bonds, notes, or other obligations are outstanding.

The sale of the Bonds and the terms of such sale are subject to the approval of the Comptroller of the City. The Corporation is a “covered organization” as such term is defined in the New York State Financial Emergency Act for The City of New York, as amended, and the issuance of the Bonds is subject to the review of the New York State Financial Control Board for The City of New York.

Organization and Membership

The Corporation, pursuant to the Act, consists of the Commissioner of The City of New York Department of Housing Preservation and Development (“HPD”) (who is designated as Chairperson of the Corporation pursuant to the Act), the Commissioner of Finance of the City and the Director of Management and Budget of the City (such officials to serve ex-officio), and four (4) public members, two (2) appointed by the Mayor of the City (the “Mayor”) and two (2) appointed by the Governor of the State. The Act provides that the powers of the Corporation shall be vested in and exercised by not less than four (4) members. The Corporation may delegate to one or more of its members, officers, agents or employees such powers and duties as it deems proper.

Members

LOUISE CARROLL, Chairperson and Member ex-officio. Ms. Carroll, an attorney and member of the New York State Bar, was appointed Commissioner of HPD by Mayor Bill de Blasio, effective May 6, 2019. Prior to her appointment as Commissioner of HPD, Ms. Carroll was appointed Senior Vice President & General Counsel for the Corporation on September 26, 2018, effective October 29, 2018. Prior to joining the Corporation, Ms. Carroll held senior positions at HPD including Associate General Counsel, Assistant Commissioner and, most recently, Associate Commissioner for Housing Incentives. Prior to her work at HPD, Ms. Carroll served as an Associate Counsel at the New York City Conflicts of Interest Board and as a transactions attorney for the New York City Administration for Children’s Services. Prior to her public service career, Ms. Carroll was Chief Financial Officer for an international ship-owning and brokerage company. Ms. Carroll received a B.S. in Political Science and History from the University of Wales, an M.B.A. from the University of Leicester in the United Kingdom and a J.D. from Tulane Law School in New Orleans.

HARRY E. GOULD, JR., Vice Chairperson and Member, serving pursuant to law. From 1969 to May 2015, Mr. Gould served as Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of Gould Paper Corporation. He was Chairman and President of Cinema Group, Inc., a major independent film financing and production company, from 1982 to May 1986, and is currently Chairman and President of Signature Communications Ltd., a new company that is active in the same field as well as providing consulting services in M&A, “turnarounds,” manufacturing and distribution. Signature, through a wholly-owned subsidiary, acquired a majority shareholding on May 1, 2019 in Denmaur PaperMedia, the fourth largest paper distributor in the United Kingdom. Mr. Gould began his career in 1962 in the Corporate Finance Department of Goldman Sachs. From 1964-1969, he held senior operating positions at Universal American Corporation, an industrial conglomerate that merged with Gulf + Western Industries at the beginning of 1968. At the time of the merger, Universal American was ranked 354th on the Fortune 500 List, while Gulf + Western ranked in the top 75. He is a Life Member of the Executive Branch of the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences. He is a member of the Board of Directors of the Roundabout Theatre Organization and a member of the Board of Overseers at the Columbia Business School. He was a member of the Board of Directors of Domtar, Inc., North America’s largest and second largest global manufacturer of uncoated free sheet papers from 1995 to 2004. He was a member of the Board of Directors of the USO of Metropolitan New York from 1973 to 2004. He was a member of the Board of Trustees of the American Management Association from 1996 to 1999. Mr. Gould served as Special Counsel to the New York State Assembly, Committee on Cities from 1970 to 1976. He was a member of the New York State Governor’s Task Force for Cultural Life and the Arts from 1974 to 1975. Mr. Gould served as Treasurer of the New York State Democratic Committee from 1975 to 1976 as well as Vice-Chairman and Member of the Executive Committee of the Democratic National Finance Council from 1974 to 1980. He was a member of Colgate University’s Board of Trustees from 1976 to 1982. He was appointed Trustee Emeritus of Colgate University in 2012. He was appointed by President Johnson to serve on the Peace Corps Advisory Council from 1964 to 1968 and to serve as the U.S. representative to the U.N. East-West Trade Development Commission from 1967 to 1968. He was appointed by President Carter to serve as Vice Chairman of the U.S. President’s Export Council and was a member of the Executive Committee and Chairman of the Export Expansion Subcommittee from 1977 to 1980. He was a National Trustee of the National Symphony Orchestra, Washington, D.C., also serving as a member of its Executive Committee from 1977 to 1999. He was a member of the Board of United Cerebral Palsy Research and Educational Foundation, and the National Multiple Sclerosis Society of New York from 1972 to 1999. He was a Trustee of the Riverdale Country School from 1990 to 1999. Mr. Gould received his Bachelor of Arts degree from Colgate University with High Honors in English Literature. He began his M.B.A. studies at Harvard University and received his degree from Columbia Business School.

JACQUES JIHA, Member ex-officio. Mr. Jacques Jiha Ph.D. was appointed New York City Budget Director effective in November, 2020. Prior to the appointment, Mr. Jiha was the Commissioner of New York City’s Department of Finance. Prior to becoming Commissioner, Mr. Jiha was the Executive Vice President / Chief Operating Officer & Chief Financial Officer of Earl G. Graves, Ltd., a multi-media company with properties in print, digital media, television, events and the Internet. He has also served on a number of government and not-for-profit boards including the Ronald McDonald House of New York, Public Health Solutions, the Investment Advisory Committee of the New York Common Retirement Fund and as Secretary of the board of the New York State Dormitory Authority. Previous positions include Deputy Comptroller for Pension Investment and

Public Finance in the Office of the New York State Comptroller, where he managed the assets of the New York State Common Retirement Fund – then the nation’s second-largest pension fund valued at \$120 billion. Prior to his appointment, he worked for the New York City Office of the Comptroller first as Chief Economist and later as Deputy Comptroller for Budget, with oversight responsibilities over the city’s operating budget and four-year capital plan. Mr. Jiha also served as Executive Director of the Legislative Tax Study Commission of New York State and as Principal Economist for the New York State Assembly Committee on Ways and Means. He holds a Ph.D. and a Master’s degree in Economics from the New School for Social Research and a Bachelor’s degree in Economics from Fordham University.

SHERIF SOLIMAN, Member ex-officio. Mr. Sherif Soliman was appointed Commissioner for the New York City Department of Finance on December 30, 2020. Prior to the appointment, Mr. Soliman served as Chief of Staff for the Office of the Deputy Mayor for Operations, where he oversaw the functions of over 20 agencies and offices, including the Department of Finance and the Mayor’s Office of Pensions and Investments. Mr. Soliman previously served as Senior Advisor to the First Deputy Mayor where he managed a portfolio consisting of tax, labor and pension policy and the Metropolitan Transportation Authority. Previously, Mr. Soliman served as Director of State Legislative Affairs for Mayor De Blasio, where he was the Administration’s chief representative in Albany. His previous positions include Director of Communications at the New York City Employees’ Retirement System, legislative representative in the Mayor’s Office of State Legislative Affairs, and as Chief of Staff for former Assemblyman Eric N. Vitaliano, Chair of the Assembly Governmental Employees Committee. Mr. Soliman holds a bachelor’s degree in Political Science from the State University of New York College at Oneonta.

KYLE KIMBALL, Member, serving pursuant to law. Mr. Kimball is vice president of Government Relations for Consolidated Edison. He joined Con Edison in June 2015. In 2013, Mr. Kimball was appointed president of the New York City Economic Development Corporation (NYCEDC) by Mayor Michael Bloomberg, and was later reappointed by Mayor Bill de Blasio. In that position, he oversaw billions of dollars in capital infrastructure investments and implemented several commercial and housing real estate development projects in the City. Prior to joining NYCEDC, Mr. Kimball worked at Goldman, Sachs & Co. as vice president in the Americas Financing Group, and at J.P. Morgan, also as a vice president, in corporate capital markets. Mr. Kimball received an undergraduate degree from Harvard University 1995. He also received a master’s degree in Public Policy from Harvard’s John F. Kennedy School of Government in 1998.

CHARLES G. MOERDLER, Member, serving pursuant to law. Mr. Moerdler is a partner in the law firm of Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP. Prior to joining his law firm in 1967, Mr. Moerdler was Commissioner of Buildings for The City of New York from 1966 to 1967, and previously worked with the law firm of Cravath, Swaine & Moore. Mr. Moerdler has served as a member of the Committee on Character and Fitness of Applicants to the Bar of the State of New York, Appellate Division, First Department since 1977 and as a member of the Mayor’s Committee on Judiciary since 1994. He has also served on the Editorial Board of the New York Law Journal since 1986. Mr. Moerdler held a number of public service positions, including Chairman of The New York State Insurance Fund from 1995 to March 1997, Commissioner and Vice Chairman of The New York State Insurance Fund from 1978 to 1994, Consultant to the Mayor of The City of New York on Housing, Urban Development and Real Estate from 1967 to 1973, Member of the Advisory Board on Fair Campaign Practices, New York State Board of Elections in 1974, Member of the

New York City Air Pollution Control Board from 1966 to 1967 and Special Counsel to the New York State Assembly, Committee on Judiciary in 1961 and Committee on The City of New York in 1960. Mr. Moerdler also serves as a Trustee of St. Barnabas Hospital and served on the Board of Overseers of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America. He served as a Trustee of Long Island University from 1985 to 1991 and on the Advisory Board of the School of International Affairs, Columbia University from 1976 to 1979. Mr. Moerdler is a graduate of Long Island University and Fordham Law School, where he was an Associate Editor of the Fordham Law Review.

DENISE SCOTT, Member, serving pursuant to law. Ms. Scott is Managing Director of the Local Initiatives Support Corporation's New York City program (LISC NYC) since 2001. During her tenure, LISC NYC has invested in the development of over 10,000 units of affordable housing. Ms. Scott served as a White House appointee to the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) from 1998 to January 2001 responsible for daily operations of HUD's six New York/New Jersey regional offices. She was the Managing Director/Coordinator responsible for launching the Upper Manhattan Empowerment Zone Development Corporation. Ms. Scott served as the Assistant Vice President of the New York City Urban Coalition after serving as Deputy Director of the New York City Mayor's Office of Housing Coordination from 1990-1992. She held several positions at HPD ultimately serving as the Director of its Harlem preservation office. Ms. Scott serves on the U.S. Department of Treasury's Office of Thrift Supervision Minority Depository Institutions Advisory Committee and also serves on several boards including the National Equity Fund, Supportive Housing Network of New York, Citizens Housing and Planning Council, Neighborhood Restore / Restored Homes and the New York Housing Conference. Ms. Scott has a MS in Urban Planning from Columbia University and has taught at its Graduate School of Architecture, Planning and Preservation as a Visiting Assistant Professor.

Principal Officers

LOUISE CARROLL, Chairperson.

HARRY E. GOULD, JR., Vice Chairperson.

ERIC ENDERLIN, President. Mr. Enderlin was appointed President of the Corporation on September 22, 2016, effective October 12, 2016. Prior to joining the Corporation, he served as Deputy Commissioner for Development and Special Advisor at the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development (HPD), overseeing divisions including New Construction Finance, Preservation Finance, Housing Incentives, Property Disposition and Finance, Special Needs Housing, Building and Land Development Services, Storm Recovery, and Credit and Underwriting. Prior to his tenure at HPD, Mr. Enderlin was Assistant Director for Asset Management and Private Market Operations at the New York City Housing Authority (NYCHA), worked as a consultant with the Louis Berger Group in its Economics Department, and served as Principal Planner and land use mediator with the New Jersey Council on Affordable Housing (NJ COAH). Mr. Enderlin holds a Bachelor of Arts in Economics and a Master of Science in Urban Planning and Policy, both from Rutgers University.

RUTH MOREIRA, Acting First Executive Vice President. Ms. Moreira was appointed Acting First Executive Vice President of the Corporation on November 5, 2021, Executive Vice President for Development on October 5, 2021 and Senior Vice President for Development

on May 30, 2019. Prior to such appointments, Ms. Moreira held the position of Vice President for Development when she rejoined the Corporation in 2016. Between 2014 and 2016, Ms. Moreira held the position of Vice President of Acquisitions at Hudson Housing Capital LLC, a low income housing tax credit syndicator, underwriting and originating tax credit transactions. Ms. Moreira first joined the Corporation in 2000 as an Investment Analyst and then as Assistant Vice President for Cash Management. In 2008, Ms. Moreira transferred to the Development group, as a project manager underwriting transactions and was then promoted to Assistant Vice President in 2011. Ms. Moreira holds a B.A. in Economics from Upsala College.

CATHLEEN A. BAUMANN, Executive Vice President and Treasurer. Ms. Baumann was appointed Executive Vice President on October 5, 2021, Senior Vice President on August 8, 2012 and Treasurer by the President on July 20, 2009. Prior to such appointments, she held the position of Deputy CFO since September 2004. Ms. Baumann joined the Corporation in 1988 as an Accountant. She has also held the positions of Senior Accountant and Internal Auditor and Vice President of Internal Audit. Ms. Baumann received her bachelor's degree with majors in Accounting and Economics from Queens College of the City University of New York and her MBA in Finance from Baruch College's Zicklin School of Business of the City University of New York.

ELLEN K. DUFFY, Executive Vice President for Debt Issuance and Finance. Ms. Duffy was appointed Executive Vice President for Debt Issuance and Finance on October 5, 2021 and Senior Vice President for Debt Issuance and Finance on September 15, 2009, effective September 21, 2009. Prior to joining the Corporation, Ms. Duffy was a principal of the housing finance group at Bank of America Securities ("BAS"). At BAS, Ms. Duffy focused on quantitative structuring of transactions and cash flow analysis for state and local housing issuers. Ms. Duffy previously held positions in the housing areas of the public finance groups at CS First Boston, First Union Securities and Citicorp Investment Bank. Ms. Duffy holds a B.A. in Economics from Providence College.

TERESA GIGLIELLO, Executive Vice President for Asset Management. Ms. Gigliello was appointed Executive Vice President for Asset Management on October 5, 2021 and Senior Vice President of Portfolio Management on August 3, 1998. Prior to such appointments, Ms. Gigliello held the position of Director of Audit. She began her career with the Corporation in 1985 as an accountant and served as the Corporation's Internal Auditor from 1986 until her appointment as Director of Audit in 1995. Ms. Gigliello received a Bachelor of Science degree from St. John's University.

SUSANNAH LIPSYTE, Executive Vice President and General Counsel. Ms. Lipsyte was appointed Executive Vice President on October 5, 2021 and Senior Vice President and General Counsel on September 26, 2019. Prior to such appointments, Ms. Lipsyte had been Deputy General Counsel since August 1, 2015 and Secretary of the Corporation since October 7, 2015. Ms. Lipsyte, an attorney and member of the New York State Bar, joined the Corporation in 2006 as an Assistant General Counsel and was promoted to Associate General Counsel in 2009. Before joining the Corporation, Ms. Lipsyte was a public finance associate at Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP. Ms. Lipsyte received her B.A. degree from Yale University and her J.D. from Georgetown University Law Center.

MOIRA SKEADOS, Senior Vice President, Deputy General Counsel and Secretary. Ms. Skeados, an attorney and member of the New York State Bar, was appointed Senior Vice President on October 5, 2021 and became Deputy General Counsel and Secretary on September 26,

2019. Prior to such appointments, she was an Associate General Counsel. Ms. Skeados joined the Corporation in 2011 as an Assistant General Counsel and was appointed Assistant Secretary of the Corporation on October 7, 2015. Before becoming an Assistant General Counsel, Ms. Skeados was a New York City HPD-HDC Housing Fellow from 2009 to 2011. Ms. Skeados received her B.A. degree from Trinity College and her J.D. from Brooklyn Law School.

MARY JOHN, Senior Vice President and Controller. Ms. John was appointed Senior Vice President on October 5, 2021. Prior to such appointment, she held the position of Vice President and Controller. Ms. John joined the Corporation in 1986 as a staff Accountant. She has also held the positions of Senior Accountant, Chief Accountant, and Deputy Controller. Ms. John received her bachelor's degree in Accounting from Baruch College of the City University of New York.

ALEX MEDINA, Senior Vice President for Asset Management. Mr. Medina was appointed Senior Vice President for Asset Management on October 5, 2021. Mr. Medina first joined the Corporation as an Asset Manager in 2007 and most recently held the position of Vice President of Compliance. Mr. Medina holds a B.A. in Communications from New York University.

ELIZABETH STROJAN, Senior Vice President for Administration and External Affairs and Chief of Staff. Ms. Strojan was appointed Senior Vice President for Administration and External Affairs and Chief of Staff on October 5, 2021. Prior to such appointment, she was Chief of Staff & Director of Strategic Initiatives within the President's Office where she led the Corporation's Strategic Initiatives, overseeing Communications, Government Affairs, Policy & Analytics, and Human Resources, and worked on agency-wide and interagency priorities. Ms. Strojan joined the Corporation in 2017 to advise the Corporation and HPD on government affairs. Ms. Strojan holds a dual master's degree in Economics and International Political Economy and Development from Fordham University and a bachelor's degree in Political Science from Centre College.

Certain Financial Information of the Corporation

The following is a summary of certain financial information of the Corporation. The Corporation's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and are contained in Appendix C hereto.

The Corporation's financial statements present information related to the Corporation's activities, which include tax-exempt and taxable debt issuances and the making of loans with the proceeds of such debt along with other monies of the Corporation. The Corporation is also financially self-supporting and from time to time lends its own internally generated funds to further its Corporation purposes.

The Corporation is rated "AA" by S&P and "Aa2" by Moody's.

In Fiscal Year 2020, after excluding the excess of assets over liabilities that is restricted in use by bond resolutions, contractual obligations or State law, the Corporation's unrestricted net position was approximately \$717,055,000. Of that amount, the Corporation has voluntarily set aside approximately \$463,456,000 for existing and future mortgages and other loans and approximately \$192,974,000 for reserves to support the Corporation's ratings and to provide additional support to the REMIC Insurance program beyond required reserves. The Corporation treated approximately \$25,531,000 as working capital.

In addition, as of October 31, 2020, the Corporation reserved approximately \$34,091,000 of its unrestricted net position for financial guarantees, including an \$8,135,000 financial guaranty reserve under the FHA Risk-Sharing Program, a \$10,956,000 financial guaranty reserve for the NYCHA Tax Credit transaction, and a \$15,000,000 guaranty reserve related to the Co-op City Mitchell-Lama cooperative housing development. See Note 17: Financial Guaranties in Appendix C to this Official Statement for further information about the guarantee programs.

In addition, the Corporation has entered into agreements to provide funds in the event of debt service reserve shortfalls related to certain of its bonds, which constitute general obligations of the Corporation. The Corporation entered into one or more Debt Service Reserve Account Funding Agreements in connection with the issuance of its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2018 Series B-1 and 2018 Series B-2 and its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series B-1 and 2014 Series B-2. The aggregate payment obligation of the Corporation under these agreements is, as of October 31, 2020, approximately \$11,386,000.

The Corporation has also entered into certain interest rate exchange agreements (“Interest Rate Exchange Agreements”) to manage its exposure to variable interest rate risk in connection with certain of its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds. As of October 31, 2020, the notional amount of the Interest Rate Agreements was \$870,957,000. See Note 9: Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources in Appendix C to this Official Statement for further information about the Corporation’s Interest Rate Exchange Agreements (including the fair value of such agreements as of October 31, 2020).

[As described in the Corporation’s audited financial statements, the Corporation maintains a balance in a reserve account at a level periodically set by the Corporation (currently \$140,000,000) that may be used to support the general obligations of the Corporation (including, but not limited to, obligations under the HDC Loan Funding Agreements). Such amounts are not pledged to the General Resolution and the Corporation has no obligation to use such amounts to pay debt service on, or other costs related to, the Bonds.]

Subsequent to October 31, 2020, the Corporation entered into an agreement with Fannie Mae to reimburse Fannie Mae for any loss, up to a maximum amount equal to ten percent (10%) of the sum of the outstanding principal of a Mortgage Loan in connection with the Corporation’s Housing Impact Bonds, 2020 Series C and D (initially \$28,906,500) and interest and enforcement costs, realized by Fannie Mae with respect to reimbursement of such advances. The Corporation’s obligations under such agreement are general obligations of the Corporation, with provision for collateralization in certain events. In addition, in connection with the financing of the 2021 Mortgage Loans, the Corporation will enter into the HDC 2021 Loan Funding Agreement with respect to the HDC-Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan, as described in “THE PROGRAM—General” and “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Supplemental Security—HDC 2021 Loan Funding Agreement.” The Corporation’s obligations under such agreement are general obligations of the Corporation.

Potential Legislative and Regulatory Actions

From time to time, legislation is introduced on the Federal and State levels which, if enacted into law, could affect the Corporation, its operations or its bonds. The Corporation is not able to represent whether such bills will be introduced in the future or become law. In addition, the State undertakes periodic studies of public authorities in the State (including the Corporation) and their financing programs. Any of such periodic studies could result in proposed legislation which, if adopted, could affect the Corporation, its operations and its bonds. See “AGREEMENT OF STATE” herein.

BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM

As of the date hereof, the following Series of Bonds are Outstanding under the Program.

Series Designation	Original Par Amount	Outstanding Par Amount	Date of Issue
2020 Series A	\$296,380,000	\$296,380,000	February 12, 2020
2020 Series B	78,620,000	78,620,000	February 12, 2020
2020 Series C	257,535,000	257,535,000	November 30, 2020
2020 Series D	<u>31,530,000</u>	<u>31,530,000</u>	November 30, 2020
TOTAL	\$664,065,000	\$664,065,000	

None of the Bonds Outstanding are Subordinate Bonds.

NO LITIGATION

At the time of delivery and payment for the 2021 Bonds, the Corporation will deliver, or cause to be delivered, a Certificate of the Corporation substantially to the effect that there is no litigation or other proceeding of any nature now pending or threatened against or adversely affecting the Corporation of which the Corporation has notice or, to the Corporation's knowledge, any basis therefor, seeking to restrain or enjoin the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the 2021 Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the 2021 Bonds, the Resolutions, the Disclosure Agreement (as defined below), any investment agreement related to the 2021 Bonds or any proceedings of the Corporation taken with respect to the issuance or sale of the 2021 Bonds, or the financing of the 2021 Mortgage Loans, or the redemption of any outstanding bonds resulting directly or indirectly from the issuance of the 2021 Bonds, or the pledge, collection or application of any monies or security provided for the payment of the 2021 Bonds, or the existence, powers or operations of the Corporation, or contesting in any material respect the completeness or accuracy of the Official Statement or any supplement or amendment thereto, if any.

TAX MATTERS

Opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation

In the opinion of Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Bond Counsel to the Corporation ("Bond Counsel"), based on an analysis of existing laws, regulations, rulings and court decisions, and assuming, among other matters, the accuracy of certain representations and compliance with certain covenants, interest on the 2021 Bonds (the "Tax-Exempt Bonds") is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Code, except that no opinion is expressed as to the status of interest on any Tax-Exempt Bond for any period that such Tax-Exempt Bond is held by a "substantial user" of the facilities financed by the Tax-Exempt Bonds or by a "related person" within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code. In the further opinion of Bond Counsel, interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds is not a specific preference item for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax. Bond Counsel is also of the opinion that interest on the 2021 Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York and any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York). A complete copy of the proposed form of opinion of Bond Counsel is set forth in Appendix D hereto.

Tax-Exempt Bonds

To the extent the issue price of any maturity of the Tax-Exempt Bonds is less than the amount to be paid at maturity of such Tax-Exempt Bonds (excluding amounts stated to be interest and payable at least annually over the term of such Tax-Exempt Bonds), the difference constitutes "original issue discount," the accrual of which, to the extent properly allocable to each beneficial owner thereof, is treated as interest on

the Tax-Exempt Bonds which is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. For this purpose, the issue price of a particular maturity of the Tax-Exempt Bonds is the first price at which a substantial amount of such maturity of the Tax-Exempt Bonds is sold to the public (excluding bond houses, brokers, or similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters, placement agents or wholesalers). The original issue discount with respect to any maturity of the Tax-Exempt Bonds accrues daily over the term to maturity of such Tax-Exempt Bonds on the basis of a constant interest rate compounded semiannually (with straight-line interpolations between compounding dates). The accruing original issue discount is added to the adjusted basis of such Tax-Exempt Bonds to determine taxable gain or loss upon disposition (including sale, redemption, or payment on maturity) of such Tax-Exempt Bonds. Beneficial owners of the Tax-Exempt Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the tax consequences of ownership of Tax-Exempt Bonds with original issue discount, including the treatment of beneficial owners who do not purchase such Tax-Exempt Bonds in the original offering to the public at the first price at which a substantial amount of such Tax-Exempt Bonds is sold to the public.

Tax-Exempt Bonds purchased, whether at original issuance or otherwise, for an amount higher than their principal amount payable at maturity (or, in some cases, at their earlier call date) (“Premium Tax-Exempt Bonds”) will be treated as having amortizable bond premium. No deduction is allowable for the amortizable bond premium in the case of bonds, like the Premium Tax-Exempt Bonds, the interest on which is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. However, the amount of tax-exempt interest received, and a beneficial owner’s basis in a Premium Tax-Exempt Bond, will be reduced by the amount of amortizable bond premium properly allocable to such beneficial owner. Beneficial owners of Premium Tax-Exempt Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the proper treatment of amortizable bond premium in their particular circumstances.

The Code imposes various restrictions, conditions and requirements relating to the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest on obligations such as the Tax-Exempt Bonds. The Corporation and the 2021 Borrower have made certain representations and covenanted to comply with certain restrictions, conditions and requirements designed to ensure that interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds will not be included in federal gross income. Inaccuracy of these representations or failure to comply with these covenants may result in interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds being included in gross income for federal income tax purposes, possibly from the date of original issuance of the Tax-Exempt Bonds. The opinion of Bond Counsel assumes the accuracy of these representations and compliance with these covenants. Bond Counsel has not undertaken to determine (or to inform any person) whether any actions taken (or not taken), or events occurring (or not occurring), or any other matters coming to Bond Counsel’s attention after the date of issuance of the Tax-Exempt Bonds may adversely affect the value of, or the tax status of interest on, the Tax-Exempt Bonds. Accordingly, the opinion of Bond Counsel is not intended to, and may not, be relied upon in connection with any such actions, events or matters.

Although Bond Counsel is of the opinion that interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, the ownership or disposition of, or the accrual or receipt of interest on, the Tax-Exempt Bonds may otherwise affect a Beneficial Owner’s federal, state or local tax liability. The nature and extent of these other tax consequences depends upon the particular tax status of the Beneficial Owner or the Beneficial Owner’s other items of income or deduction. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any such other tax consequences.

Current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, clarification of the Code or court decisions may cause interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, to federal income taxation or to be subject to or exempted from state income taxation, or otherwise prevent Beneficial Owners from realizing the full current benefit of the tax status of such interest. The introduction or enactment of any such legislative proposals or clarification of the Code or court decisions may also affect, perhaps significantly, the market price for, or marketability of, the Tax-Exempt Bonds.

Prospective purchasers of the Tax-Exempt Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding the potential impact of any pending or proposed federal or state tax legislation, regulations or litigation, as to which Bond Counsel is expected to express no opinion.

The opinion of Bond Counsel is based on current legal authority, covers certain matters not directly addressed by such authorities, and represents Bond Counsel's judgment as to the proper treatment of the Tax-Exempt Bonds for federal income tax purposes. It is not binding on the IRS or the courts. Furthermore, Bond Counsel cannot give and has not given any opinion or assurance about the future activities of the Corporation or the 2021 Borrower or about the effect of future changes in the Code, the applicable regulations, the interpretation thereof or the enforcement thereof by the IRS. The Corporation and the 2021 Borrower covenanted, however, to comply with the requirements of the Code.

Bond Counsel's engagement with respect to the Tax-Exempt Bonds ends with the issuance of the Tax-Exempt Bonds, and, unless separately engaged, Bond Counsel is not obligated to defend the Corporation, the 2021 Borrower or the beneficial owners of the Tax-Exempt Bonds regarding the tax-exempt status of the Tax-Exempt Bonds in the event of an audit examination by the IRS. Under current procedures, parties other than the Corporation, the 2021 Borrower and their appointed counsel, including the beneficial owners of the Tax-Exempt Bonds, would have little, if any, right to participate in the audit examination process. Moreover, because achieving judicial review in connection with an audit examination of Tax-Exempt Bonds is difficult, obtaining an independent review of IRS positions with which the Corporation or the 2021 Borrower legitimately disagrees may not be practicable. Any action of the IRS, including but not limited to selection of the Tax-Exempt Bonds for audit, or the course or result of such audit, or an audit of bonds presenting similar tax issues may affect the market price for, or the marketability of, the Tax-Exempt Bonds, and may cause the Corporation, the 2021 Borrower or the beneficial owners of the Tax-Exempt Bonds to incur significant expense.

AGREEMENT OF THE STATE

Section 657 of the Act provides that the State pledges to and agrees with the holders of obligations of the Corporation, including owners of the Bonds, that it will not limit or alter the rights vested by the Act in the Corporation to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with the owners of the Bonds, or in any way impair the rights and remedies of such owners until the Bonds, together with the interest thereon, with interest on any unpaid installments of interest, and all costs and expenses in connection with any action or proceeding by or on behalf of such owners of the Bonds, are fully met and discharged.

LEGALITY OF THE BONDS FOR INVESTMENT AND DEPOSIT

Under the provisions of Section 662 of the Act, the Bonds are securities in which all public officers and bodies of the State of New York and all municipalities and municipal subdivisions, all insurance companies and associations and other persons carrying on an insurance business, all banks, bankers, trust companies, savings banks and savings associations, including savings and loan associations, building and loan associations, investment companies and other persons carrying on a banking business, all administrators, guardians, executors, trustees and other fiduciaries, and all other persons whatsoever who are now or may hereafter be authorized to invest in bonds or in other obligations of the State, may properly and legally invest funds, including capital, in their control or belonging to them. The Bonds are also securities which may be deposited with and may be received by all public officers and bodies of the State and all municipalities and public corporations for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds or other obligations of the State is now or hereafter authorized.

UNDERWRITING

BofA Securities, Inc., as senior manager, and the co-senior managing underwriter and co-managing underwriters listed on the inside cover page, have jointly and severally agreed, subject to certain conditions, to purchase the 2021 Bonds from the Corporation at an aggregate purchase price of \$[_____], and to make a public offering of the 2021 Bonds at prices that are not in excess of the public offering prices stated on the inside cover page of this Official Statement. Such Underwriters will be obligated to purchase all of the 2021 Bonds if any are purchased. The 2021 Bonds may be offered and sold to certain dealers at prices lower than such public offering price, and such public offering price may be changed, from time to time, by such Underwriters. Such Underwriters will receive an underwriting fee in the amount of \$[_____], which amount includes expenses for such underwriting.

This paragraph has been supplied by BofA Securities, Inc.: BofA Securities, Inc., an Underwriter of the 2021 Bonds, has entered into a distribution agreement with its affiliate Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated (“MLPF&S”). As part of this arrangement, BofA Securities, Inc. may distribute securities to MLPF&S, which may in turn distribute such securities to investors through the financial advisor network of MLPF&S. As part of this arrangement, BofA Securities, Inc. may compensate MLPF&S as a dealer for their selling efforts with respect to the 2021 Bonds.

This paragraph has been supplied by Citigroup Global Markets Inc.: Citigroup Global Markets Inc., an Underwriter of the 2021 Bonds, has entered into a retail distribution agreement with Fidelity Capital Markets, a division of National Financial Services LLC (together with its affiliates, “Fidelity”). Under this distribution agreement, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. may distribute municipal securities to retail investors at the original issue price through Fidelity. As part of this arrangement, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. will compensate Fidelity for its selling efforts.

This paragraph has been supplied by Jefferies LLC: Jefferies LLC (“Jefferies”) has entered into a distribution agreement with InspereX LLC (“InspereX”) for the retail distribution of municipal securities. Pursuant to the agreement, if Jefferies sells the 2021 Bonds to InspereX, it will share a portion of its selling concession compensation with InspereX.

This paragraph has been supplied by J.P. Morgan Securities LLC: J.P. Morgan Securities LLC (“JPMS”), one of the Underwriters of the 2021 Bonds, has entered into negotiated dealer agreements (each, a “Dealer Agreement”) with each of Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. (“CS&Co.”) and LPL Financial LLC (“LPL”) for the retail distribution of certain securities offerings at the original issue prices. Pursuant to each Dealer Agreement, each of CS&Co. and LPL may purchase 2021 Bonds from JPMS at the original issue price less a negotiated portion of the selling concession applicable to any 2021 Bonds that such firm sells.

This paragraph has been supplied by Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC: Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, an underwriter of the 2021 Bonds, has entered into a retail distribution arrangement with its affiliate Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC. As part of the distribution arrangement, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC may distribute municipal securities to retail investors through the financial advisor network of Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC. As part of this arrangement, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC may compensate Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC for its selling efforts with respect to the 2021 Bonds.

The following two paragraphs have been supplied by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association: Wells Fargo Corporate & Investment Banking (which may be referred to elsewhere as “CIB,” “Wells Fargo Securities” or “WFS”) are the trade names used for the corporate banking, capital markets and investment banking services of Wells Fargo & Company and its subsidiaries, including Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (“WFBNA”), a member of the National Futures Association, which conducts its municipal

securities sales, trading and underwriting operations through the Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. Municipal Finance Group, a separately identifiable department of WFBNA, registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as a municipal securities dealer pursuant to Section 15B(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

WFBNA, acting through its Municipal Finance Group, one of the underwriters of the 2021 Bonds, has entered into an agreement (the “WFA Distribution Agreement”) with its affiliate, Wells Fargo Clearing Services, LLC (which uses the trade name “Wells Fargo Advisors”) (“WFA”), for the distribution of certain municipal securities offerings, including the 2021 Bonds. Pursuant to the WFA Distribution Agreement, WFBNA will share a portion of its underwriting or remarketing agent compensation, as applicable, with respect to the 2021 Bonds with WFA. WFBNA has also entered into an agreement (the “WFSLLC Distribution Agreement”) with its affiliate Wells Fargo Securities, LLC (“WFSLLC”), for the distribution of municipal securities offerings, including the 2021 Bonds. Pursuant to the WFSLLC Distribution Agreement, WFBNA pays a portion of WFSLLC’s expenses based on its municipal securities transactions. WFBNA, WFSLLC, and WFA are each wholly-owned subsidiaries of Wells Fargo & Company.

The following three paragraphs have been provided by the Underwriters.

The Underwriters and their respective affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include securities trading, commercial and investment banking, financial advisory, investment management, principal investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities and mortgage loan servicing. Certain of the Underwriters and their respective affiliates have, from time to time, performed, and may in the future perform, various financial services and investment banking services for the Corporation, for which they received or will receive customary fees and expenses.

In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the Underwriters and their respective affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities, which may include credit default swaps) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers and may at any time hold long and short positions in such securities and instruments. Such investment and securities activities may involve securities and instruments of the Corporation.

The Underwriters and their respective affiliates may also communicate independent investment recommendations, market color or trading ideas and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such assets, securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they should acquire, long and/or short positions in such assets, securities and instruments.

RATING

Moody’s Investors Service, Inc. has assigned the 2021 Bonds a rating of “[Aa2].” Such rating reflects only the views of such rating agency, and an explanation of the significance of such rating may be obtained from such rating agency. There is no assurance that such rating will be retained for any given period of time or that the same will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by such rating agency if, in its judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the 2021 Bonds.

CERTAIN LEGAL MATTERS

All legal matters incident to the authorization, issuance, sale and delivery of the 2021 Bonds by the Corporation are subject to the approval of Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, New York, New York, Bond Counsel to the Corporation. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Corporation by its General

Counsel. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Underwriters by their Counsel, Tiber Hudson LLC, Washington, DC. Certain legal matters related to the 2021 Bonds will be passed upon for the Corporation by Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, New York, New York, Disclosure Counsel to the Corporation.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Corporation for the year ended October 31, 2020, which are included as Appendix C to this Official Statement, have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, as stated in their report appearing therein. Ernst & Young LLP, the Corporation's auditor, has not been engaged to perform and has not performed, since the date of such report, any procedures on the financial statements addressed in such report. Ernst & Young LLP also has not performed any procedures relating to this Official Statement.

The information contained in such financial statements, which are provided for informational purposes only, should not be used in any way to modify the description of the security for the Bonds contained herein. The assets of the Corporation, other than those pledged pursuant to the General Resolution, are not pledged to Bond owners and (except as provided in the HDC Loan Funding Agreements) are not available to Bond owners.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In order to assist the Underwriters in complying with the provisions of paragraph (b)(5) of Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Rule 15c2-12"), the Corporation and the Trustee will enter into a written agreement for the benefit of the holders of the 2021 Bonds (the "Disclosure Agreement") to provide continuing disclosure.

The Corporation will undertake in the Disclosure Agreement to provide to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"), on an annual basis on or before 150 days after the end of each fiscal year of the Corporation commencing with the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 certain financial information and operating data, referred to herein as "Corporation Annual Information," including, but not limited to annual financial statements of the Corporation. The Corporation will further undertake to use its best efforts to provide to the MSRB, on an annual basis on or before 180 days after the end of each fiscal year of any Mortgagor whose payment obligations due under its Mortgage Note equals or exceeds twenty percent (20%) of the aggregate payment obligations due under all outstanding Mortgage Notes (a "Major Obligated Mortgagor"), which at the time of issuance of the 2021 Bonds will be the Mortgagors of all of the Mortgage Loans previously financed under the Program (Brooklyn Housing Preservation L.P., Williamsburg Housing Preservation L.P. and PACT Renaissance Collaborative LLC), commencing with their fiscal year ending December 31, 2021, certain financial information and operating data, referred to herein as "Mortgagor Annual Information," including, but not limited to, annual financial statements of such Major Obligated Mortgagor. In addition, the Corporation will undertake in the Disclosure Agreement, for the benefit of the holders of the 2021 Bonds, to provide to the MSRB, in a timely manner (not in excess of ten (10) Business Days after the occurrence of the event), the notices required to be provided by Rule 15c2-12 and described below.

The Corporation Annual Information shall consist of the following: (a) financial information and operating data of the Corporation prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; provided, however, that if audited financial statements are not available in accordance with the dates described above, unaudited financial statements

shall be provided and such audited financial statements shall be delivered to the MSRB when they become available; (b) statements or tables setting forth the following financial information and operating data: the amounts on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account and the Bond Proceeds Account, the principal amount of Bonds of each Series Outstanding, the outstanding principal balance, name of the financed Development and type of any Supplemental Security with respect to each Mortgage Loan, and the notional amount of any Qualified Hedge; and (c) the information regarding amendments to the Disclosure Agreement required pursuant thereto, together with (d) such narrative explanation as may be necessary to avoid misunderstanding and to assist the reader in understanding the presentation of financial information and operating data concerning the Corporation and in judging the financial information about the Corporation.

The Mortgagor Annual Information shall consist of the following: (a) annual financial statements of the Major Obligated Mortgagor, prepared in accordance with GAAP and audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants in accordance with GAAS if so required by the applicable Mortgage; provided, however, that if audited financial statements are required but not available in accordance with the dates described above, unaudited financial statements shall be provided and such audited financial statements shall be delivered to the MSRB when they become available; (b) occupancy levels for such Major Obligated Mortgagor's Project; and (c) outstanding indebtedness of such Major Obligated Mortgagor.

The notices required to be provided by Rule 15c2-12, which the Corporation will undertake to provide as described above, include notices of any of the following events with respect to the 2021 Bonds: (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) nonpayment related defaults, if material; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the 2021 Bonds or other material events affecting the tax status of the 2021 Bonds; (7) modification to the rights of holders of 2021 Bonds, if material; (8) 2021 Bond calls, if material, and tender offers; (9) defeasances of all or a portion of the 2021 Bonds; (10) the release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the 2021 Bonds, if material; (11) rating changes; (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar events of the Corporation or a Major Obligated Mortgagor; (13) the consummation of a merger, consolidation or acquisition involving the Corporation or a Major Obligated Mortgagor or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Corporation or a Major Obligated Mortgagor, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material; (15) the incurrence of a Financial Obligation (as defined below) of the Corporation or a Major Obligated Mortgagor, if material, or agreement as to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the Corporation or a Major Obligated Mortgagor, any of which affect holders of the 2021 Bonds, if material; and (16) a default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of the Corporation or a Major Obligated Mortgagor, any of which reflect financial difficulties; and to the MSRB, in a timely manner, notice of a failure by the Corporation to provide the Corporation Annual Information or the Mortgagor Annual Information required by the Disclosure Agreement. "Financial Obligation" (i) means a: (A) debt obligation; (B) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (C) guarantee of (A) or (B), but (ii) shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement has been provided to the MSRB consistent with Rule 15c2-12.

If any party to the Disclosure Agreement fails to comply with any provisions thereof, then the other party to the Disclosure Agreement and, as a direct or third party beneficiary, as the case may be, any holder of the 2021 Bonds may enforce, for the equal benefit and protection of all holders similarly situated, by mandamus or other suit or proceeding at law or in equity, the Disclosure Agreement against such party and any of its officers, agents and employees, and may compel such party or any such officers, agents or employees to perform and carry out their duties thereunder; provided that the sole and exclusive remedy for breach or default under the Disclosure Agreement to provide the continuing disclosure described above is an action to compel specific performance of the undertakings contained therein, and no person or entity may recover monetary damages thereunder under any circumstances; provided, however, that the rights of any holder of 2021 Bonds to challenge the adequacy of the information provided by the Corporation are conditioned upon the provisions of the General Resolution with respect to the enforcement of remedies of holders of the 2021 Bonds upon the occurrence of an Event of Default described in the General Resolution. A breach or default under the Disclosure Agreement shall not constitute an Event of Default under the General Resolution. In addition, if all or any part of Rule 15c2-12 ceases to be in effect for any reason, then the information required to be provided under the Disclosure Agreement, insofar as the provisions of Rule 15c2-12 no longer in effect required the provision of such information, shall no longer be required to be provided. Beneficial Owners of the 2021 Bonds are third-party beneficiaries of the Disclosure Agreement and, as such, are deemed to be holders of the 2021 Bonds for the purposes of exercising remedies.

The foregoing undertakings are intended to set forth a general description of the type of financial information and operating data that will be provided; the descriptions are not intended to state more than general categories of financial information and operating data. Where an undertaking calls for information that no longer can be generated because the operations to which it related have been materially changed or discontinued, a statement to that effect will be provided. The Disclosure Agreement, however, may be amended or modified without the consent of the holders of the 2021 Bonds under certain circumstances set forth in the Disclosure Agreement.

Copies of the Disclosure Agreement, when executed and delivered by the parties thereto on the date of the initial delivery of the 2021 Bonds, will be on file at the office of the Corporation.

Under the Corporation's agreements to provide continuing disclosure with respect to prior Bonds issued under the General Resolution, the Corporation was required to file the audited financial statements of Brooklyn Housing Preservation L.P., the audited financial statements of Williamsburg Housing Preservation L.P. and the unaudited financial statements of PACT Renaissance Collaborative LLC, each a Major Obligated Mortgagor under such continuing disclosure agreements, for such Major Obligated Mortgagors' fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, along with certain operating data (occupancy levels for such Major Obligated Mortgagors' Projects), by June 29, 2021, and to file on EMMA the audited financial statements of PACT Renaissance Collaborative LLC for such fiscal year upon their becoming available (on July 19, 2021). The Corporation did not make such filings by such respective due dates and did not timely file the required notice of such failure. The Corporation filed such audited financial statements, and such operating data, of all such Major Obligated Mortgagors, along with notice of such failure, on October 6, 2021.

Under certain of the Corporation's agreements to provide continuing disclosure with respect to bonds issued under other bond resolutions, during the past five years, the Corporation (i) did not file annual financial statements for up to eight mortgagors that had been due in 2015, 2016 and 2017 and did not timely file required notices of such failures (all such financial statements and notices of such failures subsequently were filed in 2017), and did not file annual financial statements for one mortgagor when due, and did not timely file a required notice of such failure, in 2019 (such financial statements and notice of such failure subsequently were filed in 2019), and did not file annual financial statements and certain operating data for

one mortgagor when due, and did not timely file required notice of such failures, in 2021 (such financial statements and data and notices of such failures subsequently were filed in 2021), (ii) in October 2020 did not file required monthly reports for two series of bonds (such reports subsequently were filed in April 2021), (iii) on four occasions was between one and five days late in filing required mortgagor annual financial statements or Corporation annual financial information, (iv) on occasion has not timely linked to every applicable CUSIP number timely-filed Corporation annual financial information, with respect to redemptions on two dates in 2020 did not file bond call notices until approximately three months thereafter (though such notices to redeemed bond holders were timely sent to DTC prior to redemption), and with respect to an interest rate exchange agreement executed in July 2021 filed notice thereof the following month (on the date on which payments from the counterparty thereunder were pledged under the related bond resolution). In addition, on April 18, 2018, the Corporation was informed by S&P Global Ratings (“S&P”) of a downgrade of the short-term rating assigned by S&P to the certain series of bonds, which downgrade occurred on February 20, 2018 as a result of the downgrade by S&P of the short-term issuer rating of the liquidity provider with respect to such bonds. The Corporation failed to timely file notice of such downgrade after the occurrence thereof, but did make such filing promptly upon receiving notice of the downgrade from S&P. Also, the Corporation failed to timely file an annual statement setting forth the valuations of certain mortgage loans for purposes of the resolution pursuant to which the bonds that financed such mortgage loans were issued that was required to be filed in March 2019. The Corporation filed such statement in September 2019.

FURTHER INFORMATION

The information contained in this Official Statement is subject to change without notice and no implication should be derived therefrom or from the sale of the 2021 Bonds that there has been no change in the affairs of the Corporation from the date hereof. Pursuant to the General Resolution, the Corporation has covenanted to keep proper books of record and account in which complete and accurate entries will be made of all its dealings and transactions under the General Resolution. The General Resolution requires that such books be open to inspection by the Trustee and the owners of not less than five percent (5%) of the Bonds then Outstanding issued thereunder during regular business hours of the Corporation.

Additional information, including the annual report of the Corporation, may be obtained from the Corporation at 110 William Street, New York, New York 10038, (212) 227-5500 or through its internet address: www.nychdc.com.

MISCELLANEOUS

Any statements in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended as such, and not as representations of fact. This Official Statement is not to be construed as an agreement or contract between the Corporation and the purchasers or owners of any 2021 Bonds.

This Official Statement is submitted in connection with the sale of the 2021 Bonds and may not be reproduced or used, as a whole or in part, for any other purpose. This Official Statement and the distribution thereof has been duly authorized and approved by the Corporation, and duly executed and delivered on behalf of the Corporation.

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT
CORPORATION

By: _____
Eric Enderlin
President

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APPENDIX A

DEFINITIONS OF CERTAIN TERMS

Set forth below are certain defined terms used in this Official Statement and in the Resolutions. In some instances, the General Resolution permits the modification of certain of its provisions by a Supplemental Resolution relating to a specific Series of Bonds. Certain modifications to the General Resolution, which have been made with respect to the 2021 Bonds by the provisions of the 2021 Supplemental Resolution, are reflected in the defined terms below. This Appendix A does not purport to be comprehensive or definitive and is qualified by reference to the Resolutions and the Supplemental Resolutions relating to each Series of Bonds, copies of which may be obtained from the Corporation.

The following terms shall have the following meanings in this Official Statement and in the Resolutions unless the context shall clearly indicate otherwise:

“Account” means one of the special accounts (other than the Rebate Fund) created and established pursuant to the General Resolution or a Supplemental Resolution.

“Acquired Project” means a Project financed by a 2021 Mortgage Loan, title to or the right to possession of which has been acquired by the Corporation through protection and enforcement of its rights conferred by law or the Mortgage upon such Project.

“Acquired Project Expenses” means all costs and expenses arising from the acquisition, ownership, possession, operation or maintenance of an Acquired Project, including reasonable operating, repair and replacement reserves therefor.

“Acquired Project Gross Operating Income” means all monies received in connection with the acquisition, ownership, possession, operation or maintenance of an Acquired Project.

“Acquired Project Net Operating Income” means Acquired Project Gross Operating Income less Acquired Project Expenses.

“Act” means the New York City Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law (Chapter 44-b of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York), as amended.

“Authorized Officer” means the Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson, President, First Executive Vice President or any Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President of the Corporation and, in the case of any act to be performed or duty to be discharged, any other member, officer or employee of the Corporation then authorized to perform such act or discharge such duty.

“Bond” means one of the bonds to be authenticated and delivered pursuant to the General Resolution.

“Bond Counsel’s Opinion” means an opinion signed by an attorney or firm of attorneys of nationally recognized standing in the field of law relating to municipal, state and public agency financing, selected by the Corporation and satisfactory to the Trustee.

“Bond owner” or “owner” or words of similar import, when used with reference to a Bond, means any person who shall be the registered owner of any Outstanding Bond.

“Bond Proceeds Account” means the Bond Proceeds Account established pursuant to the General Resolution.

“Bond Year” means a twelve-month period ending on the first day of November of any year.

“Business Day” means any day other than (a) a Saturday or a Sunday, (b) any day on which banking institutions located in (i) the City of New York, New York or (ii) the city in which the Principal Office of the Trustee is located are required or authorized by law to close, (c) a day on which the New York Stock Exchange is closed or (d) so long as any Series of Bonds is held in book-entry form, a day on which DTC is closed.

“Cash Equivalent” means a Letter of Credit, Insurance Policy, Surety, Guaranty or other Security Arrangement (each as defined and provided for in a Supplemental Resolution), provided by an entity which has received a rating of its claims paying ability from at least one nationally recognized rating agency at least equivalent to the then-existing rating on the Rated Bonds (without regard to any Credit Facility securing such Rated Bonds) or whose unsecured long-term debt securities have received a rating from at least one nationally recognized rating agency at least equivalent to the then-existing rating on the Rated Bonds (without regard to any Credit Facility securing such Rated Bonds) (or equivalent to “A-1” or “P- 1,” if the Cash Equivalent has a remaining term at the time of acquisition not exceeding one year); provided, however, that a Cash Equivalent may be provided by an entity which has received a rating of its claims paying ability which is lower than that set forth above or whose unsecured long-term (or short-term) debt securities are rated lower than that set forth above, so long as the providing of such Cash Equivalent does not, as of the date it is provided, in and of itself, result in the reduction or withdrawal of the then existing rating assigned to the Rated Bonds (without regard to any Credit Facility securing such Rated Bonds) by any of the Rating Agencies.

“Cash Flow Certificate” means a Cash Flow Certificate conforming to the requirements of the General Resolution.

“Cash Flow Statement” means a Cash Flow Statement conforming to the requirements of the General Resolution.

“Certificate” means a signed document either attesting to or acknowledging the circumstances, representations or other matters therein stated or set forth or setting forth matters to be determined pursuant to the General Resolution or a Supplemental Resolution.

“City” means The City of New York, a municipal corporation organized and existing under and pursuant to the laws of the State.

“Code” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

“Corporation” means the New York City Housing Development Corporation, or any body, agency or instrumentality of the State which shall hereafter succeed to the powers, duties and functions of the Corporation.

“Corporation Corporate Purposes” means any purpose for which the Corporation may issue bonds pursuant to the Act or other applicable law.

“Costs of Issuance” means all items of expense, directly or indirectly payable or reimbursable by or to the Corporation and related to the authorization, sale and issuance of Bonds, including but not limited to printing costs, costs of preparation and reproduction of documents, filing and recording fees, initial fees

and charges of the Trustee, legal fees and charges, fees and disbursements of consultants and professionals, costs of credit ratings, fees and charges for preparation, execution, transportation and safekeeping of Bonds, and any other cost, charge or fee in connection with the original issuance of Bonds.

“Credit Facility” means any of the following if designated as a Credit Facility hereunder in a Supplemental Resolution: (i) a letter of credit, (ii) cash, (iii) a certified or bank check, (iv) Investment Securities, (v) a policy of bond insurance or (vi) any other credit facility similar to the above in purpose and effect, including, but not limited to, a guaranty, standby loan or purchase commitment, insurance policy, surety bond or financial security bond or any combination thereof.

“Credit Facility Provider” means the issuer of or obligor under a Credit Facility.

“Debt Service” means, with respect to any particular Bond Year, an amount equal to the sum of (i) all interest payable on Outstanding Bonds during such Bond Year, plus (ii) any Principal Installments of such Bonds during such Bond Year.

“Debt Service Reserve Account” means the Debt Service Reserve Account established pursuant to the General Resolution.

“Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement” means as of any date of calculation, the aggregate of the amounts specified as the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for each Series of Bonds in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds; provided, however, that a Supplemental Resolution may provide that the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for the Series of Bonds authorized thereunder may be funded, in whole or in part, through Cash Equivalents and such method of funding shall be deemed to satisfy all provisions of the General Resolution with respect to the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement and the amounts required to be on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account.

“DTC” means The Depository Trust Company, a limited purpose trust company organized under the laws of the State of New York, and its successors or assigns.

“Escrow Payments” means and includes all amounts whether paid directly to the Corporation or to the servicer of any Mortgage Loan representing payments to obtain or maintain mortgage insurance or any subsidy with respect to a Mortgage Loan or the mortgaged premises or payments in connection with real estate taxes, assessments, water charges, sewer rents, ground rents, fire or other insurance, replacement or operating reserves or other like payments in connection therewith.

“Event of Default” means any of the events specified in the General Resolution as an Event of Default.

“Fannie Mae” means the Federal National Mortgage Association.

“FHA” means the Federal Housing Administration.

“Freddie Mac” means the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation.

“General Resolution” means the Housing Impact Bonds Bond Resolution adopted by the Corporation on November 26, 2019 and any amendments thereof or supplements thereto made in accordance with its terms.

“GNMA” means the Government National Mortgage Association.

“Government Obligations” means direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America, including, but not limited to, United States Treasury Obligations, Separate Trading of Registered Interest and Principal of Securities (STRIPS) and Coupons Under Book-Entry Safekeeping (CUBES), provided the underlying United States Treasury Obligation is not callable prior to maturity.

“Hedge Receipt” means the net amount required to be paid to the Corporation under a Qualified Hedge, but shall not include any Termination Receipt.

“Housing Act” means the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended.

“HPD” means the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development.

“HUD” means the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, or any successor thereof.

“Interest Payment Date” means any date upon which interest on the Bonds is due and payable in accordance with their terms.

“Investment Securities” means and includes any of the following obligations, to the extent the same are at the time legal for investment of funds of the Corporation under the Act, including the amendments thereto hereafter made, or under other applicable law:

- (1) Government Obligations;
- (2) any bond, debenture, note, participation certificate or other similar obligation issued by any one or combination of the following agencies: GNMA, Federal Land Banks, Federal Home Loan Banks, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, Federal Farm Credit System Banks Consolidated Obligations, Banks for Cooperatives, Tennessee Valley Authority, Washington Metropolitan Area Transportation Authority, United States Postal Service, Farmers’ Home Administration and Export-Import Bank of the United States;
- (3) any bond, debenture, note, participation certificate or other similar obligation issued by any Federal agency and backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America;
- (4) any other obligation of the United States of America or any Federal agencies which may then be purchased by New York State savings banks;
- (5) deposits in interest-bearing time or demand deposits, certificates of deposit or other similar banking arrangements (i) secured by any of the obligations described above, or (ii) fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or (iii) made with banking institutions, or their parents which either (a) have unsecured debt rated in one of the two highest rating categories of a nationally recognized rating service or (b) are deemed by a nationally recognized rating service to be an institution rated in one of the two highest rating categories of such rating service;
- (6) any participation certificate of Freddie Mac and any mortgage-backed securities of Fannie Mae, in each case rated in the highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating service;

- (7) short-term corporate obligations, known as Commercial Paper, with a maturity of up to ninety days which are issued by corporations that are deemed by a nationally recognized rating service to be in the highest short-term rating category of such rating service;
- (8) obligations of the City and State of New York;
- (9) obligations of the New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority;
- (10) obligations, the principal and interest of which, are guaranteed by the City or State of New York;
- (11) obligations in which the Comptroller of the State of New York is authorized to invest in as specified in section ninety-eight of the State Finance Law, as amended from time to time; and
- (12) any other investment permitted under the Corporation's investment guidelines adopted August 14, 1984, as amended from time to time.

“Mortgage” means a mortgage or other instrument securing a Mortgage Loan.

“Mortgage Loan” means a loan, evidenced by a note, for a Project, secured by a Mortgage and specified in a Supplemental Resolution as being subject to the lien of the General Resolution; provided, that Mortgage Loan shall also mean a participation by the Corporation with another party or parties, public or private, in a loan made to a Mortgagor with respect to a Project; provided, further, that Mortgage Loan shall also mean an instrument evidencing an ownership in such loans, including, but not limited to, a mortgage-backed security guaranteed by GNMA, Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac.

“Mortgage Note” means the note evidencing a Mortgage Loan.

“Mortgagor” means a mortgagor with respect to any Mortgage Loan.

“Outstanding,” when used with reference to Bonds, means, as of any date, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, all Bonds theretofore or thereupon being authenticated and delivered under the General Resolution, except:

- (1) any Bond canceled by the Trustee or delivered to the Trustee for cancellation at or prior to such date;
- (2) any Bond (or portion of a Bond) for the payment or redemption of which there have been separately set aside and held in a Redemption Account under the General Resolution either:
 - (a) monies in an amount sufficient to effect payment of the principal or applicable Redemption Price thereof, together with accrued interest on such Bond to the payment date or Redemption Date, which payment date or Redemption Date shall be specified in irrevocable instructions to the Trustee to apply such monies to such payment or redemption on the date so specified; or
 - (b) Government Obligations, as described in the section of the General Resolution entitled “Defeasance,” in such principal amounts, of such maturities, bearing such interest and otherwise having such terms and qualifications as shall be necessary to provide monies in an amount sufficient to effect payment of the principal or

applicable Redemption Price of such Bond, together with accrued interest on such Bond to the payment date or Redemption Date, which payment date or Redemption Date shall be specified in irrevocable instructions to the Trustee to apply such monies to such payment or redemption on the date so specified; or

- (c) any combination of (a) and (b) above;
- (3) any Bond in lieu of or in substitution for which other Bonds shall have been authenticated and delivered pursuant to the General Resolution; and
- (4) any Bond deemed to have been paid as described in the section of the General Resolution entitled “Defeasance.”

“Permitted Encumbrances” means such liens, encumbrances, declarations, reservations, easements, rights of way and other clouds on title as do not impair the use or value of the premises or such other liens, encumbrances, declarations, reservations, easements, rights of way and other clouds on title as are specified in a Supplemental Resolution with respect to a Mortgage Loan.

“Pledged Receipts” means, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, (i) the scheduled or other payments required by any Mortgage Loan and paid to or to be paid to the Corporation from any source, including, but not limited to, interest, rent or other subsidy payments, and including both timely and delinquent payments, (ii) Hedge Receipts, (iii) Termination Receipts, (iv) accrued interest received at the sale of Bonds and (v) all income earned or gain realized in excess of losses suffered on any investment or deposit of monies in the Accounts established and maintained pursuant to the General Resolution or a Supplemental Resolution, or monies provided by the Corporation and held in trust for the benefit of the Bond owners pursuant to the General Resolution, but shall not mean or include amounts required to be deposited into the Rebate Fund, Recoveries of Principal, any payments with respect to any Mortgage Loan received prior to the date that Revenues therefrom are pledged under the General Resolution, Escrow Payments, late charges, administrative or credit enhancement fees, if any, of the Corporation or any amount retained by the servicer (which may include the Corporation) of any Mortgage Loan, as financing, servicing, extension or settlement fees.*

“Principal Installment” means, as of any date of calculation, (i) the aggregate principal amount of Outstanding Bonds due on a certain future date, reduced by the aggregate principal amount of such Bonds which would be retired by reason of the payment when due and application in accordance with the General Resolution of Sinking Fund Payments payable before such future date plus (ii) the unsatisfied balance, determined as provided in the General Resolution, of any Sinking Fund Payments due on such certain future date, together with the aggregate amount of the premiums, if any, applicable on such future date upon the

* The 2021 Supplemental Resolution provides that (i) with respect to any Acquired Project, Acquired Project Net Operating Income shall constitute Pledged Receipts, (ii) with respect to the 2021 Mortgage Loans, Freddie Mac’s credit enhancement fee, the servicing fee of Freddie Mac’s servicer, and the Corporation’s credit enhancement fee, and any prepayment premiums or penalties shall not constitute Pledged Receipts, (iii) with respect to the 2021 Mortgage Loans, amounts obtained under a letter of credit or other credit enhancement securing any such Mortgage Loan or under any agreement entered into by the Corporation and the provider of such letter of credit or other credit enhancement in connection with the providing of such letter of credit or credit enhancement in the event of a default on such Mortgage Loan with respect to scheduled principal and/or interest payments required by such Mortgage Loan shall constitute Pledged Receipts (*except* for amounts so obtained that reimburse the Corporation for any deposit to the Revenue Account made by the Corporation, in its discretion, in lieu of drawing on the Freddie Mac Credit Enhancement Agreement), (iv) with respect to the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan, any loan payment made after its due date and on account of which the Trustee theretofore received an equal payment from the Corporation pursuant to the HDC 2021 Loan Funding Agreement, shall not constitute Pledged Receipts, (v) with respect to the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan, any loan payment made after its due date and on account of which the Corporation theretofore deposited an equal amount to the Revenue Account, in its discretion, in lieu of drawing on the Freddie Mac Credit Enhancement Agreement, shall not constitute Pledged Receipts, and (vi) with respect to the 2021 Mortgage Loans and any Federal subsidy payments pursuant to Section 8 of the Housing Act with respect thereto, only Federal subsidy payments duly and properly paid and actually received by or on behalf of the Corporation or the Trustee pursuant to Section 8 of the Housing Act, shall constitute Pledged Receipts.

redemption of such Bonds by application of such Sinking Fund Payments in a principal amount equal to said unsatisfied balance.

“Principal Office”, when used with respect to the Trustee means U.S. Bank National Association, 100 Wall Street, Suite 1600, New York, New York 10005, Attention: Corporate Trust Services, and when used with respect to the Tender Agent means the same address as that of the Trustee or the address of any successor Tender Agent appointed in accordance with the terms of the 2021 Supplemental Resolution, or such other offices designated to the Corporation in writing by the Trustee or the Tender Agent, as the case may be.

“Project” means any multi-family housing development or other facility financeable by the Corporation under the Act or other applicable law and approved by the Corporation.

“Purchase Price” means an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount of any 2021 Bond that is subject to mandatory tender for purchase, plus, unless the Purchase Price is to be paid on an Interest Payment Date (in which case interest will be paid in the normal manner), accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the date of purchase.

“Qualified Hedge” means, to the extent from time to time permitted by law, any financial arrangement (i) which is entered into by the Corporation with an entity that is a Qualified Hedge Provider at the time the arrangement initially is entered into; (ii) which is a cap, floor or collar; forward rate; future rate; swap; asset, index, price or market-linked transaction or agreement; other exchange or rate protection transaction agreement; other similar transaction (however designated); or any combination thereof; or any option with respect thereto; or any similar arrangement; and (iii) which has been designated in writing to the Trustee by an Authorized Officer as a Qualified Hedge hereunder.

“Qualified Hedge Payment” means the net amount required to be paid by the Corporation under a Qualified Hedge, other than (a) Termination Payments and (b) fees, expenses or similar other charges or obligations thereunder.

“Qualified Hedge Provider” means an entity (a) whose senior long term obligations, other senior unsecured long term obligations, financial program rating, counterparty rating, or claims paying ability, at the time of initially entering into the related Qualified Hedge, are rated in the three highest rating categories by any nationally recognized rating agency, or whose payment obligations under a Qualified Hedge are guaranteed by an entity whose senior long-term debt obligations, other senior unsecured long-term obligations, financial program rating, counterparty rating, or claims paying ability are rated in the three highest rating categories by any nationally recognized rating agency, or (b) whose payment obligations under the related Qualified Hedge are secured by a collateral agreement that, at the time of initially entering into the collateral agreement, is rated, or the entity’s (or a guarantor of the entity’s) obligations under the collateral agreement are rated, in the three highest rating categories by any nationally recognized rating agency; provided, however, that the definition of Qualified Hedge Provider shall be, and be deemed to be, expanded, or new definitions and related provisions shall be added to this Resolution by a Supplemental Resolution, thus permitting hedge providers with different characteristics from those permitted pursuant to (a) and (b) which the Corporation deems from time to time to be in the interests of the Corporation to include as Qualified Hedge Providers if at the time of inclusion there is delivered to the Trustee a Rating Confirmation regarding such inclusion.

“Rated Bond” means a Bond (other than a Subordinate Bond) that has been assigned a rating, without regard to any Credit Facility securing such Bond, by a Rating Agency pursuant to a request for a rating by the Corporation, but excludes any such Bond during any period that commences on a date of

remarketing of such Bond if no Rating Agency has at the request of the Corporation assigned such a rating to such Bond during such period.

“Rating Agency” means any nationally recognized rating agency when any Bonds are rated by such agency, pursuant to a request for a rating by the Corporation.

“Rating Confirmation” means, with respect to a proposed action, a statement by at least one Rating Agency that refers to the proposed action and states, with respect to each Rated Bond rated by such Rating Agency, that its then-existing rating is confirmed or that such action will not cause such Rating Agency to lower, suspend or withdraw the rating assigned to such Rated Bond. (For purposes of this definition, “rating” with respect to a Rated Bond and a Rating Agency means such Rating Agency’s rating of such Rated Bond without regard to any Credit Facility securing such Rated Bond.)

“Rebate Amount” means, with respect to a particular Series of Bonds, the amount, if any, required to be deposited in the Rebate Fund in order to comply with the tax covenants contained in the General Resolution.

“Rebate Fund” means the Rebate Fund established pursuant to the General Resolution.

“Record Date” means the fifteenth (15th) day next preceding an Interest Payment Date.

“Recoveries of Principal” means, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, all amounts received by the Corporation as a recovery of the principal amount disbursed by the Corporation in connection with any Mortgage Loan, including any premium or penalty with respect thereto, on account of (i) the advance payment of amounts to become due pursuant to such Mortgage Loan, at the option of the Mortgagor, (ii) the sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition thereof, (iii) the acceleration of payments due thereunder or other remedial proceedings taken in the event of the default thereon, (iv) proceeds of any insurance award resulting from the damage or destruction of a Project which are required to be applied to payment of a Mortgage Note pursuant to a Mortgage, (v) proceeds of any condemnation award resulting from the taking by condemnation (or by agreement of interested parties in lieu of condemnation) by any governmental body or by any person, firm, or corporation acting under governmental authority, of title to or any interest in or the temporary use of, a Project or any portion thereof, which proceeds are required to be applied to payment of a Mortgage Note pursuant to a Mortgage or (vi) proceeds of any mortgage insurance or credit enhancement with respect to a Mortgage Loan which is in default.*

“Redemption Account” means the Redemption Account established pursuant to the General Resolution.

* The 2021 Supplemental Resolution provides that (i) with respect to any Acquired Project, the proceeds of sale of such Acquired Project shall constitute Recoveries of Principal, (ii) with respect to the 2021 Mortgage Loans, Freddie Mac’s credit enhancement fee, the servicing fee of Freddie Mac’s servicer, and the Corporation’s credit enhancement fee, and any prepayment premiums or penalties shall not constitute Recoveries of Principal, (iii) with respect to the 2021 Mortgage Loans, amounts obtained under a letter of credit or other credit enhancement securing any such Mortgage Loan or under any agreement entered into by the Corporation and the provider of such letter of credit or other credit enhancement in connection with the providing of such letter of credit or credit enhancement, in the event of a default on such Mortgage Loan, other than with respect to scheduled principal and/or interest payments required by such Mortgage Loan, shall constitute Recoveries of Principal (*except* for amounts so obtained that reimburse the Corporation for any deposit to the Revenue Account made by the Corporation, in its discretion, in lieu of drawing on the Freddie Mac Credit Enhancement Agreement), (iv) with respect to the HDC Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan, any loan payment made after its due date and on account of which the Trustee theretofore received an equal payment from the Corporation pursuant to the HDC 2021 Loan Funding Agreement, shall not constitute Recoveries of Principal, and (v) with respect to the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan, any loan payment made after its due date and on account of which the Corporation theretofore deposited an equal amount to the Revenue Account, in its discretion, in lieu of drawing on the Freddie Mac Credit Enhancement Agreement, shall not constitute Recoveries of Principal.

“Redemption Date” means the date or dates upon which Bonds are to be called for redemption pursuant to the General Resolution or the applicable Supplemental Resolution.

“Redemption Price” means, with respect to any Bonds, the principal amount thereof plus the applicable premium, if any, payable upon redemption thereof.

“REMIC” means the New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation, a subsidiary corporation of the Corporation.

“Revenue Account” means the Revenue Account established pursuant to the General Resolution.

“Revenues” means the Pledged Receipts and Recoveries of Principal.

“Series” means any Series of Bonds issued pursuant to the General Resolution.

“Sinking Fund Payment” means, with respect to a particular Series, as of any particular date of calculation, the amount required to be paid in all events by the Corporation on a single future date for the retirement of Outstanding Bonds which mature after said future date, but does not include any amount payable by the Corporation by reason of the maturity of a Bond or by call for redemption at the election of the Corporation.

“SONYMA” means the State of New York Mortgage Agency, a corporate governmental agency of the State of New York constituting a political subdivision and public benefit corporation established under the SONYMA Act.

“State” means the State of New York.

“Subordinate Bonds” means any Bonds which, pursuant to the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Bonds, are secured by a subordinate charge and lien on the Revenues and assets pledged under the General Resolution.

“Subordinate Obligations” means (i) the Corporation’s obligation to make Termination Payments and (ii) any other payment obligation of the Corporation that arises under a contract, agreement or other obligation of the Corporation and has been designated in writing to the Trustee by an Authorized Officer as a Subordinate Obligation hereunder.

“Subsidy Programs” means subsidy payment programs, such as the housing assistance payment program authorized by Section 8 of the Housing Act.

“Supplemental Resolution” means any resolution supplemental to or amendatory of the General Resolution, adopted by the Corporation and effective in accordance with the General Resolution.

“Supplemental Security” means mortgage insurance or other mortgage credit enhancement, such as (a) mortgage insurance provided by (i) FHA, including FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, (ii) REMIC and (iii) SONYMA, (b) mortgage-backed securities guaranteed by GNMA, (c) a credit enhancement instrument by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac, (d) a risk share credit enhancement instrument by Freddie Mac, (e) bank letters of credit and (f) a funding agreement provided by the Corporation.

“Tender Agent” means U.S. Bank National Association, a national banking association, and its successors and assigns appointed in accordance with the 2021 Supplemental Resolution.

“Termination Payment” means, with respect to a Qualified Hedge, an amount required to be paid by the Corporation to a Qualified Hedge Provider as a result of the termination, in advance of the stated termination date or scheduled reduction, of the related Qualified Hedge, or required to be paid by the Corporation into a collateral account as a source of payment of such an amount required to be paid to a Qualified Hedge Provider.

“Termination Receipt” means an amount required to be paid to the Corporation under a Qualified Hedge by the Qualified Hedge Provider as a result of the termination, in advance of the stated termination date or scheduled reduction, of such a Qualified Hedge.

“Trustee” means the trustee designated as Trustee in the General Resolution and its successor or successors and any other person at any time substituted in its place pursuant to the General Resolution.

“2021 Series A Event of Default” means the event specified in the 2021 Supplemental Resolution as a 2021 Series A Event of Default.

“Voluntary Sale Proceeds” means the proceeds of the sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition of any Mortgage Loan (including any 2021 Mortgage Loan), except a sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition required pursuant to the General Resolution in the event of a default under the General Resolution or made when, in the sole judgment of the Corporation, such Mortgage Loan is in default.

APPENDIX B

SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE GENERAL RESOLUTION

Set forth below are abridged or summarized excerpts of certain sections of the General Resolution. In some instances, the General Resolution permits the modification of certain of its provisions by a Supplemental Resolution relating to a specific Series of Bonds. Certain modifications to the General Resolution, which have been made with respect to the 2021 Bonds by the provisions of the 2021 Supplemental Resolution, have also been summarized below. The excerpts set forth below do not purport to be complete or to cover all sections of the General Resolution. Reference is made to the General Resolution and the Supplemental Resolutions relating to each Series of Bonds, copies of which are on file with the Corporation and the Trustee, for a complete statement of the rights, duties and obligations of the Corporation, the Trustee and the Bond owners thereunder.

Contract With Bond Owners—Security for Bonds—Limited Obligation

In consideration of the purchase and acceptance of the Bonds by those who shall own the same from time to time, the provisions of the General Resolution shall be deemed to be and shall constitute a contract among the Corporation, the Trustee and the owners from time to time of such Bonds. The pledges and assignments made in the General Resolution and the provisions, covenants and agreements therein set forth to be performed by or on behalf of the Corporation shall be for the benefit, protection and security of the owners of any and all of such Bonds, each of which, regardless of the time of its issue or maturity, shall be of equal rank without preference, priority or distinction over any other thereof except as expressly provided in the General Resolution or a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a Series of Bonds. The Corporation pledges the Revenues and all amounts held in any Account established under the General Resolution to the payment of the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds and Qualified Hedge Payments, if any, subject to provisions permitting the use and application of such amounts for stated purposes, as provided in the General Resolution; provided, however, that notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, the Corporation may, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, also pledge such Revenues and amounts to one or more Credit Facility Providers who have provided Credit Facilities to secure such Series of Bonds and such further pledge may be either on a parity with or subordinate to the pledge set forth in this paragraph to secure the payment of the Bonds and Qualified Hedge Payments, all as set forth in such Supplemental Resolution; and provided further, however, that the Corporation may, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution, provide that amounts in an Account established pursuant to such Supplemental Resolution be excluded from the pledge set forth in this paragraph to secure the payment of the Bonds and Qualified Hedge Payments or otherwise limit such pledge with respect to such Account. The foregoing pledge does not include amounts on deposit in or required to be deposited in the Rebate Fund. The Bonds shall be special revenue obligations of the Corporation payable solely from the revenues and assets pledged therefor pursuant to the General Resolution.

Provisions for Issuance of Bonds

In order to provide sufficient funds for financing the Corporation Corporate Purposes, Bonds of the Corporation are authorized to be issued without limitation as to amount except as may be provided by law. The Bonds shall be executed by the Corporation for issuance and delivered to the Trustee and thereupon shall be authenticated by the Trustee and delivered to the Corporation or upon its order, but only upon the receipt by the Trustee of, among other things:

- (a) a Bond Counsel's Opinion to the effect that (i) the General Resolution and the Supplemental Resolution have been duly adopted by the Corporation and are in full force and effect

and are valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with their terms (except to the extent that the enforceability thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights and remedies and is subject to general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law)); (ii) the General Resolution and such Supplemental Resolution create the valid pledge and lien which they purport to create of and on the Revenues and all the Accounts established under the General Resolution and such Supplemental Resolution and monies and securities on deposit therein, subject to the use and application thereof for or to the purposes and on the terms and conditions permitted by the General Resolution and such Supplemental Resolution; and (iii) upon the execution, authentication and delivery thereof, such Bonds will have been duly and validly authorized and issued in accordance with the laws of the State, including the Act as amended to the date of such Opinion, and in accordance with the General Resolution and such Supplemental Resolution;

- (b) a written order as to the delivery of such Bonds, signed by an Authorized Officer;
- (c) the amount of the proceeds of such Bonds to be deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution; and
- (d) a Cash Flow Statement conforming to the requirements of the General Resolution.

Refunding Bonds

Refunding Bonds of the Corporation may be issued under and secured by the General Resolution, subject to the conditions provided in the General Resolution, from time to time, for the purpose of providing funds, with any other available funds, for (i) redeeming (or purchasing in lieu of redemption) prior to their maturity or maturities, or retiring at their maturity or maturities, all or any part of the Outstanding Bonds of any Series, including the payment of any redemption premium thereon (or premium, to the extent permitted by law, included in the purchase price, if purchased in lieu of redemption), (ii) making any required deposits to the Debt Service Reserve Account, (iii) if deemed necessary by the Corporation, paying the interest to accrue on the refunding Bonds or refunded Bonds to the date fixed for their redemption (or purchase) and (iv) paying any expenses in connection with such refunding. Before such Bonds shall be issued, the Corporation shall adopt a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance and sale of such Bonds, fixing the amount and the details thereof, describing the Bonds to be redeemed and setting forth determinations required by the General Resolution.

Except as otherwise provided in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing a Series of refunding Bonds, refunding Bonds shall be on a parity with and shall be entitled to the same benefit and security of the General Resolution as all other Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) issued under the General Resolution, provided, however, a Supplemental Resolution may provide for differences in the maturities thereof or the Interest Payment Dates or the rate or rates of interest or the provisions for redemption.

Before any Series of refunding Bonds shall be authenticated and delivered by the Trustee, there shall be on file with the Trustee, among other things, the following:

- (a) the documents specified in subsections (a) through (c) under the heading "Provisions for Issuance of Bonds";
- (b) either (i) a Cash Flow Statement conforming to the requirements of the General Resolution or (ii) a certificate of an Authorized Officer demonstrating that (x) on each date after the issuance of such Series, the aggregate amount of principal and Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds that will be Outstanding upon such issuance that will be due on such date will be less

than or equal to the aggregate amount of principal and Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds Outstanding prior to such issuance that would be due on such date, and (y) the issuance of such Series and the refunding of the Bonds to be refunded will not result in a reduction of the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement as of the date the Bonds to be refunded cease to be Outstanding;

(c) a certificate of an Authorized Officer stating that the proceeds (excluding accrued interest but including any premium) of such refunding Bonds, together with any monies which have been made available to the Trustee for the purpose of paying Debt Service, or the principal of and the interest on the investment of such proceeds or any such monies, will be not less than an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and the redemption premium, if any, on the Bonds to be refunded and the interest which will become due and payable on or prior to the date of their payment or redemption and the expenses in connection with such refunding and to make any required deposits to the Debt Service Reserve Account; and

(d) if all or part of the refunded Bonds are to be redeemed prior to maturity, irrevocable instructions from an Authorized Officer to the Trustee to redeem the applicable Bonds.

The proceeds of such refunding Bonds and the investment income therefrom shall, to the extent practicable, be invested and reinvested by the Trustee, with the approval of the Corporation in Investment Securities, and the monies so invested shall be available for use when required.

Application and Disbursement of Bond Proceeds

Unless otherwise provided in the applicable Supplemental Resolution, the proceeds of sale of a Series of Bonds, shall, as soon as practicable upon the delivery of such Bonds by the Trustee, be applied as follows:

(1) the amount, if any, received at such time as a premium above the aggregate principal amount of such Bonds shall be applied as specified in the Certificate of an Authorized Officer, and such portion of the amount, if any, received as accrued interest shall be deposited in the Revenue Account as shall be directed by an Authorized Officer;

(2) with respect to any Series issued for the purpose of refunding Bonds or any other bonds, notes or other obligations of the Corporation or other entity, the amount, if any, required to pay Costs of Issuance, as designated by an Authorized Officer, shall be deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account;

(3) with respect to any Series issued for the purpose of refunding Bonds or any other bonds, notes or other obligations of the Corporation or other entity, the balance remaining after such deposits have been made as specified in (1) and (2) above shall be applied as specified in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Series;

(4) the amount, if any, necessary to cause the amount on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account to equal the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement immediately following the time of such delivery shall be deposited in the Debt Service Reserve Account together with such additional amount, if any, as may be specified in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Bonds; and

(5) the balance remaining after such deposits have been made shall be deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account.

Except as otherwise provided in the applicable Supplemental Resolution, amounts in the Bond Proceeds Account shall not be disbursed for financing a Mortgage Loan, including either advances during construction or permanent financing thereof, unless, among other things, (1) the instrument evidencing such Mortgage Loan and the Mortgage and any other document securing such Mortgage Loan shall have been duly executed and delivered and, in the opinion of counsel, who may be counsel to the Mortgagor, constitute valid and binding agreements between the parties thereto enforceable in accordance with their terms, except as such enforcement may be limited by operation of bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws affecting the rights and remedies of creditors; (2) there shall have been filed with the Trustee, an opinion of counsel, who may be counsel to the Corporation, to the effect that such Mortgage Loan complies with all provisions of the Act or otherwise applicable law and the General Resolution; (3) the Mortgage is the subject of a policy of title insurance, in an amount not less than the amount of the unpaid principal balance of the Mortgage Loan, insuring in favor of the Corporation, a mortgage lien (which need not be a first mortgage lien, if so provided in the applicable Supplemental Resolution), subject only to Permitted Encumbrances, on the real property securing the Mortgage Loan; and (4) the Project is insured against loss by fire and other hazards as required by the Corporation.

Deposits and Investments

Any amounts that are pledged pursuant to the General Resolution and held by the Trustee in any Accounts under or pursuant to the General Resolution may be invested in Investment Securities. In computing the amount in any Account, obligations purchased as an investment of monies therein shall be valued at amortized value or if purchased at par, at par.

Upon receipt of written instructions from an Authorized Officer, the Trustee shall exchange any coin or currency of the United States of America or Investment Securities held by it pursuant to the General Resolution or any Supplemental Resolution for any other coin or currency of the United States of America or Investment Securities of like amount.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, any Investment Securities purchased by the Trustee with funds that are pledged pursuant to the General Resolution must, as of the date of such purchase, be rated by at least one nationally recognized rating agency in a category at least equivalent to the rating category of the Rated Bonds (without regard to any Credit Facility securing such Rated Bonds) (or "A-1" or "P-1," as applicable if the Investment Security has a remaining term at the time it is provided not exceeding one year); provided, however, that the Trustee may purchase Investment Securities that are rated lower than that set forth above, so long as the purchase of such Investment Securities does not, as of the date of such purchase, in and of itself, result in a reduction or withdrawal of the then existing rating assigned to the Rated Bonds by any of the Rating Agencies.

Establishment of Accounts

The General Resolution establishes the following special trust accounts to be held and maintained by the Trustee in accordance with the General Resolution:

- (1) Bond Proceeds Account;
- (2) Revenue Account;
- (3) Redemption Account; and
- (4) Debt Service Reserve Account.

Bond Proceeds Account

There shall be deposited from time to time in the Bond Proceeds Account any proceeds of the sale of Bonds representing principal or premium or other amounts required to be deposited therein pursuant to the General Resolution and any Supplemental Resolution and any other amounts determined by the Corporation to be deposited therein from time to time. Upon the issuance, sale and delivery of any Series of Bonds pursuant to the General Resolution, the Corporation shall establish on the books of the Corporation a separate sub-account designated “_____ Series _____ Bond Proceeds Sub-Account” (inserting therein the appropriate series and other necessary designation). Upon payment of any amounts from the Bond Proceeds Account, such payments shall be charged to the appropriate Bond Proceeds Sub-Account on the books of the Corporation.

Amounts in the Bond Proceeds Account shall be expended only (i) to finance one or more of the Corporation Corporate Purposes, including but not limited to, the financing of Mortgage Loans, in accordance with the General Resolution, which may include making Mortgage Loans, acquiring Mortgage Loans or refinancing Mortgage Loans; (ii) to pay Costs of Issuance; (iii) to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds when due and Qualified Hedge Payments, if any, when due, in accordance with the General Resolution, to the extent amounts in the Revenue Account are insufficient for such purpose; (iv) to purchase or redeem Bonds in accordance with the General Resolution; (v) to pay, purchase or redeem bonds, notes or other obligations of the Corporation or any other entity in accordance with the General Resolution; and (vi) if so provided in a Supplemental Resolution, to reimburse a Credit Facility Provider for amounts obtained under a Credit Facility for the purposes described in clauses (iii), (iv) or (v) of this paragraph.

At least one day prior to each Interest Payment Date the Corporation shall deliver to the Trustee a Certificate of an Authorized Officer setting forth the amounts necessary and available to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds and Qualified Hedge Payments, if any, from the amount on deposit in the Bond Proceeds Account, after giving effect to the actual and expected application of amounts therein to the financing of the Corporation Corporate Purposes as of the date of such Certificate, the amount on deposit for such use in the Revenue Account, and any other amount available for such use pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution. On each Interest Payment Date the Trustee shall transfer the amounts so stated to the Revenue Account.

If so provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, the Corporation may direct the Trustee in writing to transfer amounts in the Bond Proceeds Account to fund the payment, purchase or redemption of bonds, notes or other obligations, which may include interest thereon, theretofore issued by the Corporation or any other entity upon receipt by the Trustee of a written requisition setting forth (i) the issue of bonds, notes or other obligations with respect to which the transfer is to be made, and (ii) the amount of the transfer.

Revenue Account

The Corporation shall cause all Pledged Receipts and Recoveries of Principal to be deposited promptly with the Trustee in the Revenue Account. There shall also be deposited in the Revenue Account any other amounts required to be deposited therein pursuant to the General Resolution and any Supplemental Resolution. Earnings on all Accounts established under the General Resolution not required to be deposited in the Rebate Fund shall be deposited, as realized, in the Revenue Account.

All Recoveries of Principal shall be transferred to the Redemption Account and applied to the redemption of Bonds as soon as practically possible; provided, however, that, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, in lieu of such transfer, the Corporation may, upon filing a Cash Flow Statement, direct the Trustee to transfer all or a portion of any

such Recoveries of Principal to the Bond Proceeds Account or retain all or a portion of any such Recoveries of Principal in the Revenue Account.

The Trustee shall pay out of the Revenue Account (i) on or before each Interest Payment Date, the amounts required for the payment of the Principal Installments, if any, and interest due on the Outstanding Bonds on such date and Qualified Hedge Payments, if any, due on such date, and (ii) on or before the Redemption Date or date of purchase, the amounts required for the payment of accrued interest on Outstanding Bonds to be redeemed or purchased on such date unless the payment of such accrued interest shall be otherwise provided for, and in each such case, such amounts shall be applied by the Trustee to such payments; provided, however, that if, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution, amounts obtained under a Credit Facility are to be used to make the payments referred to in this paragraph, then amounts in the Revenue Account which would have otherwise been used to make such payments may be applied to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for the amounts so obtained, all in accordance with such Supplemental Resolution.

Any amount accumulated in the Revenue Account up to the unsatisfied balance of each Sinking Fund Payment may, and if so directed in writing by the Corporation shall, be applied (together with amounts accumulated in the Revenue Account with respect to interest on the Bonds for which such Sinking Fund Payment was established) by the Trustee prior to the forty-fifth day preceding the due date of such Sinking Fund Payment (i) to the purchase of Bonds of the maturity for which such Sinking Fund Payment was established, at prices (including any brokerage and other charges) not exceeding the Redemption Price plus accrued interest, or (ii) to the redemption of such Bonds, if then redeemable by their terms, at the Redemption Prices referred to above; provided, however, that the purchase of such Bonds may be at prices exceeding that set forth in clause (i) of this paragraph if the Corporation shall have filed with the Trustee a Cash Flow Statement pursuant to the General Resolution, and provided further, however, that if, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution, amounts obtained under a Credit Facility are to be used to make the purchases referred to in this paragraph, then amounts in the Revenue Account which would have otherwise been used to make such purchases may be applied to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for the amounts so obtained, all in accordance with such Supplemental Resolution.

Except as otherwise provided in an applicable Supplemental Resolution, upon the purchase or redemption of any Bond for which Sinking Fund Payments have been established from amounts in the Revenue Account, an amount equal to the principal amount of the Bonds so purchased or redeemed shall be credited toward the next Sinking Fund Payment thereafter to become due with respect to the Bonds of such maturity and the amount of any excess of the amounts so credited over the amount of such Sinking Fund Payment shall be credited by the Trustee against future Sinking Fund Payments in direct chronological order, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an Authorized Officer at the time of such purchase or redemption.

As soon as practicable after the forty-fifth day preceding the due date of any such Sinking Fund Payment, the Trustee shall call for redemption on such due date, Bonds of the maturity for which such Sinking Fund Payment was established in such amount as shall be necessary to complete the retirement of a principal amount of Bonds equal to the unsatisfied balance of such Sinking Fund Payment. The Trustee shall so call such Bonds for redemption whether or not it then has monies in the Revenue Account sufficient to pay the applicable Redemption Price thereof on the Redemption Date.

On each Interest Payment Date, the Trustee shall transfer from the Revenue Account (i) first, to the Debt Service Reserve Account, an amount equal to the amount necessary to be transferred to such Account in order that the amount on deposit therein be equal to the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement (or such lesser amount as may be available), (ii) second, to the Bond Proceeds Account, such amount as the Corporation determines is required to finance Corporation Corporate Purposes, as evidenced by a

Certificate of an Authorized Officer, (iii) third, if so directed by the Corporation, to the Trustee, an amount equal to the Trustee's unpaid fees and expenses, (iv) fourth, if so directed by the Corporation, to any Credit Facility Providers, an amount equal to any fees due and owing to such Credit Facility Providers, (v) fifth, to the Corporation, an amount equal to the administrative fee, if any, of the Corporation, to the extent unpaid, (vi) sixth, to the entities providing Investment Securities with respect to the Accounts or any arrangements or agreements with respect thereto, amounts equal to the fees due and payable on or before the next succeeding Interest Payment Date to such entities, as designated in a Certificate of an Authorized Officer, and (vii) seventh, to the entities to whom Subordinate Obligations are due, such Subordinate Obligations then due. At any time after the transfers described in (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi) and (vii) above have been made, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution, the Corporation may, upon the written request of an Authorized Officer and upon filing with the Trustee of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate pursuant to the General Resolution, withdraw free and clear of the lien of the General Resolution any amount remaining in the Revenue Account.

Notwithstanding any other provision under this heading, the Trustee may at any time make transfers from the Revenue Account, upon the written direction of an Authorized Officer, to the Redemption Account for the purposes of such Account. No such transfer shall be made, however, unless there is delivered to the Trustee a Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate reflecting such transfer or there is on deposit in the Revenue Account after such transfer an amount equal to the sum of (a) the interest accrued on all Outstanding Bonds as of the date of such transfer, (b) with respect to each Qualified Hedge, the portion of the Qualified Hedge Payment thereunder next due that is accrued as of the date of such transfer, and (c) the product of (i) the aggregate principal amount of Outstanding Bonds and Sinking Fund Payments due on the next succeeding date on which any Outstanding Bond or Sinking Fund Payment is due, and (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days from the immediately preceding date on which any Outstanding Bond or Sinking Fund Payment became due to the date of such transfer and the denominator of which is the number of days from such immediately preceding date to such next succeeding date.

Notwithstanding any other provision under this heading, the Corporation in lieu of depositing all or any portion of a Termination Receipt in the Revenue Account may apply such moneys to, and the Trustee upon the written direction of an Authorized Officer may at any time apply moneys in the Revenue Account representing all or a portion of a Termination Receipt to, the payment of the purchase price of a Qualified Hedge.

Notwithstanding any other provision under this heading, no payments shall be required to be made into the Revenue Account so long as the amount on deposit therein shall be sufficient to pay all Outstanding Bonds (including the Sinking Fund Payments for the retirement thereof) and all Qualified Hedge Payments in accordance with their terms, and any Revenues thereafter received by the Corporation may be applied to any corporate purpose of the Corporation free and clear of the pledge and lien of the General Resolution.

Redemption Account

There shall be deposited in the Redemption Account all amounts which are required to be deposited therein pursuant to the General Resolution and any Supplemental Resolution and any other amounts available therefor and determined by the Corporation to be deposited therein. Subject to the provisions of the General Resolution or of any Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, requiring the application thereof to the payment, purchase or redemption of any particular Bonds, the Trustee shall apply any amounts deposited in the Redemption Account to the purchase or redemption of Bonds at the times and in the manner provided in the General Resolution.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, if, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution, amounts obtained under a Credit Facility are to be used to purchase or redeem

Bonds, then amounts in the Redemption Account which would otherwise have been used for such purposes may be applied to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for the amounts so obtained, all in accordance with such Supplemental Resolution.

Debt Service Reserve Account

There shall be deposited in the Debt Service Reserve Account all amounts required to be deposited therein pursuant to the General Resolution and any Supplemental Resolution and any other amounts received and determined to be deposited therein by the Corporation.

Amounts on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account shall be applied, to the extent other funds are not available therefor pursuant to the General Resolution and the applicable Supplemental Resolution, to pay the Principal Installments of and interest on the Outstanding Bonds when due, whether by call for redemption or otherwise, and Qualified Hedge Payments, if any, when due.

Whenever the amount in the Debt Service Reserve Account exceeds the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement, the amount of such excess, upon the direction of the Corporation, shall be transferred to the Revenue Account.

Monies in the Debt Service Reserve Account may, and at the direction of the Corporation shall, be withdrawn by the Trustee and deposited in the Redemption Account for the purchase or redemption of Bonds at any time, provided that subsequent to such purchase or redemption the amount in the Debt Service Reserve Account will not be less than the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement.

If on any Interest Payment Date or Redemption Date for the Bonds the amount in the Revenue Account and the Redemption Account, as applicable, shall be less than the amount required for the payment of the Principal Installments and interest due on the Outstanding Bonds on such date and Qualified Hedge Payments, if any, due on such date, the Trustee shall apply amounts from the Debt Service Reserve Account to the extent necessary to make good the deficiency.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, if, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution, amounts obtained under a Credit Facility are to be used to pay the Principal Installments of and interest on Bonds, then amounts in the Debt Service Reserve Account which would otherwise have been used for such purposes may be applied to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for the amounts so obtained, all in accordance with such Supplemental Resolution.

The General Resolution provides that the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for any Series of Bonds may be funded, in whole or in part, through Cash Equivalents if so provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Series. In the event any such Cash Equivalents are so provided (other than in connection with the initial issuance of the applicable Series of Bonds, or to replenish the Debt Service Reserve Account) in replacement of funds on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account, the Trustee shall make such deposit and transfer funds in an equivalent amount from the Debt Service Reserve Account to the Revenue Account.

Under the General Resolution, the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement is the aggregate of the amounts specified as the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for each Series of Bonds in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of such Series of Bonds. There is no minimum Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement under the General Resolution.

No amounts are on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account as of the date hereof and no amounts will be required to be deposited into the Debt Service Reserve Account in connection with the issuance of the 2021 Bonds.

Rebate Fund

The General Resolution also establishes the Rebate Fund as a special trust account to be held and maintained by the Trustee. Except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution with respect to an Account established thereunder which is not pledged to the payment of the Bonds or to any Credit Facility Provider in connection with a Credit Facility securing one or more Series of Bonds, earnings on all Accounts required to be deposited into the Rebate Fund shall be deposited, at least as frequently as the end of each fifth Bond Year and at the time that the last Bond that is part of the Series for which a Rebate Amount is required is discharged, into the Rebate Fund.

The Rebate Fund and the amounts deposited therein shall not be subject to a security interest, pledge, assignment, lien or charge in favor of the Trustee or any Bond owner or any other person other than as set forth in the General Resolution.

The Trustee, upon the receipt of a certification of the Rebate Amount from an Authorized Officer, shall deposit in the Rebate Fund at least as frequently as the end of each fifth Bond Year and at the time that the last Bond that is part of the Series for which a Rebate Amount is required is discharged, an amount such that the amount held in the Rebate Fund after such deposit is equal to the Rebate Amount calculated as of such time of calculation. The amount deposited in the Rebate Fund pursuant to the previous sentence shall be deposited from amounts withdrawn from the Revenue Account, and to the extent such amounts are not available in the Revenue Account, directly from earnings on the Accounts.

Amounts on deposit in the Rebate Fund shall be invested in the same manner as amounts on deposit in the Accounts, except as otherwise specified by an Authorized Officer to the extent necessary to comply with the tax covenant set forth in the General Resolution, and except that the income or interest earned and gains realized in excess of losses suffered by the Rebate Fund due to the investment thereof shall be deposited in or credited to the Rebate Fund from time to time and reinvested.

In the event that, on any date of calculation of the Rebate Amount, the amount on deposit in the Rebate Fund exceeds the Rebate Amount, the Trustee, upon the receipt of written instructions from an Authorized Officer, shall withdraw such excess amount and deposit it in the Revenue Account.

The Trustee, upon the receipt of written instructions and certification of the Rebate Amount from an Authorized Officer, shall pay to the United States, out of amounts in the Rebate Fund, (i) not less frequently than once each five (5) years after the date of original issuance of each Series for which a Rebate Amount is required, an amount such that, together with prior amounts paid to the United States, the total paid to the United States is equal to 90% of the Rebate Amount with respect to each Series for which a Rebate Amount is required as of the date of such payment, and (ii) notwithstanding the provisions of the General Resolution, not later than sixty (60) days after the date on which all Bonds of a Series for which a Rebate Amount is required have been paid in full, 100% of the Rebate Amount as of the date of payment.

Payment of Bonds

The Corporation covenants that it will duly and punctually pay or cause to be paid, as provided in the General Resolution, the principal or Redemption Price of every Bond and the interest thereon, at the dates and places and in the manner stated in the Bonds, according to the true intent and meaning thereof

and shall duly and punctually pay or cause to be paid all Sinking Fund Payments, if any, becoming payable with respect to any of the Bonds.

Tax Covenants

The following covenants are made solely for the benefit of the owners of, and shall be applicable solely to, any Bonds as designated in a Supplemental Resolution, to which the Corporation intends that the following covenants shall apply.

The Corporation shall at all times do and perform all acts and things necessary or desirable in order to assure that interest paid on the Bonds shall be excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes, except in the event that the owner of any such Bond is a “substantial user” of the facilities financed by the Bonds or a “related person” within the meaning of the Code.

The Corporation shall not permit at any time or times any of the proceeds of the Bonds or any other funds of the Corporation to be used directly or indirectly to acquire any securities or obligations or other investment property, the acquisition of which would cause any Bond to be an “arbitrage bond” as defined in Section 148(a) of the Code.

Except as otherwise permitted in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, the Corporation shall not permit any person or “related person” (as defined in the Code) to purchase Bonds in an amount related to the Mortgage Loan to be acquired by the Corporation from such person or “related person.”

Covenants with Respect to the Mortgage Loans

The Corporation pledges for the benefit of the Bond owners and the entities to whom Qualified Hedge Payments are due all of its right, title and interest in and to the Mortgage Loans, which pledge shall be valid and binding from and after the date of adoption of the General Resolution. Such Mortgage Loans shall immediately be subject to the lien of such pledge without any physical delivery thereof or further act, and the lien of such pledge shall be valid and binding as against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract or otherwise against the Corporation, irrespective of whether such parties have notice thereof. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, the Corporation may, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a Series of Bonds, (i) also pledge one or more Mortgage Loans for the benefit of one or more Credit Facility Providers who have provided Credit Facilities to secure such Series of Bonds and such further pledge may be either on a parity with or subordinate to the pledge set forth in this paragraph to secure the payment of the Bonds, all as set forth in such Supplemental Resolution or (ii) provide that any or all of the mortgage loans financed by the Series of Bonds authorized pursuant to such Supplemental Resolution be excluded from the pledge set forth in this paragraph to secure the payment of the Bonds or otherwise limit such pledge with respect to such mortgage loans. In addition, notwithstanding the foregoing, any Mortgage Loan pledged under the General Resolution may, at the written direction of the Corporation, be released from such pledge upon the filing with the Trustee of a Cash Flow Statement pursuant to the General Resolution. Upon the happening of an event of default specified under the heading “Events of Default,” the written request of the Trustee or the owners of not less than twenty-five per centum (25%) in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds), the Corporation shall effectuate the assignment and deliver the Mortgage Loans to the Trustee. If, however, the Trustee and the Bond owners are restored to their positions in accordance with the General Resolution, the Trustee shall assign such Mortgage Loans with respect thereto back to the Corporation.

In order to pay the Principal Installments of and interest on the Bonds when due, the Corporation shall, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of

Bonds, from time to time, with all practical dispatch and in a sound and economical manner consistent in all respects with the Act, any other applicable law, the provisions of the General Resolution and sound banking practices and principles, (i) use and apply the proceeds of the Bonds, to the extent not reasonably or otherwise required for other purposes of the kind permitted by the General Resolution, to finance the Corporation Corporate Purposes pursuant to the Act, any other applicable law and the General Resolution and any applicable Supplemental Resolution, (ii) do all such acts and things as shall be necessary to receive and collect Revenues (including diligent enforcement of the prompt collection of all arrears on Mortgage Loans), (iii) diligently enforce, and take all steps, actions and proceedings reasonably necessary in the judgment of the Corporation to protect its rights with respect to or to maintain any insurance on Mortgage Loans or any subsidy payments in connection with the Projects securing the Mortgage Loans or the occupancy thereof and to enforce all terms, covenants and conditions of the Mortgage Loans, including the collection, custody and prompt application of all Escrow Payments for the purposes for which they were made.

Pursuant to the 2021 Supplemental Resolution, with respect to the 2021 Mortgage Loans, the following additional provisions shall apply:

(1) The Corporation shall take all steps, actions and proceedings necessary, in the judgment of the Corporation, to protect its rights with respect to the Mortgages securing the 2021 Mortgage Loans.

(2) Whenever, in the Corporation's judgment, it shall be necessary in order to protect and enforce the rights of the Corporation under a Mortgage securing a 2021 Mortgage Loan and to protect and enforce the rights and interests of Bondholders, the Corporation may, in its discretion, commence foreclosure proceedings against the Mortgagor in default under the provisions of such Mortgage and/or, in protection and enforcement of its rights under such Mortgage, the Corporation may, in its discretion, acquire and take possession of the Project covered by such Mortgage by bidding for and purchasing such Project at the foreclosure sale thereof, by deed in lieu of foreclosure or otherwise.

(3) Upon acquisition by the Corporation of a Project securing a 2021 Mortgage Loan by foreclosure, deed in lieu of foreclosure or otherwise, and so long as the Corporation shall have title thereto or be in possession thereof, the Corporation shall, as the case may be, operate and administer such Project in the place and stead of the Mortgagor and in the manner required of such Mortgagor by the terms and provisions of the related Mortgage. The Corporation shall pay the Acquired Project Net Operating Income derived from such Acquired Project to the Trustee for deposit into the Revenue Account.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (3) above, upon acquisition by the Corporation of a Project securing a 2021 Mortgage Loan, whether by foreclosure, deed in lieu of foreclosure or otherwise:

(a) The Corporation may at any time thereafter sell such Project to another qualified entity and make a Mortgage Loan with respect thereto as if such entity were the original Mortgagor, provided that (i) the Mortgage securing such Mortgage Loan shall contain the terms, conditions, provisions and limitations substantially similar to the Mortgage of such Project which had previously secured the related 2021 Mortgage Loan, (ii) said new Mortgage Loan shall automatically become subject to the lien of the General Resolution and (iii) the Corporation shall file with the Trustee a Certificate of an Authorized Officer describing said replacement Mortgage Loan and specifying which 2021 Mortgage Loan has been so replaced; or

(b) The Corporation may at any time thereafter sell such Project, provided that the proceeds of such sale shall be treated as a Recovery of Principal.

(5) In addition, and as an alternative to the rights of the Corporation described above, following a default under a 2021 Mortgage Loan, the Corporation may, in its discretion, cause or consent to the sale of a Project securing such 2021 Mortgage Loan to another qualified entity and, in connection with any such sale (a) allow the purchaser to assume the related Mortgage, or (b) make a Mortgage Loan with respect thereto as if such entity were the original Mortgagor, if such sale shall occur after the original Mortgage shall have been discharged, provided, however, that (i) the Mortgage securing such Mortgage Loan shall contain the terms, conditions, provisions and limitations substantially similar to the Mortgage of such Project which had previously secured the related 2021 Mortgage Loan, (ii) said new Mortgage Loan shall automatically become subject to the lien of the General Resolution and (iii) the Corporation shall file with the Trustee a Certificate of an Authorized Officer describing said replacement Mortgage Loan and specifying which 2021 Mortgage Loan has been so replaced.

(6) To the extent permitted by law, any rights of the Corporation set forth in (1) - (5) above may be exercised by a subsidiary of the Corporation established pursuant to Section 654-a of the Act.

(7) In addition, and as a further alternative to the rights of the Corporation described above, following a default under a 2021 Mortgage Loan, the Corporation may, in its discretion (and in the case of the Freddie Mac Enhanced 2021 Mortgage Loan and the Freddie Mac 2021 Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement, shall, to the extent provided in the 2021 Supplemental Resolution) obtain amounts under any letter of credit or other credit enhancement securing such 2021 Mortgage Loan or under any agreement entered into by the Corporation and the provider of such letter of credit or other credit enhancement in connection with the providing of such letter of credit or credit enhancement, in accordance with the terms thereof; provided that if the Corporation obtains funds in an amount equal to the outstanding principal balance of such 2021 Mortgage Loan, plus the lesser of (i) accrued interest thereon or (ii) the maximum amount available with respect to accrued interest thereon, pursuant to any such letter of credit, credit enhancement or other agreement, the Corporation shall immediately assign such 2021 Mortgage Loan to or upon the order of the provider thereof free and clear of the lien of the General Resolution.

Issuance of Additional Obligations

The Corporation shall not hereafter create or permit the creation of or issue any obligations or create any indebtedness which will be secured by a superior charge and lien on the Revenues and assets pledged under or pursuant to the General Resolution for the payment of Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds). In addition, the Corporation shall not hereafter create or permit the creation of or issue any obligations or create any additional indebtedness (other than additional Bonds and except as expressly permitted by the General Resolution with respect to pledges made for the benefit of Credit Facility Providers) which will be secured by an equal charge and lien on the Revenues and assets pledged under or pursuant to the General Resolution. The Corporation expressly reserves the right (i) to issue one or more Series of Subordinate Bonds pursuant to Supplemental Resolutions and (ii) to issue one or more series of bonds, notes or other obligations pursuant to other resolutions which will be secured by a subordinate charge and lien on the Revenues and assets pledged under the General Resolution.

Sale of Mortgage Loans

The Corporation is authorized to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of a Mortgage Loan, in addition to a sale, assignment or disposition required pursuant to the General Resolution or any applicable Supplemental Resolution, provided the proceeds of such sale, assignment or disposition shall be treated as Recoveries of Principal for purposes of the General Resolution and provided, further, that, with respect to any Mortgage Loan not in default, a Cash Flow Statement is filed with the Trustee.

Powers of Amendment

Any modification of or amendment to the provisions of the General Resolution and of the rights and obligations of the Corporation and of the owners of the Bonds may be made by a Supplemental Resolution, with the written consent (given as provided in the General Resolution), (i) of the owners of at least a majority in principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding at the time such consent is given, and (ii) in case less than all of the Bonds then Outstanding are affected by the modification or amendment, of the owners of at least a majority in principal amount of the Bonds so affected and Outstanding at the time such consent is given; provided, however, that in addition to the foregoing and notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, any modification of or amendment to a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds and of the rights and obligations of the Corporation and of the owners of the Bonds of such Series thereunder, in any particular, may, if no Bonds other than the Bonds of such Series are affected by the modification or amendment, be made by a Supplemental Resolution, but only, in the event such Supplemental Resolution shall require the consent of Bond owners, with the written consent given as provided in the General Resolution, (i) of at least a majority in principal amount of the Bonds of such Series Outstanding at the time such consent is given, and (ii) in case less than all of the Bonds of such Series then Outstanding are affected by the modification or amendment, of the owners of at least a majority in principal amount of the Bonds of such Series so affected and Outstanding at the time such consent is given. If any such modification or amendment will not take effect so long as any Bonds of any specified Series and maturity remain Outstanding however, the consent of the owners of such Bonds shall not be required and such Bonds shall not be deemed to be Outstanding for the purpose of any calculation of Outstanding Bonds under this paragraph. No such modification or amendment shall permit a change in the terms of redemption or maturity of the principal of any Outstanding Bond, or of any right or obligation to tender such Bond for purchase, or of any installment of interest thereon or a reduction in the principal amount or the Redemption Price thereof or in the rate of interest thereon without the consent of the owner of such Bond, or shall reduce the percentages or otherwise affect the classes of Bonds the consent of the owners of which is required to effect any such modification or amendment, or shall change or modify any of the rights or obligations of the Trustee without its written assent thereto.

The Corporation may adopt, without the consent of any owners of the Bonds, Supplemental Resolutions to, among other things, provide limitations and restrictions in addition to the limitations and restrictions contained in the General Resolution on the issuance of other evidences of indebtedness; add to the covenants and agreements or limitations and restrictions on, the Corporation's other covenants and agreements or limitations and restrictions which are not contrary to or inconsistent with the General Resolution; surrender any right, power or privilege of the Corporation under the General Resolution, but only if the surrender is not contrary to or inconsistent with the covenants and agreements of the Corporation contained in the General Resolution; confirm any pledge under the General Resolution of the Revenues or of any other revenues or assets; modify any of the provisions of the General Resolution in any respect whatever, but only if (i) there is delivered to the Trustee a Rating Confirmation with respect to such modification, or (ii) such modification by its terms is effective only after all Bonds issued before adoption of the modification are no longer Outstanding; provide for the issuance of Bonds in coupon form payable to bearer; authorize the issuance of a Series of Bonds and prescribe the terms and conditions thereof; cure any ambiguity or correct any defect or inconsistent provision in the General Resolution (provided that the

Trustee shall consent thereto); comply with the Code; pledge under the General Resolution any additional collateral as further security for the Bonds or specific Series of Bonds, including, but not limited to, additional Mortgage Loans or other assets or revenues; appoint a trustee (other than the Trustee) with respect to any Subordinate Bonds; or make any additions, deletions or modifications to the General Resolution which, in the opinion of the Trustee, are not materially adverse to the interests of the Bond owners.

Events of Default

Each of the following events shall constitute an “Event of Default” with respect to the Bonds: (1) payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of or interest on any Bond when and as the same shall become due, whether at maturity or upon call for redemption or otherwise, shall not be made when and as the same shall become due; or (2) the Corporation shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of the General Resolution or shall default in the performance or observance of any of the covenants, agreements or conditions on its part contained therein or in any applicable Supplemental Resolution or the Bonds, and such failure, refusal or default shall continue for a period of forty-five (45) days after written notice thereof by the Trustee or the owners of not less than 5% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds).

Remedies

Upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default specified in clause (1) of the preceding paragraph, the Trustee shall proceed, or upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default specified in clause (2) of the preceding paragraph, the Trustee may proceed and, upon the written request of the owners of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds), shall proceed, in its own name, subject to the provisions of the General Resolution, to protect and enforce the rights of the Bond owners by such of the following remedies, as the Trustee, being advised by counsel, shall deem most effectual to protect and enforce such rights: (1) by mandamus or other suit, action or proceeding at law or in equity, to enforce all rights of the Bond owners, including the right to require the Corporation to receive and collect Revenues adequate to carry out the covenants and agreements as to the Mortgage Loans and to require the Corporation to carry out any other covenants or agreements with such Bond owners, including the assignment of the Mortgage Loans, and to perform its duties under the Act; (2) by bringing suit upon the Bonds; (3) by action or suit in equity, to require the Corporation to account as if it were the trustee of an express trust for the owners of the Bonds; (4) by action or suit in equity to enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the owners of the Bonds; (5) by declaring all Outstanding Bonds due and payable (provided that with respect to an Event of Default specified in clause (2) of the preceding paragraph, no such declaration shall be made without the consent of the owners of 100% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds)), and if all defaults shall be cured, then, with the written consent of the owners of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds), by annulling such declaration and its consequences; or (6) in the event that all Outstanding Bonds are declared due and payable, by selling Mortgage Loans and any Investment Securities securing such Bonds.

In the enforcement of any rights and remedies under the General Resolution, the Trustee shall be entitled to sue for, enforce payment of and receive any and all amounts then or during any default becoming, and at any time remaining, due and unpaid from the Corporation for principal, Redemption Price, interest or otherwise, under any provisions of the General Resolution or a Supplemental Resolution or of the Bonds with interest on overdue payments at the rate of interest specified in such Bonds, together with any and all costs and expenses of collection and of all proceedings thereunder and under such Bonds, without prejudice to any other right or remedy of the Trustee or of the Bond owners, and to recover and enforce a judgment or decree against the Corporation for any portion of such amounts remaining unpaid, with interest, costs

and expenses (including without limitation pre-trial, trial and appellate attorneys' fees), and to collect from any monies available for such purpose, in any manner provided by law, the monies adjudged or decreed to be payable.

Anything in the General Resolution to the contrary notwithstanding, the owners of the majority in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding (other than Subordinate Bonds) shall have the right, by an instrument or concurrent instruments in writing executed and delivered to the Trustee, to direct the method of conducting all remedial proceedings to be taken by the Trustee under the General Resolution, provided that such direction shall not be otherwise than in accordance with law or the provisions of the General Resolution, and that the Trustee shall have the right to decline to follow any such direction which in the opinion of the Trustee would be unjustly prejudicial to Bond owners not parties to such direction.

No owner of any Bond shall have any right to institute any suit, action, mandamus or other proceeding in equity or at law under the General Resolution, or for the protection or enforcement of any right under the General Resolution unless such owner shall have given to the Trustee written notice of the Event of Default or breach of duty on account of which such suit, action or proceeding is to be taken, and unless the owners of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding (other than Subordinate Bonds) shall have made written request of the Trustee after the right to exercise such powers or right of action, as the case may be, shall have occurred, and shall have afforded the Trustee a reasonable opportunity either to proceed to exercise the powers in the General Resolution granted or granted under the law or to institute such action, suit or proceeding in its name and unless, also, there shall have been offered to the Trustee reasonable security and indemnity against the costs, expenses (including legal fees and expenses) and liabilities to be incurred therein or thereby, and the Trustee shall have refused or neglected to comply with such request within a reasonable time. Nothing contained in the General Resolution shall affect or impair the right of any Bond owner to enforce the payment of the principal of and interest on such owner's Bonds, or the obligation of the Corporation to pay the principal of and interest on each Bond issued under the General Resolution to the owner thereof at the time and place in said Bond expressed.

Unless remedied or cured, the Trustee shall give to the Bond owners notice of each Event of Default under the General Resolution known to the Trustee within ninety (90) days after actual knowledge by the Trustee of the occurrence thereof. However, except in the case of default in the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of or interest on any of the Bonds, or in the making of any payment required to be made into the Bond Proceeds Account, the Trustee may withhold such notice if it determines that the withholding of such notice is in the interest of the Bond owners.

Priority of Payments After Default

In the event that upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default the funds held by the Trustee shall be insufficient for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of and interest then due on the Bonds affected, such funds (other than funds held for the payment or redemption of particular Bonds which have theretofore become due at maturity or by call for redemption) and any other amounts received or collected by the Trustee acting pursuant to the Act and the General Resolution, after making provision for the payment of any expenses necessary in the opinion of the Trustee to protect the interest of the owners of such Bonds and for the payment of the charges and expenses and liabilities incurred and advances made by the Trustee in the performance of its duties under the General Resolution, shall be applied as follows:

- (1) Unless the principal of all of such Bonds shall have become or have been declared due and payable:

(a) To the payment to the persons entitled thereto of all installments of interest then due with respect to such Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) and of Qualified Hedge Payments in the order of the maturity of such installments, and, if the amount available shall not be sufficient to pay in full any installment, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts due on such installment, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference,

(b) To the payment to the persons entitled thereto of the unpaid principal or Redemption Price of any such Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) which shall have become due, whether at maturity or by call for redemption, in the order of their due dates and, if the amounts available shall not be sufficient to pay in full all the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) due on any date, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts of principal or Redemption Price, if any, due on such date, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference,

(c) To the payment to the persons entitled thereto of all installments of interest then due with respect to Subordinate Bonds in the order of the maturity of such installments, and, if the amount available shall not be sufficient to pay in full any installment, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts due on such installment, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference,

(d) To the payment to the persons entitled thereto of the unpaid principal or Redemption Price of any Subordinate Bonds which shall have become due, whether at maturity or by call for redemption, in the order of their due dates and, if the amounts available shall not be sufficient to pay in full all the Subordinate Bonds due on any date, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts of principal or Redemption Price, if any, due on such date, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference, and

(e) To the payment of any Subordinate Obligations then due, and, if the amounts available shall not be sufficient to pay in full all such Subordinate Obligations, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts due, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference.

(2) If the principal of all such Bonds shall have become or have been declared due and payable, first to the payment of the principal and interest then due and unpaid upon such Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) and Qualified Hedge Payments without preference or priority among principal, interest and Qualified Hedge Payments, and without preference or priority of any installment of interest or Qualified Hedge Payments over any other installment of interest or Qualified Hedge Payments, or of any such Bond (other than Subordinate Bonds) over any other such Bond (other than Subordinate Bonds), ratably, according to the amounts due respectively for principal and interest, to the persons entitled thereto without any discrimination or preference except as to any difference in the respective rates of interest specified in such Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) or in the Qualified Hedges, and second, to the payment of the principal and interest then due and unpaid upon the Subordinate Bonds without preference or priority of principal over interest or of interest over principal, or of any installment of interest over any other installment of interest, or of any such Subordinate Bond over any other such Subordinate Bond, ratably, according to the amounts due respectively for principal and interest, to the persons entitled thereto without any discrimination or preference except as to any difference in the respective rates of interest specified in such Subordinate Bonds, and third, to the payment of any Subordinate

Obligations when due, ratably, according to the amounts due, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference.

Defeasance

If the Corporation shall pay or cause to be paid to the owners of all Bonds then Outstanding the principal and interest and Redemption Price, if any, to become due thereon, at the times and in the manner stipulated therein and in the General Resolution, then the pledge of any Revenues and other monies, securities, funds and property pledged by the General Resolution and all other rights granted by the General Resolution shall be discharged and satisfied.

Bonds or interest installments for the payment or redemption of which monies shall have been set aside and shall be held in trust by the Trustee (through deposit by the Corporation of funds for such payment or redemption or otherwise) at the maturity or Redemption Date thereof shall be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in the above paragraph. Except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, all Outstanding Bonds of any Series shall, prior to the maturity or Redemption Date thereof, be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in the above paragraph if: (i) in case any of said Bonds are to be redeemed on any date prior to their maturity, the Corporation shall have given to the Trustee in form satisfactory to it irrevocable instructions to give as provided in the General Resolution notice of redemption on said date of such Bonds, (ii) there shall have been set aside and shall be held in trust by the Trustee (through deposit by the Corporation of funds for such payment or redemption or otherwise) either (a) monies in an amount which shall be sufficient, or (b) Government Obligations or (c) obligations (1) validly issued by or on behalf of a state or political subdivision thereof, and (2) fully secured by a first lien on Government Obligations, the principal of and the interest on which when due will provide monies which, together with the monies, if any, deposited with the Trustee at the same time, shall be sufficient to pay when due the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of and interest due and to become due on said Bonds on and prior to the Redemption Date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be, and (iii) in the event said Bonds are not by their terms subject to redemption within the next succeeding sixty (60) days, the Corporation shall have given the Trustee in form satisfactory to it irrevocable instructions to give by mail, as soon as practicable, notice to the owners of such Bonds that the deposit required by this subsection has been made with the Trustee and that said Bonds are deemed to have been paid in accordance with the General Resolution and stating such maturity or Redemption Date upon which monies are to be available for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, on said Bonds. To the extent required for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, of and interest on said Bonds, neither monies deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution nor principal or interest payments on any such Government Obligations or obligations described in clause (c) above and deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution shall be withdrawn or used for any purpose other than, and shall be held in trust for, the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of and interest on said Bonds; provided that any cash received from such principal or interest payments on such Government Obligations or obligations described in clause (c) above and deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution, if not then needed for such purpose, shall, to the extent practicable, be reinvested in obligations described in clauses (b) or (c) above maturing at times and in amounts sufficient to pay when due the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of and interest to become due on said Bonds on and prior to such Redemption Date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be, and, if not required for the payment of such Bonds, any monies deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution and principal and interest payments on the obligations described in clauses (b) or (c) above shall be paid over to the Corporation, as received by the Trustee, free and clear of any trust, lien or pledge. The Trustee may sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of the obligations described in clauses (b) and (c) above deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution; provided that the amounts received upon any such sale, transfer or other disposition, or a portion of such amounts, shall be applied to the purchase of other obligations described in clauses (b) and (c) above,

the principal of and the interest on which when due will provide monies which, together with the monies on deposit with the Trustee, shall be sufficient to pay when due the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, of and interest due and to become due on said Bonds on and prior to the Redemption Date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be, in accordance with the General Resolution.

Amounts held by the Trustee for the payment of principal or Redemption Price of, or interest on, Bonds held by particular Bond owners with respect to which no claim for payment has been made shall be disposed of as provided by applicable law, or if there shall be no such applicable law, shall be returned to the Corporation three years after the date on which payment of such amounts would have been due.

If so provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a Series of Bonds, so long as the Credit Facility Provider with respect to a Credit Facility is not in default of any of its obligations under such Credit Facility, such Credit Facility Provider (i) may be deemed to be the owner of the Bonds of any Series which receives the benefits of such Credit Facility at all times for the purpose of the execution and delivery of a Supplemental Resolution or any amendment, change or modification to the General Resolution and (ii) may initiate any action which may be initiated by Bondowners under the General Resolution to be undertaken by the Trustee at the Bondowner's request which under the General Resolution requires the written approval or consent of or can be initiated by the owners of Bonds of the applicable Series at the time Outstanding; provided, however, that no such amendment, change, modification or action shall permit a change in the terms of redemption or maturity of principal or of any installment of interest thereon, or a change in the terms of any right or obligation to tender such Bond for purchase, or a reduction in the principal amount or the Redemption Price thereof or in the rate of interest thereon, without the consent of the actual owner of such Bond, or shall reduce the percentages of Bonds, the consent of the owner of which is required to effect such amendment, change or modification or initiate such action, without the consent of the actual owner of such Bonds.

APPENDIX C

**AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE CORPORATION FOR FISCAL YEAR
ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2020**

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APPENDIX D

PROPOSED FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION

Upon delivery of the 2021 Bonds, Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Bond Counsel to the Corporation, proposes to deliver its approving opinion in substantially the following form:

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING
DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
110 William Street
New York, New York 10038

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as bond counsel to the New York City Housing Development Corporation (the “Corporation”), a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation, organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, in connection with the issuance of \$_____ aggregate principal amount of New York City Housing Development Corporation Housing Impact Bonds, 2021 Series A (the “Bonds”), issued pursuant to the New York City Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law, constituting Chapter 44-B of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York, as amended (the “Act”), the Housing Impact Bonds Bond Resolution, adopted by the Corporation on November 26, 2019 (the “General Resolution”) and the Fifth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Housing Impact Bonds, 2021 Series A, adopted by the Corporation on November 30, 2021 (the “2021 Series A Resolution”; the General Resolution and the 2021 Series A Resolution being collectively referred to as the “Resolution”). The Resolution provides that the Bonds are issued for the stated purpose of financing the 2021 Mortgage Loans. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Resolution.

In such connection, we have reviewed the Resolution, the Tax Regulatory Certificate of the Corporation, dated the date hereof (the “Tax Certificate”), opinions of counsel to the Corporation, U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (the “Trustee”), and the Mortgagor with respect to the 2021 Mortgage Loans (the “Mortgagor”), certificates of the Corporation, the Trustee, the Mortgagor and others, and such other documents, opinions and matters to the extent we deemed necessary to render the opinions set forth herein.

The opinions expressed herein are based on an analysis of existing laws, regulations, rulings and court decisions and cover certain matters not directly addressed by such authorities. Such opinions may be affected by actions taken or omitted or events occurring after original delivery of the Bonds on the date hereof. We have not undertaken to determine, or to inform any person, whether any such actions are taken or omitted or events do occur or any other matters come to our attention after original delivery of the Bonds on the date hereof. Accordingly, this letter speaks only as of its date and is not intended to, and may not, be relied upon or otherwise used in connection with any such actions, events or matters. Our engagement with respect to the Bonds has concluded with their issuance, and we disclaim any obligation to update this letter. We have assumed the genuineness of all documents and signatures presented to us (whether as originals or as copies) and the due and legal execution and delivery thereof by, and validity against, any parties other than the Corporation. We have assumed, without undertaking to verify, the accuracy of the factual matters represented, warranted or certified in the documents and of the legal conclusions contained in the opinions, referred to in the second paragraph hereof. Furthermore, we have assumed compliance with all covenants and agreements contained in the Resolution and the Tax Certificate, including (without limitation) covenants and agreements compliance with which is necessary to assure that future actions,

omissions or events will not cause interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes. We call attention to the fact that the rights and obligations under the Bonds, the Resolution and the Tax Certificate and their enforceability may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership, reorganization, arrangement, fraudulent conveyance, moratorium and other laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights, to the application of equitable principles, to the exercise of judicial discretion in appropriate cases and to the limitations on legal remedies against public benefit corporations of the State of New York. We express no opinion with respect to any indemnification, contribution, liquidated damages, penalty (including any remedy deemed to constitute or having the effect of a penalty), right of set-off, arbitration, choice of law, choice of forum, choice of venue, non-exclusivity of remedies, waiver or severability provisions contained in the foregoing documents, nor do we express any opinion with respect to the state or quality of title to or interest in any of the real or personal property described in or as subject to the lien of the Resolution or the accuracy or sufficiency of the description contained therein of, or the remedies available to enforce liens on, any such property. Our services did not include financial or other non-legal advice. Finally, we undertake no responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the Official Statement or other offering material relating to the Bonds and express no view or opinion with respect thereto herein.

Based on and subject to the foregoing, and in reliance thereon, as of the date hereof, we are of the following opinions:

1. The Bonds constitute the valid and binding special revenue obligations of the Corporation.
2. The Resolution creates a valid pledge, to secure the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds, of the Revenues and any other amounts held by the Trustee in any fund or account established pursuant to the Resolution, except the Rebate Fund, subject to the provisions of the Resolution permitting the application thereof for the purposes and on the terms and conditions set forth in the Resolution.
3. The Bonds are payable only from the funds and accounts established under the Resolution, except the Rebate Fund. The Bonds are not a debt of either the State of New York or of The City of New York and neither the State of New York nor The City of New York is liable thereon.
4. Interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"), except that no opinion is expressed as to such exclusion of interest on any Bond for any period during which such Bond is held by a person who, within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code, is a "substantial user" of the facilities financed with the proceeds of the Bonds or a "related person." Interest on the Bonds is not a specific preference item for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax.
5. Interest on the Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York).

We express no opinion regarding other tax consequences related to the ownership or disposition of, or the amount, accrual or receipt of interest on, the Bonds.

Very truly yours,

APPENDIX E

BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM

The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the 2021 Bonds. The 2021 Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC’s partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered 2021 Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the 2021 Bonds, totaling in the aggregate the principal amount of the 2021 Bonds, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a “banking organization” within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a “clearing corporation” within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a “clearing agency” registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues and money market instruments from over 100 countries that DTC’s participants (“Direct Participants”) deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions, in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants’ accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation (“DTCC”). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly (“Indirect Participants,” and together with Direct Participants, “Participants”). The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Purchases of the 2021 Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the 2021 Bonds on DTC’s records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each 2021 Bond (“Beneficial Owner”) is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants’ records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase; Beneficial Owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the 2021 Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the 2021 Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the 2021 Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all 2021 Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC’s partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of the 2021 Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the 2021 Bonds; DTC’s records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such 2021 Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of a maturity and CUSIP number of the 2021 Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such maturity and CUSIP number of the 2021 Bonds to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the 2021 Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Corporation as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the 2021 Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest payments on the 2021 Bonds will be made to Cede & Co. or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts, upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Corporation or the Trustee, on the payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Underwriters, the Trustee, or the Corporation, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Corporation or the Trustee, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

The requirement for physical delivery of the 2021 Bonds in connection with a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the applicable 2021 Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records and followed by a book-entry credit of applicable tendered 2021 Bonds to the Tender Agent's DTC account.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the 2021 Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Corporation or the Trustee. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, 2021 Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered. The Corporation may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, the applicable 2021 Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information herein concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the Corporation and the Underwriters believe to be reliable, but neither the Corporation nor the Underwriters take any responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

Each person for whom a Participant acquires an interest in the 2021 Bonds, as nominee, may desire to make arrangements with such Participant to receive a credit balance in the records of such Participant, and may desire to make arrangements with such Participant to have all notices of redemption or other communications to DTC, which may affect such persons, to be forwarded in writing by such Participant and to have notification made of all interest payments. NEITHER THE CORPORATION, THE

UNDERWRITERS NOR THE TRUSTEE WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO SUCH PARTICIPANTS OR THE PERSONS FOR WHOM THEY ACT AS NOMINEES WITH RESPECT TO THE 2021 BONDS.

So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the 2021 Bonds, as nominee for DTC, references in the Official Statement to Bondholders or registered owners of the 2021 Bonds (other than under the heading "TAX MATTERS") shall mean Cede & Co., as aforesaid, and shall not mean the Beneficial Owners of the 2021 Bonds.

When reference is made to any action which is required or permitted to be taken by the Beneficial Owners, such reference shall only relate to those permitted to act (by statute, regulation or otherwise) on behalf of such Beneficial Owners for such purposes. When notices are given, they shall be sent by the Trustee to DTC only.

For every transfer and exchange of 2021 Bonds, the Beneficial Owner may be charged a sum sufficient to cover any tax, fee or other governmental charge that may be imposed in relation thereto.

The Corporation, in its sole discretion and without the consent of any other person, may terminate the services of DTC with respect to the 2021 Bonds if the Corporation determines that (i) DTC is unable to discharge its responsibilities with respect to the 2021 Bonds, or (ii) a continuation of the requirement that all of the Bonds Outstanding be registered in the registration books kept by the Trustee in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC, is not in the best interests of the Beneficial Owners. In the event that no substitute securities depository is found by the Corporation or restricted registration is no longer in effect, the applicable 2021 Bond certificates will be delivered as described in the Resolutions.

NONE OF THE CORPORATION, THE UNDERWRITERS NOR THE TRUSTEE WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO DIRECT PARTICIPANTS, TO INDIRECT PARTICIPANTS, OR TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WITH RESPECT TO (I) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC, ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT, OR ANY INDIRECT PARTICIPANT; (II) ANY NOTICE THAT IS PERMITTED OR REQUIRED TO BE GIVEN TO THE OWNERS OF THE 2021 BONDS UNDER THE RESOLUTIONS; (III) THE SELECTION BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY PERSON TO RECEIVE PAYMENT IN THE EVENT OF A PARTIAL REDEMPTION OF THE 2021 BONDS; (IV) THE PAYMENT BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY AMOUNT WITH RESPECT TO THE PRINCIPAL OR REDEMPTION PREMIUM, IF ANY, OR INTEREST DUE WITH RESPECT TO THE 2021 BONDS; (V) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY DTC AS THE OWNER OF THE 2021 BONDS; OR (VI) ANY OTHER MATTER.

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